Morning Oregonian.

PORTLAND, OREGON: TUESDAY APRIL 10, 1883. NO. 7151.

PHENIX PARK MURDER TRIAL.

The Dublin Grand Jury Return a True Bill Against Brady—The Trial to Begin To-day.

DUBLIN, April 9.—The courthouse where the trial of the Phenix Park assassins is to take place was besieged this morning by crowds eager to gain admission. The authorities, however, only admitted the jurors called in the case and 50 reporters, and they were let in the building at a very early hour.

Judge O'Brien, who is hearing the case, took his seat on the bench at 11:15 o'clock, when the work of swearing in the grand jury was proceeded with.

The prisoners—Brady, Kelley, Delaney, Caffry, Curley and Fitz Harris—were brought to the courthouse at [illegible] o'clock, and were escorted by a whole troop of dragoons.

The counsel and solicitors for the prisoners, who appeared for them at the examination at the Kilmainham courthouse, were present.

THE JUDGE'S CHARGE TO THE GRAND JURY.

DUBLIN, April 9.—To-day Judge O'Brien informed the grand jury that the case of the state [illegible] on Juror Field would not be called until after the ordinary business of the commission was disposed of. Addressing the special jurors he spoke of the importance and gravity of the Phenix park murders case. He pointed to the existence of organized secret societies, held together for the purpose of committing murder. Members of such societies were actually guilty of taking the lives of fellow-beings, and those guilty of assisting and encouraging them were clearly guilty of murder, the latter equally with the former, and all members were guilty of that specific crime. If the jury believed the evidence the crown would produce, it was then their duty to bring in a true bill against the persons accused. He dwelt on the object of the crime which had, as if by magic, brought a dark cloud over a bright and favorable prospect that it seemed was about to open for Ireland. The judge informed the jury that the crown would allege that the murder of Lord Frederick Cavendish was not a part of the original design of the Phenix park assassins, and that he was a victim on account of being at the time in company with Burke. The crown would claim, however, that all persons present at the time of the murder were responsible for killing Lord Frederick and were therefore accessories. The lives taken on the 6th of May last were sacred and dear to the people. He had not, for his part, the least misgiving that the jury would not be found faithful in the discharge of their onerous duty. Brady was in the dock, and wore as careless and defiant a demeanor as at the hearing.

The grand jury then retired. It is selected from a special panel, drawn from residents of both the city and county of Dublin, and there were very few claims for exemption from service.

The grand jury soon returned with a true bill against Joe Brady, charging him with the murder of Lord Frederick Cavendish and Burke.

Brady was arraigned at the bar and pleaded not guilty.

Applications were then made for the postponement of the bill, as preparations were not complete.

Counsel for the crown opposed longer postponement than till to-morrow.

McKune, Brady's solicitor, said that A. M. Sullivan would act for Brady if time was allowed him to get ready.

Judge O'Brien said the trial must proceed to-morrow. If Sullivan was not ready to take it in hand he (Judge O'Brien) would appoint some one to act for Brady.

The case was further considered, the result being that the trial of Brady was set for to-morrow. Dr. Webb Adams was assigned by the court to defend the prisoner.

Curley, Kelley, Thomas Caffrey and Fitz Harris were next arraigned separately and pleaded not guilty. All were held for trial.

PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES FOR A [illegible].

LONDON, April 9.—A dispatch from Dublin says: Joe Brady, Timothy Kelley, Patrick Delaney, Thos. Caffrey, Daniel Curley and Fitz Harris (known as [illegible]), the men charged with the Phenix park murders and other crimes, who are to be placed on trial to-day, are to be conveyed from Kilmainham prison to the Green street court house at 8 o'clock this morning under a strong escort of policemen. The government feels rather afraid that friends of the prisoners will try to rescue them, and special measures are taken to insure the safety of the court building. Suspicious-looking men, who resemble Americans, have been seen in Phenix park and other parts of Dublin within the last few days. Detectives are watching their movements closely.

RUSHING THE BILL THROUGH.

LONDON, April 9.—The bill to amend the law in regard to explosives was introduced in the commons this afternoon by Sir William Harcourt, and read the first time. It was taken up in a committee and passed through the commons without being altered. Its progress was then reported, amid cheers, and the bill passed the third reading. The government is surprised at the prompt action taken on the bill, as they expected it would be considered longer in the committee.

GALLAGHER IDENTIFIED.

LONDON, April 9.—The landlady at the hotel where the four men were arrested identified Gallagher as the man who called at her house and inquired about rooms for Norman.

THIRTY MORE DETECTIVES.

LIVERPOOL, April 9.—Thirty additional detectives have been appointed on extra duty here. The fire brigade is notified to be in readiness for any emergency which may arise.

The Press Exaggerates the Excitement.

NEW YORK, April 9.—[Special.]—The *Mail and Express* has the following private cable dispatch received from London: The press, no doubt, exaggerates the excitement of the dynamite business. No alarm is individually felt, but the public's fears are recognized so far that the government will undoubtedly pass an act increasing the penalties against such offenders. At the police court where the four prisoners were examined the public exhibited little interest, and there was but a small attendance.

WASHINGTON.

Lincoln's Tomb.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—[Special.]—There is a mystery surrounding the tomb of Abraham Lincoln. Several years ago an attempt was made by grave robbers to steal the body. Elmer Washburn was chief of the secret service at the time. He put men on guard for three weeks, and one dark night, by the aid of a bull's-eye lantern, the thieves were caught in the very act of violating the grave. The attempt made a great sensation. The grave is not now guarded so far as any human eyes can see, yet it is reported that Secretary Lincoln said the other day that it is absolutely certain that the remains of his father could never be stolen, for after the first attempt sure means of protection were provided. The secret of this security is only known to three people. It cannot be anything in the way of elaborate workmanship, for in a village like Springfield any prolonged or difficult work in a cemetery would certainly attract attention. Neither would any heavy masonry work be put in by three men. A secret explosive might become impaired in time, and would endanger the tomb and the remains in case of an accident. When the friends of the late General Garfield think a guard over his tomb has been maintained long enough Col. Rockwell will be intrusted with the protection of the tomb of Abraham Lincoln. The Lincoln guard of honor at Springfield announces that memorial services will be held April 15. It is expected that the Sunday schools of the city will unite in the ceremonies, at the conclusion of which the catacombs will be opened for children to pass in and place flowers or evergreens on the sarcophagus.

Sherman's Trip to the Coast.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—General Sherman, when in June he starts upon his last tour as commander of the army, will not take ladies with him, as he has almost invariably done hitherto, for the proposed trip will be altogether too rough a one for ladies. Sometimes the party will travel on horses, sometimes on mules and sometimes in rough road wagons. Chief Justice Waite, Justice Gray and General Tidball and Col. Bacon of the general's staff, will be of the party. They will go first to Detroit and thence through northern portions of all the territories, including the outposts in Alaska. Returning they will visit California and Yellowstone park. They will not start until after Sherman has attended to the graduating exercises at West Point.

Our Army has Deserted

WASHINGTON, April 9.—[Special.]—It is learned from private letters received here that there were 22 deserters last pay day from the second cavalry and fifth infantry in Montana, and that double that number are expected in May, when the weather is warmer and snow is not on the ground to leave a trail. Such desertions, it is said, are not exceptions, but the rule. These desertions are said to be the result of a careless acceptance of worthless characters by recruiting officers.

RAILWAY RUMBLINGS.

THE PANAMA RAILWAY.

NEW YORK, April 9.—[Special.]—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Panama railway was held to-day and the following directors elected: J. G. McCullough, R. W. Thompson, Jesse Seligman, I. P. Fabbri, Theodore J. Desable, D. O. Mills, Charles G. Franklyn, Jos. Ogden, Wm. B. Densmore, Thos. Maddock, Geo. Garr, E. F. Winslow. The annual report shows that the operations of the company increased in freight and passenger traffic in 1882 about 25 per cent. The outlook for the present year is encouraging. The gross earnings of 1882 from all sources amount to $204,344,660; gross expenses, $107,181,051; leaving a profit of $[illegible]. New locomotives, cars, etc., have been purchased at a cost of $10,273,497. The treasurer's statement shows the assets of the company to be $[illegible], and the liabilities $81,394,252.

POLITICAL.

SLIM CHANCES FOR BUTLER.

BOSTON, April 9.—[Special.]—The *Herald* publishes interviews with prominent democrats in the middle, western and southern states concerning Butler's prospects for obtaining the next democratic nomination for president. The replies indicate that he will be repudiated by democratic leaders in all sections.

In our schools a little girl, who [illegible] her papa because he married her mother, and was asked by the teacher if she believed in hero worship, answered: "No, but I do believe in Saint worship, because Saint Jacobs Oil saved my little brother's life when he was sick with sore throat, and it cured mamma's neuralgia."

THE PACIFIC COAST.

Hundreds of Immigrants Pouring Into the Northwest.

THE COST OF THE CENTRAL PACIFIC ROAD.

A Tippling Woman Burned to Death—Triumphant Mormonism—The Work of the Redskins.

CALIFORNIA.

The Flow of Immigration to the Northwest.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 9.—[Special.]—The immigration boom to the northwest is in its height. Despite the liberal offers made by land agents here, but few immigrants arriving by way of the Central and Southern Pacific railroad are intending to settle permanently in this state. It is a noticeable fact that over three-fourths of them shortly after their arrival here find their way to Oregon and Washington territory. As a rule they come provided with through tickets and the favorite way of obtaining information about the country is to send an advance agent, whose duty is to report upon the most important features of the country and its adaptability to their purposes. Under the management of H. Widdick of Colorado, a company of 250 immigrants, all practical German farmers, was organized and left Denver 14 days ago en route to Washington territory. They leave to-morrow morning on the sound steamer and propose to settle in Snohomish, near the river of that name, where also they propose to establish the nucleus of a thriving town. Some Canadians leave by the same steamer for Yale, under contract with the Canadian Pacific. In addition to the above, a large number of immigrants will start for Seattle and eastern Oregon during the latter portion of next week.

What It Cost to Build the Central Pacific.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 9.—Charles Crocker, president of the Southern Pacific railroad, and vice president of the Central Pacific railroad, testified to-day before the board of railroad commissioners that the total cost of building the Central Pacific, on a gold basis, did not exceed $63,000,000. He stated that the figures of $178,000,000 furnished by Mr. Towne, general manager, included the value of the stock. Replying to a question that the estimate made by Theodore Judah, late chief engineer, put the cost of the road across the Sierras to the California state line at $[illegible], he said that the difference was owing to the fact that Judah's estimate was made before the war, whereas the line was constructed after the war; that Judah could not have formed any correct estimate, as he did not believe he had ever been over the ground where he made the estimate. Crocker denied having, with his partners, contracted for the construction of all the road, but when some contractors failed he took the contracts off their hands. "At that time," he added, "the projectors of the road were much discouraged, and would at one time have willingly sold out. In reply to a question if any offers were ever made to sell out, he said: "No; not exactly. There was an effort to get other capital interested. That was why the contract and finance company came to be formed. There was nobody fool enough then to buy us out. I would many times have willingly sold out for a clean shirt." Crocker and Chief Engineer Gray will appear before the board Thursday next for further examination.

Immigrants Detained in San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 9.—[Special.]—Later information in regard to the movements of the German colony about to leave for Washington territory is to the effect that they were unable to obtain passage on the steamship Elder, which sails for the sound to-morrow. It appears that they purchased their tickets from the Union Pacific railroad at through rates, the agent representing that there would be no difficulty in making close connections. On their arrival in this city they were informed that accommodations could not be had, as all available space had been previously taken. Some of their number are exceedingly bitter over the matter, saying they could not afford to spend their limited means in hotel bills. It is given out on reliable authority that these and similar complaints have reached Villard, who is represented as being rather "hot" in connection therewith, and that he has begun a searching investigation into the matter. He also stated that much of the blame attached to the Union Pacific railroad company.

Daring Escape from the City Jail.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 9.—[Special.]—A daring and evidently long planned escape from the city prison was made early this forenoon by the prisoners confined in the hospital. The steward observed an unusual restlessness among the patients, and finding them walking about instead of being in bed, notified the officers on guard. But little attention was paid to the matter until about two hours later, when it was reported that the men were trying to escape. William DeFord, a convict, is missing and Edward N. Foster, who shot Police Officer Duncan, was surprised as he was about to leave. All outside stations were notified, and DeFord was captured shortly afterward. He had made his escape by forcing a lock on the door.

Debris Decision.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 9.—In the debris case against the North Bloomfield mining company in the United States circuit court, Judge Sawyer over-ruled the demurrer, and in a long decision held that the great damage alleged was multifarious, and that the defendants severally and jointly co-operated and precipitated tailings into streams long before the waters reach the valleys. He also held that any one of the parties interested had a right to maintain an action without injury to the other parties therein.

Wheat Decrease—Flour Increase.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 9.—Receipts of wheat at this port from July 1st to date, shows a falling off of three and a half million centals, compared with the corresponding period last year. The figures are: July 1, 1881, to April 8, 1882, 17,800,000 centals; July 1, 1882, to April 7, 1883, 14,000,000. Flour receipts show an increase in the same period of 330,000 quarter sacks.

Telegraphic Personals.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 9.—[Special.]—General J. W. Sprague and Captain J. C. Ainsworth, who have been on a visit east with their families, have returned, much improved in health. General Sprague leaves for Portland the latter part of the month.

Otis Sprague and wife are at Paso de Robles springs.

Jacob Kamm remains at the Palace another week, previous to his return to Portland.

Four Persons Drowned.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 9.—The steamer Los Angeles, from southern ports, arrived this forenoon and brings news of two light house keepers, E. W. Colhoun and B. A. Ashley, and two visitors being drowned at Point Ano Nuevo station, off San Mateo county.

Planing Mill Destroyed.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 9.—The large planing mill of Peter Brugsteller, in Grass valley, was totally destroyed this forenoon. The fire, with great difficulty, was confined to the mill. The loss will reach $11,000; no insurance.

Villard Leaves for Portland Thursday.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 9.—Villard sails for Portland on the Queen of the Pacific Thursday. He has passed most of his time with ex-Governor Perkins and others of the Pacific Coast Steamship Company.

San Francisco's Poverty.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 9.—The board of supervisors to-night are going to consider the issue of $250,000 city bonds to meet the present financial deficit in the city treasury.

Death of an ex-Auditor.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 9.—Henry Brickwedel, ex-auditor of this city, died this morning after a brief illness; 59 years old.

UTAH.

Mormonism Triumphant.

SALT LAKE, April 9.—A summary of the conference harangues yesterday is printed to-night and the *News* is filled with congratulations at the interference of providence to prevent further anti-polygamy legislation. President Smith said the people never before were so prosperous and numerous despite the opposition of the wicked in the press, pulpit and congress. President Taylor said the settlements were 1500 miles in circumference and were extending. Apostle Thatcher said that more than half the representatives who put aside principle and the rights of this people to satisfy popular clamor were not re-elected. God was in the political wave that swept the country. Even democrats could not account for the turning of the tide in their favor. The usual number of missionaries were called and the old authorities of the church re-elected. Financial statistical reports were not made, the president saying that it gave too much information to outsiders. Mormons are unusually triumphant and Gentiles correspondingly oppressed, but hope for a good influx of Gentiles over the new railroad.

Poisoned by Indians.

SALT LAKE, April 9.—The *Deseret News* reports a new weapon of Indian warfare. The Indians at Kanab poisoned a man named Phelps by putting strychnine in his food.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

A Woman Burned to Death.

VICTORIA, April 9.—[Special.]—A fire at one o'clock this morning destroyed the suburban residence of A. P. Hawes, a railway engineer in the employ of the railway contractors on the mainland, occupied by his wife. After the flames were extinguished the body of Mrs. Hawes was found in the ruins. It is feared she went to bed intoxicated and the fire resulted from accidental causes.

Plenty of Work.

VICTORIA, B. C., April 9.—Five steamers filled with passengers have arrived here the past week. So far the immigrants here had no difficulty in finding employment.

Molony as Handy Andy to-morrow evening.

[illegible] DR. WILLIAM HALL'S BALSAM FOR THE LUNGS, and may be safely relied on as a speedy and positive cure for coughs, colds, sore throat, etc. Sold by all druggists.

The stars in a grand bill Wednesday evening at New Market.

FOREIGN FLASHES.

ENGLAND.

THE PROPOSED EXPLOSIVE LAW.

LONDON, April 9.—The government bill to be introduced in the commons by Harcourt, relative to explosives, provides that the maximum penalty for causing an explosion by which life or property is imperiled shall be life-long servitude; an attempt to cause an explosion, or the making or keeping of explosives with intent to cause an explosion, is made punishable by imprisonment for 20 years, and the unlawful making or keeping of explosives under suspicious circumstances is punishable by 14 years' imprisonment. All accessories to such crimes are to be treated as principals. A provision is made in the bill for ordering official inquiries into crimes specified, for the arrest of absconding witnesses, and for searching for explosives. Penalties are inflicted irrespective of damage done by explosives.

HARCOURT'S SPEECH.

LONDON, April 9.—Harcourt's bill also empowers the master of any vessel to break open any package to search for explosives. The act applies both to explosives proper and to material for making them, or to any machine or part thereof connected with them. The bill is not retroactive. Harcourt, in introducing the bill said the nature of the danger it sought to guard against was well known. We have to deal with an organized plan against all the interests of society, and with men who announce plans for wholesale murder and who ought to be treated as belonging to no nation. Harcourt further explained that the measure will be a permanent one. He was convinced that the danger was very imminent, but he would not ask the house to go further to-night with the bill than the committee stage. The speech was heartily cheered, especially by the tory members. Assheton Cross said the opposition was willing to assent to the bill in order that all British subjects at home and abroad would know that the law was no longer defiable with impunity. He denied that there had been further arrests of dynamitists.

LONDON NOTES.

LONDON, April 9.—It was rumored at the Bow street police court to-day that four arrests had been made in connection with the recent dynamite disclosures.

The *Pall Mall Gazette* says there are six prisoners now confined in the Bow street station, who were concerned in the dynamite conspiracy. Charges probably will be preferred against them to-day.

In the case of Clarke vs. Bradlaugh, Lord High Chancellor Selborne declared that Clarke, as a common informer, was unable to sue Bradlaugh for sitting and voting in the house of commons without taking the oath of allegiance. Judgment against Bradlaugh, therefore, was reversed with costs. Justice Blackburn was the only dissenter from the judgment.

AMERICAN HORSES IN ENGLAND.

LONDON, April 9.—Betting against Lorillard's Iroquois for the city and suburban handicap is 25 to 1. Keene's Foxhall is not quoted. Massasoit, Comanche, Winnebago, Wenonah, Touch-Me-Not and Siddartha, the three-year-olds Lorillard entered for Craven stake on the 12th inst., were scratched.

THE BILL PASSES BOTH HOUSES.

LONDON, April 9.—The Harcourt bill finally passed the commons to-day, and was immediately sent to the lords, where it was adopted without delay. The royal assent will be received by telegraph to-morrow and the act will become a law to-morrow.

AMBURG REMANDED.

LONDON, April 9.—Amburg, who was arrested yesterday near Waterloo bridge, London, was arraigned at the Bow street police court to-day charged with being an accomplice in the conspiracy with Norman, Gallagher, Wilson and Dalton, already apprehended. He was remanded until Thursday.

DAVITT DENOUNCES DYNAMITE.

LONDON, April 9.—A letter from Michael Davitt is published to-day, in which he further expresses his opposition to the dynamite policy on the part of Irishmen. He declares that such policy is insane, idiotic and criminal.

SUICIDE OF GLADSTONE'S COUSIN.

LIVERPOOL, April 9.—Hugh Gladstone, partner in the firm of M. Gladstone & Sons of this city, committed suicide by taking strychnine. Deceased was a cousin of Prime Minister Gladstone.

IRELAND.

POINTS FROM DUBLIN.

DUBLIN, April 9.—The authorities have information that there are in the city 3000 fenians who have no connection with the inner circle.

A farmer named Harte, in the [illegible] district, concerned in the murder conspiracy for which eight young men were arrested Friday, was captured while attempting to go to America. The arrests are believed to be for the murder of Justice Herbert, at Castle Island.

KILLED IN A DRUNKEN QUARREL.

CORK, April 9.—Deasy, drowned Sunday evening, as supposed for his political tenets, was killed in a drunken quarrel.

ITALY.

AMERICAN YOUNG LADIES CONFIRMED.

ROME, April 9.—Bishop Herzog of the old Catholic church yesterday confirmed six young ladies of the American Episcopal church. He came from Berne, Switzerland, especially for the purpose. This was the first instance of a Catholic bishop having visited Rome in an official capacity. He was delegated by American ecclesiastical authorities to officiate, as there were no English or American bishops in Italy. Many prominent citizens of the United States were present at the impressive ceremonies, including the American minister.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE.

GENEVA, April 9.—A fire which promises to assume extensive proportions has broken out at Boome, near this city. Twenty houses already are destroyed.

FRANCE.

THE DYNAMITE WAR IN FRANCE.

PARIS, April 9.—The house of a mining engineer at Montceau mines was damaged Saturday by an explosion of a dynamite cartridge placed near the building. The forest between Montceau mines and Lecreusot was set fire last night.

ARIZONA.

The Bloodthirsty Apaches.

TUCSON, April 9.—[Special.]—The people of Arizona are much disappointed at the inaction of the general government, and have almost lost all hope of protection by the army. Several independent companies of miners and prospectors have been organized in Pima and Cochise counties, backed by money subscribed by wealthy people of Tucson, mining corporations of Tombstone and large cattle owners. A party of Papago Indians were surprised just across the line in Sonora last week by a band of Apaches who killed a small Papago girl by pulling her arms and legs in twain, and captured some squaws of the Papagoes. There is much excitement over the occurrence. They number about 300, and it is more than likely they will go on the warpath to the Sierra Madre mountains in Mexico, and if they do they will bring home the scalps of Juh's entire band. They are to have a war dance here to-morrow night, and more than likely they will take the field immediately thereafter.

General Crook and Topete Confer.

TUCSON, April 9.—General Crook and party left for Mexico Sunday, to meet General Topete, commanding the Mexican forces. They will return in a few days. A conference will be held between the two officers as to the best method of reaching the renegade Apaches. In a telegram, Agent Wilcox denies sending any dispatch charging the murdered white men with being depredators.

Murdering and Pillaging.

TOMBSTONE, April 9.—George Beveridge reports from Sonora that the Bacanuchi valley has been laid waste by Apaches from Bacanuchi clear to the Manzanal mountains. They are broken up in small bands ranging from five to 30, and are constantly roaming about the country seeking opportunities to massacre and plunder.

Wilcox's Denial.

TOMBSTONE, April 9.—A dispatch was received to-day by A. H. [illegible] from Indian Agent Wilcox, denying having sent a dispatch forward by Commissioner Price to Edward Everett Hale, and read in a Boston meeting.

MINING NEWS.

Jacksonville Times.

Welch & Co. have suspended operations at Blackwell for the present and their mill lies idle.

Chappel & Co.'s mines at Star gulch and the Palmer creek diggings are being worked a few hours each day.

Considerable prospecting is still going on in the Blackwell district and some rich pockets have been struck.

The late rains have afforded the miners of Josephine county considerable water and they are making the most of it.

The storms last week tore out some of Bybee & Co.'s fluming near Waldo, but damages were soon repaired and piping resumed.

Gin Lin of Chinatown made a cleanup a few days ago, which resulted favorably. He is said to have taken out a few thousand dollars.

TELEGRAPHIC SPARKS.

Castillo and Rodriguez and forty other Cuban exiles, will be released next Monday.

The queen is making favorable progress toward recovery. She took a drive as usual yesterday.

A public meeting at which the Ainsworth Kootenai bill was denounced, was held at Victoria last night.

The Firmenich grape sugar works of Buffalo closed yesterday. Three hundred and fifty hands were thrown out of employment.

"*Your Skin Cure is superexcellent. It is fast curing my daughter's ring worm, which had spread all over her body.*"—Mrs. E. L. D. Merriam, Blue Hill, Mass. Druggists keep it, $1 per package.

[illegible]

Redding's Russia salve [illegible] chapped hands, frost bites, etc. Try it.

"Buchu-Paiba." Quick, complete cure, all annoying Kidney and Urinary Diseases. $1

THE PROPOSED PACKET LINE.

What Leading Chinese Firms Say of the Scheme to Establish a New Line of Steamers.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 9.—[Special.]—Private advices received by a Chinese mercantile house in this city state that considerable talk is going on at home in connection with the project to establish a line of packets from the principal Chinese ports to British Columbia, and which will be so operated as to insure direct cargoes to and from those ports. It is not improbable that the line would eventually be made subsidiary to the steamship line which the firm of Howard & Co. of Hongkong propose to establish, and in the event of their scheme being abandoned the packet line would be continued on joint account between

SEVERAL PROMINENT FIRMS

in both Hongkong and Yokohama. It is learned from another source that certain houses in China, through intermediary agencies in this city, are anxious to secure contracts for furnishing laborers to the Canadian Pacific railroad, but that the business is already in the hands of large San Francisco contractors and agents of the Ling Yuen company. Should any of these contracts be obtained, it is proposed to carry them at low rates to Victoria, in addition to freight intended for Honolulu and the northwest. No apprehension is manifested as to the probability of obtaining return cargoes, as it is the intention of this venture to ship lumber in Washington territory, destined for either Honolulu or China, and to such other outside points as may be deemed profitable. It is also stated that when the scheme was first broached, the various firms interested in the matter

EXPRESSED THEIR WILLINGNESS

To enter into a combination, particularly as to the trade between Honolulu and British Columbia, their attention being primarily given to the export of articles controlled and imports handled largely by them. In conversation with a gentleman who recently arrived from China, where he has been doing business upward of ten years, he said that within the past few years most Chinese merchants had fully considered the importance of taking active part in shipping matters and though he had been given to understand that they would content themselves with shipping facilities existing at present, he entertained no doubt that if the above scheme was not carried out in a comparatively short time something of that kind would soon be inaugurated. An opposition line of vessels for uses of their trade has been frequently discussed.

THE PRIZE RING

MITCHELL WANTS TO FIGHT SULLIVAN.

NEW YORK, April 9.—[Special.]—Charley Mitchell, the English pugilist, speaking of Sullivan's offer to knock him out in four rounds with gloves for $5000, said: "The fact that Sullivan wants to bet so much money goes to show that he does not mean business. After I had won the championship I offered to fight any man in England for from £50 to £500 because I intended business. If I had no intention of fighting I should have offered to fight any man in England for from £5000 to £10,000, knowing no pugilist could raise that amount. I cannot accept Sullivan's offer because the stakes are too large. He agreed to box Tug Wilson for $1000, and that is enough. If the champion means business why does he not box me for that amount. I am not particular about engaging in any glove contest with Sullivan, preferring to meet him with bare knuckles according to the rules of the London prize ring. In six or eight weeks from signing articles I think I should have a better chance to win. If Sullivan or any one else is ready to meet me all they have to do is to deposit $500 for a fight with Harry Hill. The money will be covered and there will be no trouble about arranging a match."

NOTABLE DEAD.

AN ENGLISH POET AND DRAMATIST.

NEW YORK, April 9.—[Special.]—Alex. Allan, the English poet and dramatist, friend of Halleck and Chas. Dickens, died recently in Brooklyn, aged 72.

A RETIRED JUDGE.

CHICAGO, April 9.—A private telegram announces the death of Judge Chas. B. Lawrence at Decatur, Ill., this morning. He was nine years a member of the Illinois supreme bench, and the latter portion of the term was chief justice. He retired in 1873.

AN ANN ARBOR AUTHOR.

ANN ARBOR, April 9.—Rev. B. F. Cocker, author of numerous works in moral science, of Ann Arbor university, died last evening of nervous prostration.

HUMBUGGED AGAIN.

I saw so much said about the merits of Hop Bitters and my wife, who was always doctoring, and never well, teased me so urgently to get her some, I concluded to be humbugged again; and I am glad I did, for in less than two months' use of the Bitters my wife was cured, and she has remained so for eighteen months since. I like such humbugging.—H. T., St. Paul.—Pioneer Press.

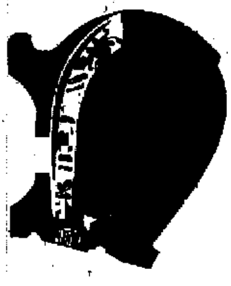
Established 1857.

[illegible]

Furniture,

Carpets,

Wall Paper.



BEST ASSORTMENT,

CHOICEST DESIGNS,

LOWEST PRICES.

Factory at Willsburg.

Warerooms, No. 166 First, extending through 200 feet to 167 Front St., Portland, Or.

G. SHINDLER & CO.

CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE.

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PILES. THIS distressing complaint is very apt to be complicated with constipation. Kidney-Wort strengthens the weakened parts and quickly cures all kinds of Piles even when physicians and medicines have before failed. If you have either of these troubles

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BRAIN AND NERVE FOOD.

VITALIZED PHOSPHITES.

It restores the energy lost by nervousness or indigestion; refreshes the nerves tired by worry, excitement or excessive brain fatigue; strengthens a failing memory, and gives renewed vigor in all diseases of nervous exhaustion or debility. It is the only *Preventive* of consumption. It gives vitality to the insufficient bodily or mental growth of children. Composed of the Nerve-giving principles of the Ox Brain and Wheat Germ. Physicians have prescribed 600,000 packages. By druggists, or by mail, $1. F. CROSBY CO., [illegible] Avenue, N. Y.

An Avalanche OF [illegible].

Having received from eastern manufacturers a Surplus Amount of Clothing, I shall, in order to reduce my stock offer to buyers, the choicest, most reliable and stylish Men's, Youths', Boys' and Children's Clothing ever offered for sale in Oregon, at prices that will please the most economical mind. My stock comprises all the Novelties for Men's, Youths' and Boys' wear. Being especially selected for good trade an inspection of my stock will satisfy the most fastidious.

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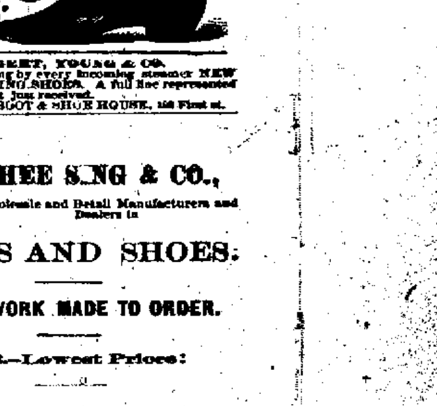

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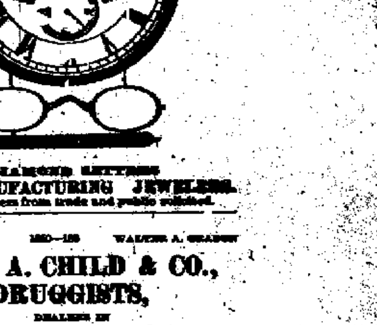

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M. BENO & CO., Successors to Hacheney & Beno,

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Pataha Farina, Whittaker Hams, Swiss, Cream and Limburger Cheese, Crosse & Blackwell's Pickles, Thurber's Orange and Dundee Marmalade, Hazen's Maple Syrup, new Eastern Buckwheat Flour, and the largest stock in town of Fancy and Staple Groceries always on hand.

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In every town in Oregon and Washington Territory. Address F. L. TILLSTON, 98 Morrison St., Portland.

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TERRAMORSE, [illegible] & [illegible]. Office and Sample Room: No. 92 N. First, cor. Flanders, Portland, Or. We manufacture every description of Oil Clothing.

The Daily Oregonian

TUESDAY MORNING APRIL 10 1883

[illegible] at Portland, Or., as second class matter

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Daily per week, delivered Sunday excepted

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AT THE EAST.

How Things Looked to Rev. T. L. Eliot of Unitarian Church.

Last Sunday evening Rev. T. L. Eliot, pastor of the Church of Our Father, took for his text "How Things Look at the East," and spoke as follows:

Returning from what now seems a brief visit and survey of many parts of our beloved land, I am led to ask myself what I have brought back that will be of permanent value in my own thought and impulses, and through these of value to the public [illegible] of our work as citizens of [illegible] race for this new and great expanse of territory where we live and are to make history. Without more introduction let me divide the survey into east, west and south upon successive Sunday evenings and direct your present attention to the east proper, as it is called from the standpoint of the country's center. And I begin with the impression that deepens upon the mind at every turn, by every rushing train one journeys in, of the vastness, the complexity, the material greatness of America, taking special form in the far east as a commercial and industrial genius. It is friends, an expansion of the early germs planted in its first half century so incredible, so like a fairy tale that I feel absolutely incapable of bringing it home to the comprehension by any figure of speech or mere piling of statistics. We are used to be cited to the far west for types of such magnificent growths as have turned San Francisco from a Mexican hide depot to a modern Tyre or Sidon, but such examples after all come far short of typifying the expansion and broad continental development of country towns and cities which the Atlantic northeast seaboard represents. In Philadelphia for example, a city covering 144 square miles there is one section called Kensington,—mainly an out-put of life since the war, I am told, devoted in chief part to work in cotton and wools, and containing as workers 200,000 souls, a population equal to Oregon, and equal to one-tenth of America, when the declaration of independence was signed, and this is the city where Benjamin Franklin's prudent mother-in-law that was to be, hesitated to bestow her daughter upon a man who was going to set up a printing shop, because she thought a *single one* was all the American colonies could support. Think of that fraternity of type setters and steam pressmen as you spread a sea of lead and printer's ink upon whole square miles of paper daily for twenty million perusers! That prudent housewife struck her flint and tinder over dried moss for her hearth fire, and now the land has an income of millions monthly from matches alone and more printed paper lights fires, probably daily, than America could then have gathered out of all the libraries of every home! But this is only one of a hundred such comparisons that might be made, equally like a story of enchantment, and equally taxing our utmost imagination to grasp. In this same great metropolis I visited a store or business, engaging twenty five hundred clerks, a number probably equal to the force employed commercially in our whole city. At its center or counting room, moneys and accounts were conveyed by pneumatic tubes and the sound as they dropped was like a hailstorm. In the Western Union telegraph building of New York, nine stories high, is a similar wonder of aggregated life, a city by itself with hundreds of workers, and with a stream going and coming at its doors like bees. In a Connecticut town I was taken through endless corridors and rooms of connected buildings with 1500 artisans, a manufacture of Britannia and silverware that sends away its products by carloads, and almost shiploads each week. And the departments of government at Washington repeat the experience I am trying to describe, almost making one giddy with the immense complexity of human activity and organization. Now, it is worth much for the individual man to pass through and get the impress of this

VAST AGGREGATED LIFE OF HIS RACE.

Reading or hearing about these things is like looking at a mere elevation of a building, without shade or perspective. But as we move through the varied scenes, survey the palaces of industry, meet the great streams of laborers, witness turn after turn in the kaleidoscope of commercial greatness, a sense of proportion is given us. The millions assume concrete existence. We have units of measure and standards of comparison with which to assist the imagination.

A manufacturer of pressed brick told me that the capacity of his yards was 300,000 bricks a week, but these figures conveyed only a surface impression upon my mind. The next day he pointed me out a great building, a sugar refinery, eleven stories in height, covering over an acre of ground and towering above the rest of the city, almost as Cologne cathedral does over the Rhine plains. "There are four and a half million bricks in it," he said, "and we put them out of our yards in six weeks." That gave me a direct visible sight of the capacity of his works, of what before was only a fact symbolized by figures. And it is much in the same way that the consciousness is filled with the national greatness of America, when one passes through its wide expanses and enters its thronging centers of life. That same refinery is building with an amount of money to be expended so large that I am afraid to try to name it, in order that new appliances and facilities of manufacture may be introduced, and sugars cost ⅛ a cent a pound less in refining. On such margins great industries rise and fall, giving us another token of the vastness of a business whose profits are such fragments of the whole. In all probability the capacity of that refinery is such that a week's turn out would glut a market like ours for months. Therefore I repeat, there is brought back from every such survey of our country a consciousness, a realizing sense of its greatness, a feeling of proportion and perspective such as saves us from being too much surprised when we meet intelligent people who know nothing about this northwest, because in fact as yet vast as is our territory we make comparatively no impression by population, exports and imports against the background of an immense life of millions with their wants and supplies.

A new country like ours is in danger of illustrating one of the fables of Æsop: "A fly lighted on a cart wheel and as it turned round and round said, see what a dust I am making."

But there is a moral for us of this new land in the sight and consciousness of the greatness and complexity of life at the east. Nothing so vast or powerful there, whether for good or evil, but that once it existed as *germ*. Nothing would be more illogical than for a man to return from the spectacle of the great things of the east and despise

THE DAY OF BEGINNINGS

which is here on every side. Nothing is surer than that the type of the future is being set in many a trivial circumstance. Nothing more certain than that every seed carries its kind and multiplies by an impulse incalculable when we attempt to follow the diversity of its soils and skies. What could lend more significance to the character of business down here and the standard of production than the thought that we are acting not for the present merely, but setting a secret, deeply inwoven pattern for a civilization that is to be, with a hundred for one to country, hamlet and town. It is a trite lesson this of the multiplying life power in germs, but it is the lesson that every one who really loves this new country should be most willing to hear over and over again. It cannot be repeated too often or turned about in too many shapes. Even on the material plane, and in matters of material growth there are things the doing or undoing of which now or very soon will define vast areas of wisdom or folly. And here friends I find place for an ever renewed conviction and emphasis in the matter of *individual* qualities and an individual standard of incorruptible unswerving painstaking fidelity and of an honor which shrinks from the least hair's breadth of compromise with wrong. It explains for me the secret meaning of the story of Abraham's intercession for Sodom with the answer, "I will not destroy the city if *ten* righteous men are in it." When I see how the early lives lived out with directness and truth in any growing community stamp the vigor of their own directness and truth into the unorganized mass. When I see how and manly, honest and the brave word, example [illegible] works down a whole mass of [illegible] or shades off a community from a [illegible] nation [illegible] putting through men's conscience [illegible] which rallies to the trumpet of right [illegible] justice of human brotherhood [illegible] the [illegible] of life [illegible] and most [illegible] would [illegible] [illegible] may think [illegible] beautiful [illegible] forth speaking the truth in [illegible] the things that pertain to the kingdom of God. The kingdom of God and the [illegible] [illegible] that helps on [illegible] will and peace among men.

I have seen a great picture in which a composer has fallen asleep over his organ keys, and a vision of a mighty chorus—wave on wave of melodious [illegible] and singers like angels [illegible] reached out before his dreaming mind, with [illegible] of himself as [illegible] [illegible] And I remember how Handel once said [illegible] referring to his "Messiah" [illegible] he writing of it: "I did feel as if all heaven and the great God was before me." So the [illegible] of this [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] acquire a divinity which is beyond the present [illegible] a befitted [illegible] acquire majority beyond all [illegible] of shame.

[illegible] [illegible] young men, some of them now beginning to have an active hold of life work in this community and I wonder whether any one is taking up into his thought the dignity of the place he occupies or he perceives even dimly the possibilities, up for ever the least talent if only the heart time table is truly set, if only a few homely century old principles are become bone and flesh of their thinking and doing, if only a rooted conviction of fidelity and responsibility to an Almighty God is under their toil and desire. For any such who hear me tonight in I believe there are such I would most earnestly implore the sunshine and rain of all most [illegible] [illegible] the surrounding of a [illegible] heaven only wise to nourish that virtue and loyalty to principles in the face of all that will push so hard against them from the tides of will [illegible] in order to break the roots [illegible] purpose away. For such young men and I may truly add young women in their sphere equally inspired or tempted may there be a daily may hourly vision before their eyes of the honorable trust which is held out to them in the coming greatness of the land, which needs men and women whose power and place are always subordinate to purposes worthy an immortal nature whose plan of life is to be co-workers with the divine order in things least and things great in homes, stores, factories, on the street, in the public councils, in the sanctuary—everywhere.

And this I say all the more earnestly because in line with what follows another leading impression I bring back with me from the survey of our older nation's life. I have found most minor experiences and observation merging into one, namely, the increasing absorption of our best national life into

MONEY MAKING FOR ITS OWN SAKE

And [illegible] soul-destroying luxury. The vast material development of our land, never more accelerated than in the last five years means thousands of homes thrust up in by riches men and women actually bowed down with their fortunes and more bewildered with the spending of them. And hence has come luxury, with its whole meaning of evil—its prides and discomfitures, its sycophants and slaves, its tyrannies, surfeits and contagions. It is said that men, blasé with what Europe can do in this direction, are astonished and disgusted with the extravagances and vulgarities which our great cities put out as a fungus on their prosperity. I cite no details—you may find them if you like the literature of it in nearly every news correspondent. Apart from the vulgarity of such luxury and expenditure it has well been noted that it is a standing menace to all our institutions, being as it is at once a result and a cause of social injustice and oppression—a result since it is for this that men strive when they put aside all scruples for the sake of riches, and a cause of injustice in that luxury sacrifices the poor—and first drinking, afterward poisons the wells. Such is the method of social selfishness and ambition. I felt its atmosphere deeply in some homes that I last saw unblighted. I felt it most painfully in the young even to children who seemed to have the touch of Midas upon them. I felt its sordid breath even in churches and ministers. I felt it inflaming literature and art, and tainting schools and courts. And I felt also against it the hotter breath of the great masses, that we sometimes designate as dangerous. Believe me, dangerous only and never except because of the social wrongs which luxury typifies. A recent writer has well said: "We have no dangerous class except the selfish, unjust rich." It is they who put dynamite and riots under the social fabric, they who threaten to destroy the government every time they suborn the press and legislature, it is they who are dangerous, when by the abuse of power they depress and swell stocks, share nothing with labor in times of check, evade the taxes and grind the poor's face in so doing; and do all this that they may blindly turn to a beastly race of who can spend most and be most envied. Friends we cannot guard our ourselves too closely against this cancerous disease. It is the form of death that nations most speedily die under. It is that form of selfishness which most quickly rots the human heart. Luxury growing by what it feeds on threatens us as a national vice. It threatens every home of what are called successful men. Nothing can forestall it but the limitation of responsibility which God writes in very letters of fire upon the face of history, and in the waking thoughts of any man's conscience.

You ask: Is there not another aspect—a counter current to the materialism and luxury of eastern cities? Is nothing or comparatively nothing to be seen there as antidote for such evil? And I hasten to reply: Certainly there is, or our country could not last through a single decade. Thousands of loyal hearts and homes are alive to these dangers, and hundreds of the rich themselves feel the responsibility growing out of immense accumulations on the one hand, the conditions of labor and poverty on the other. Not so rapid and bewildering have been the changes that moral checks and legislative adjustment have not kept pace. The influences of religion, and morality also, do not bear upon the lives of men with proportionate authority and attraction to the increased material power they have suddenly acquired. This then constitutes the alarm cry which should be sounded unfalteringly in our ears, however unwelcome it is, however rudely it disturbs our plans and standards, and however sharply it confronts our boasted growth. This it is which bids every pulpit in the land if it would prove its right to speak for Christ declare without disguise the folly and shame of money worship, and the subtle dangers in a community where the pursuit of gain absorbs the whole attention of citizens. Most solemnly should it be proclaimed that material growth is a snare and delusion if it finds a community less and less careful and jealous concerning the administration of justice and making of laws, and so engrossed with business that none hears or obeys the call of the oppressed, the stranger and the poor. Is not this, my friends, a danger freshly at our own doors, to be felt all the more keenly as the ranks of those who still cherish such responsibility are thinned by death?

And may I close referring you to one whom the whole continent honors to-day, whose life in New York City, may well symbolize for us the call of heaven in every city, for unselfish consecration of time and means to humanity. I refer to Peter Cooper, who died last week, and who living did more perhaps to reconcile rich and poor than a hundred gilded pulpits since he made it a life work to serve the needy, help the struggling, uplift the ignorant and intercede for the oppressed. His Cooper Union is the [illegible] monument New York possesses, and the [illegible] of helpfulness extended to educate artisans and instruct the people is more powerful to keep the peace than a regiment of soldiers since it does something to fill the breach between the classes of society which is created by luxury and pride. In view of such a life one feels that the possession of wealth honestly acquired is any injury to society. Rather since the laws of accumulation will go on, and the diligent stand before kings, is that possession a vast benefit to society if men can only conceive of their fortunes as a life trust for wise and generous uses. May our city have an increasing number of those who discover themselves and their possessions to be mortal, while God's uses are immortal and who therefore subordinate wealth and the desire for power to the service of their fellowmen.

Dr Benson's Celery and Chamomile Pills are worth their weight in gold in nervous and sick headache.—Dr H H Schlichter of Baltimore.

ASTORIA.

THE SECOND CITY OF OREGON

Its Progress and Prospects—An Interesting Letter from an Oregonian Correspondent.

Portland is not the only city in Oregon that show progress. Astoria [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] still improving [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] and improvement [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] things in all the signs of progress in [illegible] [illegible] New [illegible] are [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Portland [illegible] port [illegible] the streets [illegible] city [illegible] cannery [illegible] The Odd Fellows building [illegible] nearly completed [illegible] [illegible] 80 by 100 feet. It has the largest store on the street front with a sewer for [illegible] and [illegible] a number of suits of offices [illegible] on the second [illegible] hall [illegible] and property [illegible] the [illegible] It is the first brick building in the city but it will be followed immediately by three or four more for which contracts are already [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] improvements [illegible] [illegible] building [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] building a fine [illegible] that the only way to [illegible] sure of getting lumber now is to deposit the twenty dollars with mill owners and wait for it to be cut out afterward.

Business in all lines is apparently prosperous. The lumber men, the owners of machine shops, the makers of boats and manufacturers of all kinds with whom I have talked declare that they have more orders than they can possibly fill, and daily turn away work.

Yet all is not to be [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] willing [illegible] the prophecy of their own present prosperity. It is rapidly accumulating capital and [illegible] which [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Portland's commercial [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Portland [illegible] the trade of the country [illegible] they are [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] already. Their mills supply the lumber and their workshops supply much of the machinery for the canneries along the Columbia river and along the coast. One manufacturer exhibited a telegraphic order for machinery from a Sacramento river cannery. A few years ago the little bunch of buildings standing upon spiles at the edge of the bay looked a most ridiculous in pretending to the name of city. Now the hills which rose abruptly behind the one or two streets on bridges are fast coming down to fill the lower land. The city has extended up and down the water front till three miles or more of it is occupied with wharves, warehouses, mills and canning establishments.

The latter are the basis of the city's prosperity. The salmon canning business, which centers here, was started some 10 years ago by capital from Portland, California and the east and for several years the whole profit of the industry went to other places. Astoria received comparatively little benefit from the money paid out for actual labor in the canneries as much of it was performed by Chinamen and the fishermen came here for the season and when it was over took the proceeds of their labor to their homes in other places. Notwithstanding this Astoria has from a village of a score or so of houses to a city of 2800 or 3000 people. Six years ago some of the fishermen who had homes in Astoria undertook the canning business on their own account, formed a stock company and with their own capital [illegible] [illegible] necessary buildings. The venture proved a success and an [illegible] operation the following season [illegible] followed by more [illegible] next year and this [illegible] others till there [illegible] now twelve canning establishments at or near the city controlled [illegible] Astoria capital. The town made great progress while the bulk of the profit of its great industry went to enrich other cities. Now its people are in position to take and keep fully one-half of this profit at home the city has doubled in population and is still increasing in a proportionate ratio. Six of these canneries is owned [illegible] by men who [illegible] their own nets and boats. No business can be more safe, and from present indications the bulk of the business may even [illegible] fall into their hands. The canneries controlled by foreign capital must furnish boats and nets to such fishermen as they can get to work on shares. The nets are expensive and must be renewed for every season at a large cash outlay. A scarcity of fishermen or of fish and high prices will make their capital unproductive and cripple their business. The [illegible] companies made up as they are of men who can prepare their own nets during the close season and who have the same real profit in the aggregate whether the fish are high or low in price for a season, and the further advantage of caring for and protecting their own property have an advantage which more capital can [illegible] [illegible]. There is however another field for enterprise and capital which is much greater than the salmon run of the Columbia, to which those now interested in the latter may turn with great advantage, namely, the sea fisheries of the coast. Cod, halibut and mackerel may be taken and cured for market in vast quantities and the most natural outcome of the gradual falling off in the quantity of salmon and increase in the number of fishing establishments will be the extension of the business to the deep sea. Nor could anything more desirable happen. It would probably prove immediately profitable and at the same time would give the Columbia river towns a maritime power and imbue them with a spirit of enterprise which would lead to achievements vastly beyond our conception.

The season for fishing opened on the first of the month but as yet little fishing has been done. New nets, new boats and fresh paint is seen everywhere. The bustle and activity of preparation is visible at all the canneries, but very few salmon are in sight. The few that have been caught are exceedingly fine. Fishermen were paid 90 cents for the first few days and then the price jumped to $1 per fish. Cannerymen told me that if the price held through the season it meant bankruptcy and it doubtless does to all but those who catch as well as can their fish.

Preparations have been made to put several hundred more boats on the river this season than ever before, but the men do not seem to be here to run them. It is said no season has opened with so few fishermen on the ground as this.

"There has been a wonderful stretching out in length and width of nets since my last trip among the canneries three or four years ago. Then the nets were about 1000 feet in length and 15 in width. Eighteen hundred feet is now about the average and I have seen some [illegible] this year at least 2400 feet long. A fisherman whose information is reliable estimated that over 500 miles of net of an average of 25 feet in width has been prepared for fishing at the mouth of the Columbia this season, enough to make two hundred lines across the river. How a single salmon can escape to reach her spawning bed above is a wonder.

Aside from the fishing [illegible] Astoria is becoming the commercial town for a large area of rapidly developing country around the coast bays and along the river. Several small steamboats are running in [illegible], which bring produce from the smaller towns and the farms, carrying away supplies and machinery. The Ilwaco Steam Navigation Company have two steamers which make regular trips along the coast as far north as Gray's harbor and occasional trips as far south as Coos bay.

The country adjacent to the river and around the bays is putting out large quantities of logs and timber. To supply the various logging camps is a large trade to Astoria. The [illegible] [illegible] to [illegible] during the summer months [illegible] [illegible] in its resources. That it is the center of far greater prosperity than heretofore is very apparent. The work of supplying it with water and lighting it with gas is already well under way by separate companies. A national bank and [illegible] perhaps two is ready to open this spring. I. W. Case, who has kept of his firm the banking business for the city almost alone, his capital and will occupy with his bank the corner room in the ground floor of the new Odd Fellows building in a few days. It will be handsomely furnished and in nothing [illegible] equipped with [illegible]. The hotels are crowded with guests and everything about the city has a [illegible] polite air. The Occident [illegible] one of the best public houses in the state is to be enlarged to accommodate the growing demands upon it.

A railroad to connect this city with Portland and the interior of the state is one of the events of the near future and when that is accomplished though Portland becomes the New York of the north Pacific Astoria will be its Baltimore.

[illegible]

FOR PROHIBITION.

East Portland April 6

To the Editor of the Oregonian:

In your issue of Wednesday last is an article from the pen of H., of Albany, in advocacy of the prohibition of the traffic in and manufacture of intoxicating drinks and an [illegible] to it. Will you permit me to occupy a small space in your paper in the discussion of the same subject? and first let me say that [illegible] I would be [illegible] to the people of Oregon [illegible] [illegible] greater than this to consider. Consideration of the vast number of persons engaged in the trade, the immense amount of money invested in it, the number of those who patronize [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] charged upon it by its opponents, this with the fact that a constitutional prohibition of the manufacture and [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] the party [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] rarely equaled. Hence I [illegible] it a full fair and complete discussion of the subject in all its bearings is imperatively demanded and will be accorded by all who have the real welfare of the state at heart.

I think the first inquiry to be made is this: Is the manufacture or sale of intoxicating drinks [illegible] to the people of the state? Or [illegible] [illegible] is the man [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] drink [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]?

If the trade in liquor is not injurious to any one, if it is a legitimate business, it seems to me to be [illegible] wrong to cripple it by unusual taxation. We banish the manufacturer of soap and powder from the centers of population because the manufacture of those articles is dangerous or unpleasant. In short we do with them just what is needed to secure ourselves against injury from them. And so of many other things we restrain them to the extent that gives security, but we have not the right to go farther than this. Unless it can be shown that an article is injurious we have not the right to prevent its production or to tax it unduly. If an article of prime necessity and [illegible] attended with much danger [illegible] we [illegible] as best we are the good and avoid the danger as far as possible. If an article or habit is bad and only bad we restrain it as far as human law can do so. Of this last I will mention opium smoking.

In your answer to H., you say "The liquor trade is acknowledged to be dangerous." If so does it injure any one? If so it needs restraint to an extent that will secure the public from injury. How can that best be done? You say by high license. H. says by prohibition.

The effect of high license will be to authorize and legalize the sale to an extent equal to the demand under the added condition. True you relieve the business of some of its *deformity* by the destruction of some of the lowest dives, but you make it no *better*. You make it only the more attractive to the unwary. Young men or boys seldom go at once from respectability to the low dive. The appetite must be formed and the moral character corrupted in something more respectable before they will take the step. To tax the liquor trade for purposes of revenue is, to my mind, revolting. Shall we sell the lives and honor of our sons and daughters for money? For the sake of money we permit the establishment of a trade that is certain to destroy a large per cent of them? It does not help the matter in the least that we do not know *which* are to be lost. We do know that about so many are to be lost. And if we could select and consign them to ruin we should be no more culpable if we did so than as it is. It is blood money. The blood of the best and brightest in the land, the blood of our dearest, sold for filthy lucre.

Will it [illegible] a success as a remedial measure? If the business is legitimate if it is right in itself we have no right to tax it; if it is not we have no right to tamper with it. As I said before high license will legalize the trade to the full extent of the demand under the added condition. Suppose the dealer pays a license of $125 per quarter, the effect will be to drive a few of the lowest order of houses out of the trade leaving quite enough to supply every possible demand. The ordinary house will not be changed in the least for the better. The temptation presented to our sons will not be less than before.

It is said that prohibition will not prohibit. What crime is entirely prevented by law? I know of none. At any rate there are many crimes that are not prevented by law. But admitting for argument that the law prohibiting the liquor trade may not be as well enforced as some others shall we not make the effort to stem the torrent of ruin sweeping over the land? Let us at least try to do some good. W.

East Portland April 6, 1883

PROPOSALS OF MARRIAGE

How Some Novelists Treat the Matter of Popping the Question.

Nancy, Miss Broughton's heroine, tells her middle aged wooer among other things that she accepts him because "I did think it would be a nice thing for the boys, but I like you myself besides." After this ardent confession he "kissed her with a sort of diffidence." Many men would have preferred to go out and kick the boys.

Mr Rochester's proposal to Jane Eyre should be read in the works both of Bret Harte and of Miss Bronte. We own that we prefer Bret Harte's Mr Rawcester, who wearily ran the poker through his hair and wiped his feet on the dress of his beloved. Even in the original authority Mr Rochester conducted himself rather like a wild beast. "He ground his teeth." He seemed to devour Miss Eyre with his "flaming glance." Miss Eyre behaved with sense: "I retired to the door." Proposals of this desperate and homicidal character are probably rare in real life, or at least out of lunatic asylums. To be sure Mr Rochester's house was a kind of lunatic asylum, in which he kept Mrs Rochester, unfortunately insane. Adam Bede's proposal to Dinah was a very thoughtful earnest proposal. John Inglesant himself could not have been less like that victorious rascal Tom Jones. Colonel Jack on the other hand "used no great ceremony." But Colonel Jack like the woman of Samaria in the Scotch minister's sermon, "had enjoyed a large and rich matrimonial experience," and won straight to the point, being married the very day of his successful wooing. Some one in a story of Wilkie Collins asks the fatal question at a croquet party. "At least it is not," as Nimrod said long ago, "the pace is too good to inquire into matters of the affections." In Sir Walter Scott's golden prime or rather in the forty-five as Sir Walter understood it [illegible] were in no hurry and could select elegant expressions. Thus did Flora reply to Waverly: "I can but explain to you which can [illegible] the feelings which I now entertain, how they might be altered by a train of circumstances too favorable perhaps to be hoped for, I were in vain even to conjecture, only be assured Mr Waverly that after my brother's honor and happiness there is none which I shall more sincerely pray for than yours." This love is indeed what Sydney Smith heard the Scotch lady call "love in the abstract." Mr Kingsley's Tom Thurnall somehow proposed, was accepted and was converted all at once—a more complex croto-theological performance was never heard of before. Many of Mr Abell's thirty five cases are selected from novelists of no great mark. It would have been instructive to examine only the treatment of the great masters of romance. But after all this is of little consequence. All day long and every day novelists are teaching the "Art of Love" and playing the Ovid to the time. Thackeray says that in writing these passages he used to blush till you would think he was going into an apoplexy. But what are novels without love? Mere waste paper only fit to be returned to pulp and rescued to whiteness and new uses on which [illegible] [illegible] lessons may be written.—*London Daily News*

A Southern Democratic View of the Tariff Question

From the Charleston News and Courier, Dem.]

Those who counsel the democratic party to straddle the fence on the tariff issue are doing nothing for the party or for the country. They are but only [illegible] care of themselves. The best chance that the democrats have to win in 1884 is by fighting the battle squarely on the [illegible] old fashioned democratic platform of "A tariff for revenue only." It may possibly lose them thousands of votes in protectionist Pennsylvania and New England dominated by the tariff [illegible] but [illegible] the [illegible] they will gain hundreds of thousands of adherents among the farmers all over the country. And the [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] thus and that, after all, the question of success or failure in 1884 is a secondary consideration. The Democratic party can afford to be beaten; it cannot afford to stultify itself; it cannot afford to abandon its traditions and its principles; it cannot afford to betray the cause of the people. Sink or swim, it is bound by every consideration of honor, of consistency and even of expediency to enter the struggle of 1884 pledged to give the country relief from the monstrous burden of tariff taxation which thanks to republican legislation is every day robbing the many to enrich the few.

AFTERNOON DISPATCHES.

The Dynamite Conspiracy

LONDON, April [illegible] —Tracy Gould, an American lawyer, applied at the Bow street police court for permission to see [illegible] [illegible]. The magistrate on duty referred [illegible] to [illegible] [illegible] Gallagher [illegible] in custody as [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Mill Back [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] a letter [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] large [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Cork from [illegible]. Two large jars [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Glasgow [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] a field [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] London. They are [illegible] [illegible] by a [illegible] [illegible] a telegram [illegible] [illegible]. This is the sixth consignment within six months from the same firm to [illegible]. The former consignments were [illegible] [illegible] Birmingham [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Sewall [illegible] extraordinary caution [illegible] seventy or eighty per [illegible] [illegible] dynamite conspiracy. [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] particular is among those recently arrested [illegible] [illegible] nearly all [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] in London. [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] the dynamite outrages [illegible] [illegible] Health [illegible] received a [illegible] warning from O'Donovan Rossa to be careful [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] New York [illegible] arrested [illegible] [illegible] arrived from New York a few nights ago. The police have been watching [illegible] Letters were found on Gallagher and [illegible] who will probably be transferred [illegible] to the witness box. [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Gallagher had [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] The documents discovered at [illegible] and forwarded to Sir W. [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

STEAMSHIPS SEARCHED

LONDON, April [illegible] —All steamers arriving at London from Cork are being searched for explosives but thus far none have been discovered.

Suffocated by Gas

OSKALOOSA, Iowa, April [illegible] —Mrs. Nancy Braden just returned from a California journey, was suffocated in her room at the hotel by gas escaping from a burner. She had turned it off but at the tap and no call [illegible] turned partly on again. She was quite dead when discovered.

Russian Subjects in Paris

PARIS, April 9.—The police are keeping a close watch over a number of Russian refugees here who are suspected of complicity with the alleged plot to take the life of the czar at the time of the coronation. It is reported that a number of French detectives will proceed to Moscow at that time to assist the Russian police in watching suspected persons.

New Orleans' Danger

ST LOUIS, April 9.—Private dispatches from New Orleans say that the city is liable to be inundated if any of the front levees give way. The river now is on a level with the crown of the levee along the city front. The crevasse at Bonnet Carre [illegible] on the right bank of the river directly opposite New Orleans, will be closed by this evening.

A Murderer Beheaded

BERLIN, April 9.—Conrad, the murderer of his wife and four children, whose sentence was death and which the Emperor refused to commute was beheaded in the courtyard of the prison here this morning. Forty three persons witnessed the execution. Conrad protested innocence to the end.

Carey Corroborated.

DUBLIN, April 9.—Evidence obtained corroborating statements of Carey the informer, that Tynan and No. 1 are identical and upon other points connected with the Phoenix Park murderers.

The Uncrowned Czar.

ST PETERSBURG, April 9.—The coronation of the czar will probably be postponed. The police believe that unless liberal reforms are granted Nihilists are determined to prevent the ceremony.

POLICE COURT.

From yesterday's Evening Telegram

The cl[illegible] were disposed of yesterday by Judge Moreland, there being only 12 poor, besotted individuals who had been picked up by the police, too drunk to walk. All were from the Front and their united sum compares with those who appeared before his honor one week ago, was as two to [illegible]. "Only [illegible] had been able to furnish the requisite bail of $5, and this was declared forfeited, none of them putting in an appearance. The other [illegible] poverty stricken wretches were locked up for [illegible] days each.

John Dixon who stole a trunk from the Northern [illegible] yesterday morning and hid it under the sidewalk on Second street, where it was found by Detective Hudson, was arraigned and his examination set for 10 o'clock on Wednesday. Judge Page appears as counsel for Dixon. The latter's capture was a piece of good detective work on the part of Officer Hudson, who after discovering the trunk, concealed himself where he could watch it, and after dark he was rewarded for his vigilance by catching Dixon in the act of rifling the trunk. Samuel H. [illegible] is the owner of the stolen property and has fully identified it.

James Carney who was arrested last Saturday, charged with stealing $30 worth of ladies wearing apparel from the trunk of Mrs. Sarah E. McEvoy, at the [illegible] house, the particulars of which were published in the Telegram of that date, waived an examination and was sent to the county jail.

Mrs Connolly, arrested for an assault on Mary Kerrigan, was fined $5.

The case of the State vs [illegible] B. Riggen, charged with an assault upon C. P. Ferry, was by common consent put over until next Thursday at 2 o'clock. Hon Richard Williams appears in behalf of the defendant Riggen.

The examination of the men arrested on the charge of running and participating in gambling games in this city, a full account of which appears in another column, was postponed until to-morrow.

Sam [illegible], charged with the larceny of an earring, pleaded not guilty, and his trial was set for 2 o'clock Wednesday afternoon.

PRESS PITH.

Rev Dr [illegible] of New York is pitching into American women for not having larger families. It is palpable that Dr Dix doesn't live next a family that includes even one good active boy.—*Boston Post*

Gen Sherman kisses every girl to whom he is introduced and it is noticeable that the prettier the girl is the harder it is for him to remember her, and he sometimes has to be introduced to the same girl a dozen times.—*Detroit Free Press*

Mr Julian Hawthorne is regarded by the New York *Times* as the most interesting American story writer, and by the *London Saturday Review* as the worst. This shows how easy it is for two parties to disagree and both be wrong.—*Boston Globe*

It is now declared there is no open Polar Sea. We are willing to let this matter further before giving it up, and will fit out a vessel and man it by Dr Talmage and the twelve Mormon apostles. Science should be encouraged.—*Salt Lake Tribune*

Dr Ott has learned that the rattlesnake's tail makes sixty vibrations per second. It is very convenient to know this little fact beforehand, as then, when you encounter a reptile, aks you won't have to stop to count the motions of his tail.—*Lowell Citizen*

Robert Grant, author of "Confessions of a Frivolous Girl," has written a new novel, called "An Average Man." Presumably the hero hates to get up early, growls when dinner is late, lies about his catch when he goes fishing, and likes to use a dog-[illegible].—*Chicago Tribune*

FOUR INDIAN PUPILS MARRIED.

FOREST GROVE, Or., April 1.

To-day it was my fortune to be present at an interesting ceremony in connection with the Indian training school at this place. This event, the marriage of four young people of the school marks an epoch in the history of the school. The ceremony was performed in the dining hall. At the appointed time the boys and girls of the school marched in in perfect time, and took their places with the precision of soldiers. Then Miss Annie [illegible], an Alaska Indian and Edward Brewer a Puyallup accompanied by a young lady and man to act respectively as bridesmaid and best man. These were followed by Miss Eliza [illegible] a Chehalis and Henry Mecker a Puyallup also attended by bridesmaid and bridegroom. They took an appropriate place in the hall and a simple marriage ceremony was performed by Rev Horace Lyman.

After the usual congratulations cake was passed and a general social time had. Mr and Mrs Brewer and Mr and Mrs Mecker were the recipients of a number of useful and valuable presents. The brides and grooms are both Puyallup Indians and with their brides left on the afternoon train for their homes near New Tacoma, followed by the best wishes of all who knew them. The parties were much loved by all the employees of the school and greatly esteemed in the community and we believe cannot fail to make good and useful citizens wherever their lot may be cast.

With regard to the school, it is now in charge of Dr M. [illegible] [illegible] who seems to be the right man in the right place. Taking charge of the school some two months ago he has continued to conduct it with discipline and order. A plain friend he has endeavored and will we believe secure the religious, moral and mental growth of those under his charge. L.

The Latter Day Saints

KIRTLAND, O., April [illegible] —[Special.]—Large numbers of people flocked into the village through the mud to day to be present at the meeting of the reorganized Latter Day Saints. In order that no one might be left in a false impression concerning the doctrine a large placard was pasted in the vestibule of the temple setting forth the creed which is the biblical doctrine of Christ and his apostles and the principles of the gospel of Christ. We believe in faith, repentance, baptism for the remission of sins by immersion, laying on of hands for reception of the Holy Spirit [illegible] the resurrection of the dead and that those who die in Christ will arise first [illegible] under the [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] of Joseph Smith, president of [illegible] organized church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints and editor of the Lamoni [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] the fact of the speakers and catch [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] their [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] watching sacred [illegible] and preventing them stealing hymn books and Bibles. No polygamous Mormons are entitled to seats in the conference but it is understood that a prominent Salt Lake missionary is present and in a quiet way is attempting to win converts to the polygamous branches.

HUNGARY

[illegible] [illegible]

PESTH, April [illegible] —Three of the murderers of Count Von Majlath [illegible] have been captured and have confessed. The Italian Sponga, the actual assassin, is not yet arrested.

WONDERFUL REVELATIONS OF THE MICROSCOPE.

Discovery of the Most Deadly Enemy of Mankind—The Bacillus and Its Ravages.

The scientific world has been greatly startled and agitated of late by the discovery with the microscope of the most dreadful enemy of mankind in the form of myriads of little death dealing parasites. The air we breathe and live in is charged with these [illegible] [illegible] growths in proportion as it is infected from various noxious sources. Having by recent experiments and research been shown to be the most fruitful cause of disease known, and the welfare and health of every individual depending so largely on the freedom from their destructive ravages it is but natural that the reports of recent investigators in this field of scientific inquiry should be widely read and that every phase of these astounding discoveries should be subject to universal discussion. At first received with some suspicion they have at length been thoroughly proven and are now receiving the unqualified indorsements of the leading scientific men throughout the world. But little else is talked of in the schools and clubs of science and the medical and scientific journals are crowded with the testimony that is being added corroborative of the value of the marvelous discovery which is pronounced the greatest advance in medical science of modern times.

To L. Pasteur, the eminent French scientist, who by his famous investigations has saved to France so many millions of dollars, is probably due the honor of first pointing out the terrible power of these germs. In recognition of his great services the government has recently voted him from the public treasury $1,000,000 with which to continue his experiments. He has described several varieties of these parasites, some comparatively harmless, others extremely dangerous. One form he proved by a series of vaccinations and other conclusive experiments was the cause of death of many thousands of animals and herds of cattle, another the active agent in the death of fowls by cholera. Acting upon the knowledge he had gained of the nature of these germs he pointed out a means of relief that speedily prevented a spread of the diseases and ended the devastation.

TYNDALL, with the aid of other eminent English investigators, made a number of examinations of the floating particles in the atmosphere and found numbers of living spores capable of reproducing disease. In dry and healthy localities but few germs were found and these of the harmless varieties while in low damp places, crowded houses, and unhealthy cities the poisonous germs were extremely numerous everywhere.

Dr RUDOLPH KOCH of Wallstein, Germany, a man whose work in connection with the organisms of contagious diseases has made him a recognized authority upon the subject, by experimenting after the methods of VILLEMIN, has discovered and published an account of one of the most dangerous varieties, of which it is proven more deaths are due than to any disease incident to the human race.

He describes it as a simple cellular organism belonging to the same order as the *Bacteria*. When dried these germs may, without losing any vitality, endure great extremes of temperature. Being so fine and as light as dust, invisible to the naked eye, they may be blown any distance by the wind or carried upon the clothing or body. Like seeds, they may lie for months or years undisturbed upon the furniture, floor, carpets, curtains, walls, or in the bedding, and only requiring a proper degree of warmth, moisture and food to waken into life, develop and grow. They thrive and live in the blood, lymph, mucous and secretions of the human body. When the system is unhealthy or weak they attack the cells that make up the animal frame. Any albuminous fluid will furnish them with food for growth, and a single drop is sufficient to sustain hundreds. Examined with microscopes of great power, which enlarge them so that they can be seen and studied, they have the appearance of minute rod-like bodies having, when active, some power of motion. They bend in the middle like a bow and straighten with a jerk that sends them a few times their own length. At the temperature of the human body they are the most active.

Their power of increase or reproduction is remarkably great. One germ in a few weeks' time, under favorable conditions will give rise to millions. This process is by simple growth and division. Cold destroys or prevents their growth, and this is why refrigeration prevents decay of meats or other animal foods. Exposed to warmth these small organisms attack and eat up the albuminous tissues, leaving a foul mass. The odors so common to this process are given off by these minute organisms, and is about the only indication of their presence. This is the warning of nature and it is an instinct to avoid all such smells. The foul breath, bad odors of old sores, etc., leads man to avoid these germs to a great measure. The danger of their presence in the body can be imagined when their rapid increase is considered. A few germs may be readily absorbed into the system by breathing air containing them. They are thus drawn into the interior of the body through the long and narrow respiratory passages of the throat, chest and nose, which are lined with soft membrane and covered with sticky mucus. In this fluid they find ready lodgement and favorable conditions for development, increase and growth. The "cold," or catarrh, cancer or chronic catarrh, hay fever, etc., are common manifestations of the effects of one of the least harmful of these germs or micrococcus. In the discharges from the respiratory passages at such times thousands of the living animalcula are found. The fever, debility, pains "in the bones," loss of appetite, etc., are indications of their depressing effects upon the vital organs.

It is from germs of slower development, however, that the greatest danger follows. To the one most fully described by Koch is due more deaths than to any other known cause. According to the researches of CURTIS, FLINT, and DEBRUNS over 5,000,000 people die every year from this cause alone. The annual deaths in France, England, Germany and Russia from their destruction was over one and a half millions. In the United States and Canada over three hundred thousand persons perished in the last year from the *bacillus* alone. The most common disease resulting from it is consumption of the lungs, but other organs of the body are liable to be affected as they develop slowly but surely in any organ that may be in a weak and unhealthy state.

If active and healthy, the liver, kidneys, and bowels have to a wonderful extent the power of expelling these deadly animalcule or parasites from the system, and this fact furnishes an important indication for the successful treatment of all the long list of maladies caused by these parasites as will be hereinafter shown.

The studies of Lancreca, an eminent Italian, and Woods, Fournier and others, are interesting, as showing the large variety of chronic diseases as heretofore classified, that result from these germs. Among the most common were "liver complaint," biliousness or torpid liver, dyspepsia or indigestion, lung affections, bronchitis, kidney diseases, chronic diarrhoea, spinal complaint, fever-sores, white swellings, hip-joint disease, rheumatism, malarial disorders, such as fever and ague or intermittent fever, general and nervous debilities, female weaknesses, chronic catarrh of the head, or ozaena, many forms of unhealthy discharges from internal organs, and all the various scrofulous affections of the skin, glands, bones, joints, etc., including consumption which is but scrofulous disease of the lungs.

In this large catalogue of apparently widely differing illnesses, but really all depending upon a common cause and therefore naturally to be successfully treated on the same general principles, examination of the blood and secretions revealed large numbers of these parasites, and curiously enough the number bore a direct relation to the severity of the disease; a comparatively small number being present in mild cases and a very large proportion in bad cases. Under the use of the specific treatment which they give, and which is substantially the same as that described and recommended later in this review, the number was seen to steadily diminish from day to day until, with the restoration of health and bodily strength, they could not be found at all.

The greatest variety of symptoms were found to accompany their presence, due to peculiarities of the constitution, the part of the body most seriously affected, and the efforts of the different organs to rid the system of these germs. Among the most common were frequent headaches, neuralgic pains, nausea, constipation, poor or variable appetites, diarrhoea, bad breath, hectic fever, cough, night-sweats, cold extremities, dyspepsia, catarrh, sick-throat, sore eyes, etc., while where the skin was affected, salt-rheum, boils, carbuncles, scurf skin, erysipelas, St. Anthony's fire and other symptoms were common and all gradually but with certainty were cured by the same means. The hectic fever so often met with in consumption, with the hacking or tearing cough, night sweats, diarrhoea and other symptoms due to the efforts of nature to throw off and expel these germs were also readily controlled and cured in the same way as were the old sores, abscesses and ulcers in the lungs, liver and other important organs. The pale and waxy hue and enlargement of the glands, due to the early signs of the [illegible] scrofula, were at once improved and soon disappeared under the system of treatment adopted.

It is found that in robust health the purifying action of the liver and excretory organs soon expel from the blood the few germs that may gain entrance, and that otherwise would remain if these glands were not active and create serious disease. The presence of these germs in the air in rooms occupied by sufferers with such affections, points to the necessity of keeping them well aired and sunned. Weak persons should not expose themselves by sleeping or remaining in such rooms or by too intimate association with invalids. All clothing and discharges should be thoroughly disinfected and kept clean. Mucus, saliva, etc., must not be expectorated and allowed to dry upon the floor to be stirred up and diffused through the air by sweeping and dusting. Pure air and plenty of sunshine are necessities in these affections and good food a requirement to keep the body strong and capable of resisting the inroads of these minute bodies. Every individual should carefully watch his health and any evidence of inactivity of the vital organs or impurity of the blood should be corrected in time.

The corrosive acids and mineral poisons are found to possess the power of killing these germs, but the dangerous nature of such powerful agents prevents their internal use. For the purpose of expelling the germs when once within the system it is necessary to resort to vegetable remedies in order to cleanse the blood of the germs without injury to the patient.

An American physician of large experience in the treatment of all forms of chronic disease now conclusively shown to be caused by parasitic life, for many years devoted much time to the investigation of the causes of these affections and in the treatment of many thousands of cases developed and thoroughly tested a combination of vegetable agents which he used with marvelous success in their cure.

In cases of wasting disease as consumption or scrofula of the lungs and other organs and in all cases attended with great weakness it was found to exert the most wonderful tonic and restorative influence, building up the strength, properties far surpassing those of cod liver oil or any of the usual agents resorted to by the medical profession in such cases. Hypophosphites, iron and quinine bear no comparison to it in building up the strength of the debilitated. The recipe as advised by him has been used for years with the greatest success in a vast and most successful practice.

The written experience of the many sufferers who have been cured and express in terms of the highest praise their indorsement of its great value, are sufficient to fill volumes. Living witnesses are every

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[illegible] paralysis this evening [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] age. Mrs. Dillon crowned [illegible] [illegible] with her mother and brothers in the same train with Hon. A. A. and David M. Culver. She has been an active worker in the cause of Christian education and was greatly beloved by all who knew her. Her remains will be taken to Salem for burial in the Lee Mission cemetery. The funeral will take place [illegible]

[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] daughters [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] body.—Mrs L. I. D. Merriam, [illegible] Mass. Druggists keep it. $1 per package.

"Wells' Rough on Corns." [illegible]

[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] to repair [illegible]

[illegible] [illegible] Ashton [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

Arrival at Ports of Discharge

[illegible] —Br ship Wiltshire, San Francisco

[illegible] —Bark P[illegible] Astoria

[illegible] —Bark Dis[illegible], San Francisco

[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] REV. JOSEPH [illegible] New York City.

Albert Bartsch,

[illegible]

Sundays until further notice between Portland and Fort [illegible] land:

Leave Portland at 10 A. M., returning at [illegible] P. M.

Leave Portland at [illegible] P. M., returning at [illegible] P. M.

Fare Five Cents Each Way

The [illegible] [illegible] dock at the foot of [illegible] street, Steamship & Ferries wharf.

OTTENHEIMER [illegible] & [illegible]

Agents.

nts to modern genius and scientific
healing art.

n "liver complaint," giving rise to
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INSURANCE.

THE OREGON
Marine Insurance Co.
F PORTLAND, OREGON.
DIRECTORS:
RRETT, W. S. LADD,
VIS, HENRY FAILING,
RELL, L. WHITE,
CHAS. HODGE,
FECHHEIMER, President.
N is the only Home Company in the Northwest.
al Office, 36 Washington St.
EDWARD HALL, Secretary.

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QUEEN
Companies of London & Liverpool.
Oregon
Policy issued by the Four Companies
CORBITT & MACLEAY,
nts for Oregon, Washington and
and 56 Front St., Portland.

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OF SAN FRANCISCO.
RE AND MARINE.
$750,000
NCH OFFICE FOR OREGON,
st Street, Portland, Oregon.
JAMES S. REED, Agent.

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Marine Insurance Co.
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Oregon for security
LAIDLAW & CO., Gen'l Agents,
12 North Front St.
JR., Manager.

RINE INSURANCE.
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June 30th, 1881
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FIRST ST., PORTLAND, OR.
IP C. SCHUYLER, Agent.

WASHINGTON TERRITORY
BRANCH.
ZEALAND INSURANCE
COMPANY.
FIRE AND MARINE.
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W. F. BROWN,
MANAGER.
87 Stark St., Portland.

INCORPORATED 1864.
Mutual Insurance C
OF CALIFORNIA.
IRE ONLY.
Paid Since Organization,
$1,334,633 44.
Paid in Oregon in Six Years
$162,363 59.
GON BRANCH OFFICE,
L. STORY, Manager.
cor. First and Stark Streets,
Ladd & Tilton's Bank
PORTLAND, OREGON.

OD! WOOD! WOOD!
OD—$1 50 PER LOAD—FROM W
Orders left at mill or in the box
will be promptly attended to.
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l Foreign Exchange, both
ary in principal European cities,
and Merchants' Letters of Credit
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NEWS.

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RELIGIOUS NEWS.

[Evening Telegram.]

The German Methodists intend to build a new church at Seattle.

The Universalist church building at Dayton has been sold to Congregationalists.

Members of the German Methodist church at New Tacoma are preparing to erect a church.

The temperance element in the city of Eugene won in the city election last week by a decided majority.

Rev. J. H. F. Bell has been appointed a missionary of the Episcopal church to the Indians at Neah bay.

The Taylor street quarterly conference for the third quarter will be held in the church parlor on the 11th of April at 7:30 P. M.

The city of Goldendale last week elected a city temperance ticket on a squarely made up contest between whisky and temperance.

Rev. T. L. Elliott of this city has written a letter highly endorsing the work of Miss Willard and offering to co-operate with her in any way.

Miss Adele M. Fielde, a noted Baptist missionary in China, writes that she will visit this coast soon and is arranging for a trip to Oregon.

Bishop Owens has bought 144 acres on the beach back of Ilwaco. The intention is to erect buildings for conference and campmeeting purposes.

Rev. Mr. Tower of the Methodist Episcopal church preached yesterday in Goldendale, W. T., and delivered a temperance lecture in the evening.

The Presbyterian board of home missions have sent out a pastor to organize and do Christian work at Albina. We have not learned his name.

There were Bethel services on board of the large fine American ship Harry Morse, lying at the foot of C street, yesterday at 2 o'clock by Chaplain Stubbs.

The Good Samaritan hospital has just received the gift of £10 from a gentleman in London, in recognition of the kind care given to his son while a patient in that institution.

Rev. P. S. Knight, of Salem, has been invited to deliver the Baccalaureate address before the state university at Eugene on the 10th of June, and has signified his acceptance of the same.

A new Baptist church was organized in New Tacoma on Wednesday of last week, with ten constituent members; Rev. . Beaven, late of Victoria, was called as pastor. Rev. J. A. Wirth, of Seattle, took part in the organization services.

Following is the church calendar for April: 1. First Sunday after Easter. 8. Second Sunday after Easter. 15. Third Sunday after Easter. 22. Fourth Sunday after Easter. 25. St. Mark, Evangelist. 29. Fifth Sunday after Easter. 30. Rogation Day.

On the 5th of March the vestry of St. Paul's Episcopal church, at Oregon City, elected Rev. A. P. Anderson, of Eugene city, to the rectorship of that parish, since which time the Rev. gentleman has signified his acceptance, to take effect on the first day of May. He will give parish services on Sunday the 15th, prior to bringing his family.

The new organization by Mr. Moody in Glasgow is known as the "Mizpah Band." Mizpah means "The Lord watch between thee and me when separated one from another." The objects of the band are edification and evangelization, and the membership consists of those who have been reclaimed from the power of strong drink by the saving power of Christ.

During the coming summer it is the intention of Father Cesari to build a Catholic church and school house in Dayton, W. T. He expects to begin work on the building at once and push it to completion. Father Cesari is very energetic in the work of his church, having built commodious church buildings in Pomeroy, Colfax and Uniontown.

The ladies of the Women's Christian Temperance Union of this city have formed a very important field of labor in the lower part of the city. For two weeks they have held meetings on Friday evenings at the Seaman's Bethel, corner of Third and D streets. Last Friday night the hall was crowded with sailors and others, and some eighteen or twenty of the men raised their hands for prayers.

Bishop Morris, with a number of Episcopal clergymen, was holding a "mission" last week at Weston and Pendleton with intermediate services at Milton and Centerville. Revs. Plummer, Sellwood and McEwan went up on Wednesday to take part in the services. Dr. Nevins was also expected from Spokan Falls. The closing services of the mission were at Pendleton, when the Rev. W. E. Potwine was ordained to the priesthood.

The services in the various churches yesterday were well attended. The Rev. T. L. Eliot attracted a large number at the Unitarian church, who were glad to greet him and hear him after his long absence from the city. His subject was taken from the life of the prophet Jonah, and drew a valuable lesson for human life from his experiences and the various moods of that prophet, and especially the perishing of the gourd which was so grateful to the tired and wearied man of God. It was a lesson showing the value of trusting to God's mercy and goodness.

Rev. D. J. Pierce, former pastor was yesterday welcomed back on a visit to his old charge, the Baptist church of this city. He has recently been in charge of the Baptist church at Walla Walla, where he has erected a new edifice, at a cost of over $4,000. He is on the way to take charge of the Baptist church at Seattle. He preached a well prepared sermon yesterday forenoon on the building of Christ's temple, in which he exalted Christ as the sun and center of the kingdom of God in this world. Rev. Dr. Crowell of Buffalo, N. Y., preached at this church in the evening. Rev. R. J. Laughlin, of Louisville, Ky., preached at the First Presbyterian church in the morning. A sketch of this young man's sermon is presented in another column. Rev. W. B. Osborne, just from the South India mission field, preached in the Taylor Street M. E. church. Rev. Dr. Marvin's discourse last night was drawn from the exclamation, "Great is the Diana of the Ephesians," and after a discussion of the witchcraft and demonology of the Bible and comparing it with modern spiritualism, he proceeded to apply the text to the present age, and discoursed at some length on "Great is the Diana of the Americans," in which he proceeded to expose and demolish many popular idols of to-day.

VICTIMIZING VIDDER.

Mrs. Card in a New Role—She is a Wealthy Lady from California This Time.

The case of the firm of Forbes & Wheeler having been victimized by a Mrs. Card is familiar to our readers. Not satisfied with attempting to swindle them out of their goods, the woman tried to blacken their reputation in print. But the firm was too well known for honorable dealing to be affected by her slanders. Since that affair occurred a new development has been made in the career of "Mrs. Card." It appears that one day last week she called on Murphy, Grant & Co., in this city and represented herself as a Mrs. Velmuth, of some town in California, and stated that she desired to purchase about $1500 worth of goods. The woman was so bold and yet so plausible in her story that the firm telegraphed down to a house in San Francisco to know if Mrs. Velmuth was good for the amount of goods she wanted, and a dispatch came back promptly saying she was good. Mrs. Card, in the course of her interviews with this firm, told the story of "Mrs. Card" being so terribly treated by Forbes & Wheeler, and stated that her sympathies had been so much aroused in her case that she herself had given $20 to the poor woman, and asked this firm to make a donation to the woman. She had several interviews and on each occasion presented the claims of "Mrs. Card" so earnestly that the suspicions of the house were finally aroused and they sent for one of the firm of Forbes & Wheeler. The gentleman came, and seeing "Mrs. Velmuth" present, addressed her as Mrs. Card. She indignantly responded, "I am not Mrs. Card; my name is Velmuth. And she faced the merchant with a bold, defiant attitude that was astonishing. Other witnesses soon identified Mrs. Card, and she left the scene in disgrace. Her game was doubtless to make a raise of money, but the house would have supplied her with the $1500 worth of goods, not doubting her identity, as she was so polite and adroit in her manner and method. It is said this woman has called herself "Mrs. Bell" to some other parties in this city, and as she is a woman of an address likely to deceive, the above facts are related in order to put merchants on their guard against any other swindling attempts by this noted character.

THE LOST CHILD.

A FATE WORSE THAN ABDUCTION.

How Parents, by a Lack of Precaution and Care, are Responsible for the Death of their Children.

Camden (Me.) Herald.

The moral and legal responsibility of parents, in the care of their children is, fortunately, attracting the serious attention of the better portion of the entire country. The many instances of child beating, oppression, and other forms of cruelty which have come to light, demand that something be done; and it is gratifying to know that the people are becoming thoroughly aroused. Whether the cruelty be in the form of physical violence or physical neglect matters not: the principle in both cases is the same. The man or woman who neglects his or her own health may be pardoned, as the consequences fall upon the individual alone, but the parent or guardian who permits the approach of disease upon the innocent ones dependent upon him for protection, is criminally liable in the sight of God, however it may appear in the eyes of men. There are, however, parents that intend to care for their children, but, who through carelessness or the urgency of other duties, permit them to become the innocent victims of disease. Such parents may be guiltless of intentional wrong, but the disastrous results up on their children are just as great.

These are truths which must be manifest to every worthy parent, and especially in a vicinity where the unknown effects of the atmosphere, the water and the general tendency to malaria are so great. There are many families in this locality who have been called upon to mourn untimely losses, even when the greatest care was exercised; but the experience of only one will be given. It is that of the late W. O. Thomas. The children were all most promising, but for some unexplained reason their health and strength seemed to gradually lessen until their friends feared they were the victims of consumption. One by one they sickened and died until three had departed and two of the surviving brothers were also taken ill. Their names were Hermon and Edward. Hermon, however, seemed the stronger of the two, and while his younger brother was confined to the house constantly and to the bed much of the time, Hermon was able to be about, but in so weak a condition that he had no desire to play. Eddie's symptoms were terrible. He found difficulty in retaining food upon his stomach, was restless and irritable, and out of his head frequently. At various times three different physicians visited him, and each one told his friends he could not live. He finally got so low that death was only considered a matter of a few days. At that critical time his elder brothers, aroused almost to the pitch of desperation by the three deaths that had so recently occurred and the other one staring them in the face, resolved to take the case into their own hands. They accordingly did so, and secured a remedy that was then being universally used and began giving it to him. Its effect at first was slight, but any improvement was considered a good symptom. By degrees his strength returned; he was able to eat with a relish, then walk about the house, and finally he regained complete health and strength. The boy was so rejoiced over his recovery that, accompanied by the editor of this paper, he went before Justice Charles K. Miller and made oath to the facts of his sickness as above related, and that he was restored to perfect health by the use of Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure. Now, Edward Thomas' parents, while they lived, undoubtedly provided faithfully for the wants of all their children; and yet the seeds of disease had taken deep root. Their care in one direction had been counteracted by unknown carelessness in another. Their love was sincere, but wholly misdirected. They should have known that children are just as liable to kidney and liver diseases as grown up people, and that the fatality of Bright's disease of the kidneys is just as great among little children as with adults. This is a serious subject. Hereditary traits, the after consequences of measles and scarlet fever, diptheria and the passing troubles which so easily become chronic, all demand the greatest care and caution. No case of cholera infantum, measles, scarlatina, or diptheria was ever virulent while the child's kidneys and liver were healthy. It would simply be an impossibility. These important organs of the body are just forming within the child and growing with its growth; and they can be trained to strength and health as readily as the little mind can be trained to truth and uprightness.

The importance of carefully watching the slightest troubles of the child, and especially those affecting the kidneys and liver, cannot be too strongly emphasized. Children respond so readily to the proper remedies and are so sensitive to disease, that it is a sin to deprive them of one at the risk of incurring the other. By a judicious treatment these essential organs can be developed so that a strong constitution, able to resist the inroads of disease through coming years, shall be the result.

A Good Story of a Horse

We recently published the story of a horse whose rider was thrown and injured. The intelligent animal took in the situation and trotted off, making such demonstrations at the house that people followed him and rescued the rider, who was unable to help himself. Mr. Hugh McLellan, of this town, informed us that the reading of the story brought to his recollection an occurrence of his youth, when living with his father in Gorham, this state. The father one evening turned the family horse into a large pasture to feed during the night. In some way (whether from an injury was never known) the horse commenced to bleed profusely from the nose. The animal returned to the bars which gave admission to the pasture. These he broke down and passed up to the farm-house. Here he beat upon the platform of one of the doors until the father was awakened and went out to see what was the matter; he found the horse still bleeding. Calling the son (our informant), the two worked over the horse until the bleeding was arrested, though he was so much reduced as to be hardly able to stand. There was quite a pool of blood at the door, and a still larger pool was found in the morning at the bars, where the horse had evidently been detained in his efforts to escape from the pasture. And yet we are told that animals don't reason.—Brunswick (Maine) Telegraph

One Picture of Life in a City.

This morning Captain Kerr noticed a young and pretty girl walking to and fro on the north side of the viaduct, apparently in deep thought. "I thought perhaps she was waiting for her lover," said Kerr afterwards, "and paid little attention to her. About an hour after I first noticed her," Kerr continued, "I was sweeping off the draw. There were very few people on the bridge at the time. Suddenly, as if by inspiration, I turned round and the sight that met my gaze froze the blood in my veins. There was that girl standing on the narrow projecting edge outside the railing on the north side of the draw-bridge, eighty feet above the river. She was holding on to the railing with one hand looking down into the river below, preparing for a leap to death. I sprang forward and seized her. She struggled vigorously to free herself from my grasp. I clutched her with an almost death-like grip, and thus managed to save her."—Cleveland Leader.

It seems that the earl of Dalhousie has asked the governors of all the states for their views on the sister-in-law business, being specially moved thereto by a letter from "an American clergyman" to the Church Review in which it was set forth that the practice of marrying deceased wives' sisters manifestly tends to create heart-burning and destroy family concord. A man cannot in this country kiss his wife's pretty sister in any comfortable sort of way, says the unknown dominie, and if he does venture upon that kind of salutation the wife will be jealous, and especially so if she is ill. One case is mentioned where a woman became so much exercised from the presence of a particularly blooming sister whom her husband liked as to cry and scold on her death bed and make everybody uncomfortable to the very last. But the 38 letters which Dalhousie will get—from bachelors, benedicts and widowers—giving the executive observations upon family quarrels what curiosities of literature!

The Agricultural Department at Washington has it that the average price of corn in the entire United States for eleven years, from 1871 to 1881, inclusive, appears to be about forty-three cents per bushel. The highest annual average was sixty-four cents in 1874, while the lowest was thirty-one cents in 1878. The aggregate value of the crop has increased in ten years from $435,-000 000 to $759,000,000, though the last crop was the smallest for the past seven years.

A Kentucky farmer has a duck which lays eggs that have shells nearly black.

TOWN OF PORTSMOUTH

SITUATED ON THE EAST BANK OF THE WILLAMETTE RIVER, about one-quarter mile distant from the city limits of Portland, and immediately below Swan Island. The most available river front north of the Oregon Railway and Navigation Co's Works at Albina is offered here for offices

Advantages Second to None.

The situation of the land renders it especially desirable for all kinds of manufactories; as a site for suburban residences, for which, in the consideration of the rapid growth of Portland, there will be an extraordinary demand. It

Cannot be Surpassed,

In account of its plentiful resources, that on the real value of either business or residence property is necessarily determined by its accessibility. Portsmouth can be reached by water in fifteen minutes, by the St. John's road in twenty minutes, and the eventual extension of the Oregon Railway and Navigation Co's Railroad to Portsmouth from Albina is another advantage possessed by no other tract around Portland.

The connection of Portland and Vancouver by rail is only a matter of short time, and will materially add to the

Accessibility of Portsmouth.

Also, the Northern Pacific Railroad to Kalama, running on the west bank of the Willamette river, and already in course of construction, can be

Reached Easily by Ferry,

Which is covered by articles of incorporation of this company.

For the present, the fast steamer "Cleveland" has been chartered by the company, and will make two trips daily (Sundays included). Actual settlers can rest assured that a steamer will be put permanently on the route and fares shall not exceed five cents each way.

The Title is Unquestionable.

Portsmouth is free of debt, and good and sufficient deeds will be given purchasers.

Lots and blocks will be sold on the installment plan at reasonable prices, and a liberal reduction will be allowed for cash.

For particulars apply to

OLDENDORFF, HARVEY & LEAHY, Agents.
No. 11 Washington st., (National Bank Building,
P. O. Box 38. Portland, Or.

Town of Portsmouth Time Table.

UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE THE STEAMER "Cleveland" will make the following trips daily, Sundays included, between Portsmouth and Portland:

Leave Portland at 10 A. M., returning at 1 P. M.
Leave Portland at 2:30 P. M., returning at 7 P. M.
Fare Five Cents Each Way.

The "Cleveland" leaves the dock at the foot of Alder street, Everding & Farrell's wharf.
OLDENDORFF, HARVEY & LEAHY, Agents.
m18

Gentle Women

Who want glossy, luxuriant and wavy tresses of abundant, beautiful Hair must use LYON'S KATHAIRON. This elegant, cheap article always makes the Hair grow freely and fast, keeps it from falling out, arrests and cures grayness, removes dandruff and itching, makes the Hair strong, giving it a curling tendency and keeping it in any desired position. Beautiful, healthy Hair is the sure result of using Kathairon.

A COUTIL CORSET. Absolutely Unbreakable.
SELLS BROS. & CO., Sole Wholesale Agents for Oregon, Washington Territory and Idaho.

THE GREAT "BAMBOO," MADE OF HEAVY Coutil and boned with genuine Japanese bamboo, will outwear any six Corsets sold at same price. It is the best shaped and fitting Corset made.

WILL BE SOLD
IN ALL LEADING RETAIL STORES.
Price $1.50.

KIDNEY-WORT
IS A SURE CURE
for all diseases of the Kidneys and
—LIVER—
It has specific action on this most important organ, enabling it to throw off torpidity and inaction, stimulating the healthy secretion of the Bile, and by keeping the bowels in free condition, effecting its regular discharge.
Malaria. If you are suffering from malaria, have the chills, are bilious, dyspeptic, or constipated, Kidney-Wort will surely relieve and quickly cure.
In the Spring to cleanse the System, every one should take a thorough course of it.
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS. Price $1.
KIDNEY-WORT

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Importers of
HUMAN HAIR and FANCY ORNAMENTS.
Manufacturers of
REAL HAIR GOODS,
585 Market St., cor. of Second,
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The Celebrated and Favorite Brands of
"Salem Bakers' Extra" & "Family Flour"
Manufactured from choice wheat, specially for family, bakers and export trade. The quality of these brands is better than ever, and every sack is warranted. See that you get it!
SALEM FLOURING MILLS CO.,
Salem, Or.
Portland Agency, office of
GIBSON, CHURCH & CO.,
S. E. corner Front and Ash.

C. H. BACON,
Importer and Dealer in
Cumberland, Lehigh, Cannel & Domestic
COAL, CHARCOAL
AND FOUNDRY COKE.
Office—Fourth and E Sts.
Yard—E St., bet. Fourth and Fifth.
Portland, Or.
Telephone No. 251.

Grossman's Specific Mixture.

With this remedy persons can cure themselves without the least exposure, change of diet, or change in application to business. The medicine contains nothing that is of the least injury to the constitution. Ask your Druggist for it. Price, $1 a bottle. m17dly

PATRONIZE HOME INDUSTRY.
—THE—
Oregon Oil Clothing Co.
TERMAMORSE, RISING & KESSLER,
Office and Sample Room: No. 92 N. First, cor. F Sts., Portland, Or.
We manufacture every description of Oil Clothing.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

CHANGED HANDS.

THE PORTLAND RESTAURANT,
Cor. Second and Ash Sts.,
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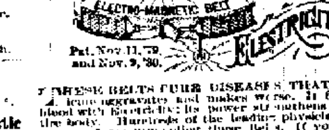

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This bank transacts a general banking business. Deposits received on current account, subject to check. Approved Bills discounted, Loans made on available security, and Collections made promptly. Exchange sold on London, Liverpool, and on the principal towns and cities in Ireland and Scotland, from £1 upwards; also on all places in Canada in sums to suit, and Currency Drafts and Telegraphic Transfers on New York and Chicago.
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MAKES LOANS ON FIRST MORTGAGES OVER improved Farm Lands and Portland City Property, in sums of five hundred dollars and upwards; also on State, County and City Bonds and Warrants.
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Than can be made by any other Flour Mill in Oregon. Ask your grocer to give you a sack on trial and you will never use any other.
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a16

Proposals for Subsistence Supplies.

SUBSISTENCE DEPOT, VANCOUVER BARRACKS, W. T.
March 21, 1883.

SEALED PROPOSALS in triplicate, subject to the usual conditions, will be received at this office until 12 o'clock, noon, on Tuesday, May 1, 1883, at which time and place they will be opened in presence of bidders, for furnishing and delivering at the depot, within ten days after the awards have been made, of the following articles of the best quality:

RICE, 7800 pounds, island, in 100 pound sacks, gunnied.

SUGAR, 75,000 pounds, equal to extra "C," in 100-pound sacks, gunnied, or half barrels.

SALT, 16,000 pounds, in 100-pound sacks; coarse salt, 3000 pounds, in 160-pound sacks, gunnied.

Proposals for less quantities will be received. Samples of all articles must accompany proposals. Standards can be seen on inquiry at this office. A preference will be given to articles of domestic manufacture. The government reserves the right to reject any or all bids. Blank proposals and full information as to quality of stores, character of packages, manner of bidding, conditions to be observed by bidders and terms of contract and payment, will be furnished on application to this office.

SAMUEL T. CUSHING,
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MAKER OF
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SEAL ENGRAVER. 81 FIRST ST.

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86 Oak St., bet. First and Second.

In our schools a little girl, her papa because he married her mother, and was asked by the teacher if she believed in hero worship, answered: "No, but I do believe in Saint worship, because Saint Jacobs Oil saved my little brother's life when he was sick with sore throat, and it cured mamma's neuralgia."

DR. WILLIAM HALL'S BALSAM FOR THE LUNGS and may be safely relied on as a speedy and positive cure for coughs, colds, sore throat, etc. Sold by all druggists.

The stars in a grand bill Wednesday evening at New Market.

Redding's Russia Salve is unequalled for chilblains, chapped hands, frost bites, etc. Try it.

"Buchu-Paiba." Quick, complete cure, all annoying Kidney and Urinary Diseases. $1

"Your Skin Cure is unprecedented. It is fast curing my daughter's ring worm, which had spread all over her body."—Mrs. E. L. D. Merriam, Blue Hill, Mass. Druggists keep it, $1 per package.

WOOD! WOOD! WOOD!
SLAB WOOD—$1 50 PER LOAD—FROM WEIDLER'S Mill. Orders left at mill or in the box at Bone's saloon will be promptly attended to.
W. S. M. L. & M. CO.

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Office and Sample Room: No. 92 N. First, cor. F Sts. Portland, Or.
We manufacture every description of Oil Clothing.

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DEALERS IN
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Alder and Front Streets, Portland.

The Daily Oregonian

TUESDAY MORNING APRIL 10 1883.

NOT SO SIMPLE A QUESTION

A writer who insists that prohibition is the remedy for the evils produced by the liquor traffic and whose [illegible] day says the proper way to put the matter is to ask whether the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors are beneficial to the people or injurious to them. If beneficial they ought to be [illegible] taxation [illegible] prohibition is the only proper thing.

This short method of reasoning strikes [illegible] person as very conclusive. But still it is not conclusive because it ignores the practical aspects of the case, including the opinions, habits and wishes of great numbers of people. There are few things in this world that may not be abused. Whether liquors that intoxicate are beneficial or injurious depends chiefly on the fact whether they are drunk to excess or not. No doubt spirituous or alcoholic liquors are more liable to abuse than most other things, and it is for this reason that their sale must be subjected to exceptional restraint. If these liquors could be wholly banished from the world there can hardly be a doubt that mankind would be the better for it. Indeed, that they may be useful but that the effects of their misuse are so great as to far outweigh all possible good they can do. But this is no abstract question of evils and benefits. Most persons reserve the right to decide for themselves what is good for themselves. This fact prohibition neglects and hence it fails to get the support which its advocates think it has a right to claim.

But though there are so many who don't intend to let others decide for them whether liquors are beneficial or injurious there are few comparatively who do not acknowledge that the liquor traffic is liable to great abuses and hence they are willing to restrain it—that is to place it under revenue and police regulation. But this is as far as they will go. And without their help there can be no real restraint. The difference between the prohibition writer and THE OREGONIAN is simply this. The former discusses the subject from an ideal or sentimental standpoint, the latter from a practical view of human nature and the whole state of the case. On one side the argument is for the best thing in the abstract; on the other the argument is for the best thing, in the circumstances, that can be done or gained.

Human nature is peculiar. The individual not only reserves the right to judge for himself what is beneficial or injurious to him but he even insists on the right to take the thing that is injurious, if he chooses to do so. It is because prohibition overlooks this quality of human nature that it is unable to account for much of the opposition it experiences. This question, therefore, is not so simple as our prohibition friend would suppose. On the contrary, it is a very complicated one.

LUMBER, EAST AND WEST

A short time since the lumbermen of the region of which Chicago is the central market held a meeting in that city with a view of affecting an organization having for its object the regulation of the lumber supply. The rapid disappearance of the forests of Michigan, Wisconsin and Minnesota, indicating that the supply of lumber at the present rate of consumption cannot be long kept up affords a reasonable excuse for the suggestion that the mill men combine to reduce the annual cut. A certain consequence would be an advance in prices, which doubtless is looked to by the mill owners, though it was not openly discussed. As an introductory movement it was resolved to reduce the cut of the mills fifteen per cent, the agreement to take effect as soon as the manufacturers of 4,000,000,000 feet in the three states had given their assent, which it was expected would be easily obtained.

Here is a plain indication that the forests of the pine lumber states are being reduced to a point which makes it possible to control their product. Exhaustion, in these circumstances, will soon begin to be felt. Indeed it is our aim that the standing timber in the three states fit for the saw, will not afford above ten years further supply, unless the cut be greatly reduced.

In the vast interior, between here and Chicago, there will soon be so great a demand for lumber that it is not likely the product of our forests will be shipped through though in spite of the distance, it might become practicable as prices advance in that market. But there is matter of interest to us in the fact that exhaustion of forests in the states which supply the great central market will prevent the transportation of lumber very far west, and our lumbermen, therefore who will soon be looking toward the interior for a market, will not meet there the competition of lumber from beyond the Missouri. This is destined to become a great trade. Within a short time we shall see logs, which have been run out of the mountains by the many streams of western Oregon and western Washington cut into lumber and sent eastward to all points by rail for a thousand miles or more.

TROUBLE AHEAD

If one would realize the extent to which the democratic party is embarrassed on the tariff question, he has only to read representative journals of the party, like the *Sun* and *World* of New York. The *Sun* warns the party that it can succeed in 1884 only by making the distinction clear between a tariff for revenue and a tariff for protection and by pronouncing in favor of the latter, while the *World* declares that the reverse of the *Sun's* position is the true one for the party and the only one that holds out to it any hope of success.

It is going to be very hard for the party to "straddle" the question. So many interests in the manufacturing states are directly and powerfully affected by the tariff that equivocation will be next to impossible. In 1844 the democratic party successfully held both sides of the question. The free traders controlled the party but democratic managers in the manufacturing states set up the claim that they were just as good protectionists as the Clay whigs, and even better, and so the party carried Pennsylvania and won the election. It would be impossible in this day of more rapid political movement for any party to carry on such a contest of duplicity without exposure and consequent failure.

It is only necessary to recall the consternation into which the democratic party was plunged during the last month of the presidential contest of 1880 when the tariff question was sprung upon it to foresee the difficulties which will surround it when it comes to deal with the question in 1884. It will not dare to pronounce for a tariff for revenue only, it cannot possibly declare for protection and it cannot possibly dodge the question with a real hope of satisfying any part of the sentiment of the country.

Harper & Brothers announce George Ticknor Curtis' "Life of James Buchanan." It makes two large volumes and will be out this month. Mr Curtis it is understood will endeavor to reverse the opinions of the country as to Mr Buchanan's course toward the plotters of the rebellion.

AN EXPERIENCED GROOM

A recent issue of the *Turf, Field and Farm*, a leading sporting journal published in New York has the following advertisement in one of its recent issues:

WANTED. An experienced groom. [illegible] the highest current rate of wages will be paid. Address — this office.

[illegible] what constitutes an experienced groom. One would say from a [illegible] at the White House [illegible] groom [illegible] Jack [illegible] and [illegible] knows [illegible] on the field. And [illegible] the old horse [illegible] since Sunday [illegible]. But [illegible] experienced [illegible] understand the applicat[ion].

A reporter of the Philadelphia *Herald* recently interviewed an elderly gentleman from Baltimore who had just reached the tender and critical age of 76 years. This gentleman was first married at the infantile age of 18 and during the period that has elapsed since that he has answered [illegible] to the [illegible] no [illegible] of the attendant parson no less than thirteen times. Here's experience for you. How is that for a veteran bridegroom? We trust that this strange story [illegible] and [illegible] should it [illegible] be repeated in England there will be a [illegible] in Westminster Abbey as the [illegible] of Bluff Harry arise from their [illegible] and [illegible] around in search of new successors to Anne Boleyn and Catherine Parr.

Thirteen times married—and to think that in all his thirteen marriages he actually planted [illegible] loyal women [illegible] had a divorce. How could the legal profession ever respect such a man who never gave the bar a chance. The funeral baked meats did coldly furnish forth the marriage tables [illegible] Hamlet to Horatio. But this man in the [illegible] marriage is not amenable to this bitter sneer of the ill-starred Danish prince, for he did not wait for the meats to get cold. He was undoubtedly thrifty and had each new [illegible] made over for her successor in matrimony. The old man was a good [illegible] and patronized the parsons liberally. There was no [illegible] nor Wiggins that could scare him out of his favorite game of matrimony. He was an experienced groom and it was a cold day when he got left.

The news report of THE OREGONIAN is larger than that published by any other paper on the Pacific coast, and twice as large as that of any coast paper outside of San Francisco. In addition to the report of the Western Associated Press, which it publishes simultaneously with other journals THE OREGONIAN has a special report of equal and often of greater volume, covering all the important affairs of the world. The full news can be had in no other journal of the north west, and the proof that the public know this is found in the unprecedented call for the paper. In publishing so much better paper than ever before the proprietors are simply responding to a demand which is increasing with a rapidity beyond all their former experience.

To-day the time allotted for taking out liquor licenses under the new ordinance expires. It is probable that many places where liquors have hitherto been retailed will fail to pay the fee and furnish the bond. No doubt the proprietors think they can go on as before. But it is by no means apparent how they can. The police will doubtless be instructed to shut up every place which has no license. Nobody however need fear that there will not still be saloons enough. The business of taking out licenses will be sufficiently lively to-day.

In the report of Clarence King, special agent of the census on the production of precious metals in the United States Oregon ranks seventh on the roll of the mining states in the production of gold, eleventh in the output of silver and ninth in its yield of both metals. A curious fact, not generally known is that New Hampshire produces more gold than any other state east of the Rocky mountains.

The London *Times* remarks that for a sum which, within living memory was charged for an inside seat by mail from Manchester to London, a man may now cross the Atlantic in a safe easy and well appointed vessel and find himself in a new world surrounded by eager competitors for his valuable services.

MEETING NOTICES.

Hope Lodge, No. 1, A. O. U. W.—Members are requested to attend the meeting Tuesday evening 10th inst at 7:30 o'clock at the hall corner First and Taylor streets. Business of importance to be transacted. Also the elect Knights of the A. O. U. W. will pay a fraternal visit on the same evening. A cordial invitation is extended to members of sister lodges.
P. H. SHEDDERMAN, M W
H. BROWN, Recorder.

Birth, Marriage and death notices, fifty cents each insertion. Obituary notices and resolutions of condolence ten cents per line.
Transient advertisements payable in advance.
Small advertisements under "Wants," "To Let," "For Sale," "Lost," "Found," etc., ten cents a line for first insertion and five cents for each subsequent insertion. Seven words make a line.

BORN.

April 8, at the house of Mrs. O[illegible] this city, to the wife of Henry Newberry a son.

MARRIED.

At Roseburg, April 2 Jessie L. Dewey to Florence Eliff.

At Roseburg April [illegible] James Smikey and Mary Jane Guyer.

In Jackson county April 1 George Kyle and Miss Tillie Stearns.

DIED.

At the residence of [illegible] in Heppner Oregon, April 3 of croup following the measles, Belle, infant daughter of [illegible] and Mary [illegible], aged 9 months and 6 days.

In [illegible] Valley March [illegible] Oscar W. [illegible] aged [illegible] years.

The [illegible] Restaurant, [illegible] Front and First. [illegible] Proprietor.

NEW TO-DAY.

BOY WANTED—TO DRIVE A [illegible] AND make himself generally useful in a hardware store. Address, stating references, Drawer 28 P O.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework [illegible] American family. Good wages for good help. Apply at [illegible].

FOR SALE—A BARGAIN. THE ENTIRE FURniture and fixtures of the [illegible] the [illegible] doing a good business, sold only on account of ill health of the proprietor. For particulars enquire on the premises or to [illegible] & CO. No. [illegible] Second st.

WANTED—BARBER TO GO TO THE DALLES. Apply at JOHN COTTER'S, Morrison street, for particulars.

QUARRY MAN WANTED TO GET OUT DImension stone, long job. J. B. [illegible] Oregon City.

TO IMMIGRANTS—VALUABLE FARM LANDS in Yamhill and Polk counties can be secured on easy terms and in quantities to suit purchasers. For information and further particulars call on or apply to [illegible] SOUTHMAYD, Sheridan, Yamhill county, Oregon.

WANTED—A STRONG ACTIVE BOY ABOUT 15 years old to [illegible] and [illegible] to make himself useful as required. [illegible] preferred. Apply in own handwriting, to [illegible], Oregonian office.

CHEAPEST LAND IN THE MARKET AND no brokers commission. [illegible] tracts of garden land in [illegible] Portland on the [illegible] ferry road [illegible] HINSDALE.

FISHERMEN, ATTENTION—NETS FOR SALE. [illegible] 42 First st.

PARLOR AND BED ROOMS TO LET. [illegible]

LARGE NEATLY FURNISHED ROOM WITH [illegible]

NOTICE—FROM AND AFTER THIS DATE I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by anyone on my account. JOHN [illegible] Portland April 6 1883.

FOR RENT—BLOCK [illegible] ADDItion to East Portland [illegible] pasture. [illegible] National Bank [illegible].

FOR SALE—FOUR ACRES OF FINE GARDEN land on the [illegible] opposite car shops, on the Oregon City road and on the [illegible] eight room [illegible] house, good cistern and barn, [illegible] plenty of small fruits. Price [illegible].

NEW TO-DAY.

[illegible] STORE AND FIVE ROOMS [illegible] First.

VERY ELEGANTLY FURNISHED ROOMS IN [illegible]

UNFURNISHED ROOMS [illegible]

A [illegible]

A [illegible]

CONVEYANCES [illegible]

MONEY TO LOAN IN SUMS [illegible]

FORMS OF EVERY SIZE AND [illegible]

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN SITUATION [illegible]

$ 9,000 WANTED—SECURITY [illegible] SHAW & STEVENS, Washington st.

WANTED—A [illegible] SEWER [illegible]

WANTED—[illegible]

C[illegible]

DESIRABLE FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET [illegible]

LIVE WELL

by taking your meals at BROWN'S Second near Salmon

COUNTY TREASURER'S NOTICE—ALL COUNTY warrants drawn upon the Treasurer of Multnomah County, Oregon [illegible] presented will be paid [illegible] interest [illegible]. W. SHOWERS, Treasurer Multnomah County. Portland, April 1883.

FOR SALE [illegible] miles from East Portland [illegible] in cultivation, good house, two large barns [illegible] hay and [illegible]. $250 will buy a choice [illegible]. [illegible] McGREW & YOUNG.

WARNING—THE LADY WHO TOOK THE [illegible]

Most Stylish and Neatest Fitting Suits made by N. Davis, Fashionable Tailor, 89 First st.

WHITE & RIGGEN,

General Conveyancers, Notaries Public, Commissioners of Deeds for all the States and Territories, including the District of Columbia. 60 Stark St., Portland, Or.

MONEY TO LOAN—$1000 TO LOAN ON APproved security. CURTIS & MUNLEY, Attorneys at Law, 105 First st.

BROWN'S CENTRAL MARKET.

MEALS FROM 15 CENTS.

FOR SALE—A GOOD BUSINESS BLOCK, Already paying one per cent a month rent on investment. Five Choice Lots in [illegible] to Portland. One Good Business Lot in East Portland. First Residence [illegible] in South Portland $1400. Extra Bargain [illegible] and Bellevue Additions to East Portland. Choice Residence Lots in Albina. 20 Acres of [illegible]. 85 Acres [illegible] adjoining city limits of East Portland. All the above and many other good bargains can be secured by calling on [illegible] LONG, 104 First st.

SPECIAL AUCTION SALE

OF

SALOON FIXTURES.

We will sell on the premises, the N. W. corner of First and [illegible] streets.

THIS DAY, TUESDAY, APRIL 10, 1883 [illegible] o'clock A. M.

The entire Furniture and Fixtures of Saloon, comprising Counter, Sideboard, Glassware, Chandelier, Tables, Chairs etc. etc.

GILMAN & CO. Auctioneers.

Choice Homestead Property At Auction.

We are instructed to sell by auction at our salesroom No. [illegible] First Street,

ON WEDNESDAY, APRIL 11,

At 10 o'clock A. M.

CHOICE HOMESTEAD PROPERTY

Being the north half of double block A situated upon Montgomery street between Tenth and Eleventh. 8 lots 50x100 feet each. This property is delightfully situated in one of the pleasantest parts of the city, and is most desirable in every respect. We respectfully request parties who contemplate buying to visit this property. Title perfect. Terms one half cash, balance in twelve months with 9 per cent interest per annum.

This property will be sold in subdivisions to suit buyers.

GILMAN & CO. Auctioneers.

BURROWS, WILKS & OLIVER,

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE AGENTS

4 Washington street. Portland, Or.

A lot 30x200 in the heart of the city, with good two-story brick and wharf warehouse. The best investment offered in Portland.

A number of very desirable business lots, central location.

Residence property, lots quarter and full blocks—improved or unimproved.

Suburban lots—$50 to $200.

Farms—200 acres [illegible] valley road, well improved and part good [illegible].

Splendid dairy farm on the Columbia river, 5 miles from Portland.

385 acres [illegible] from Portland, half mile river frontage.

PARRISH, CORNELL & WATKINS,

REAL ESTATE AGENTS

45 Washington street.

A farm of 32 acres [illegible] miles from Portland, [illegible] house, barn and orchard, good water. Price $1800.

A [illegible] dairy farm [illegible] 100 acres with dairy and farming implements [illegible] cows, [illegible] horses and wagons. Price $[illegible] $500 down.

160 acres 16 miles S. W. of Portland 80 acres [illegible] in cultivation, house, barn [illegible] good water, stock and farming [illegible].

60 acres [illegible] from Portland.

240 acres 14 miles S. E. of Portland, small house and barn, 4 acres in cultivation [illegible] head of cattle [illegible].

250 acres 12 miles from Portland [illegible].

200 acres with improvements [illegible] half down.

120 acres in Yamhill county [illegible].

We also have on sale valuable [illegible] improved lands [illegible]. PARRISH, CORNELL & WATKINS.

LONDON AND SAN FRANCISCO BANK,

LIMITED

Capital and Reserve $2,420,000.00

Head Office, 22 Old Broad st. London.

This bank transacts a general banking and exchange business [illegible].

Portland Office, cor. Third and Oak Sts.

W. MACKINTOSH Manager.

FOR SALE.

Lots in City View Addition to Albina on the installment plan. These lots are on the river bank below Albina, immediately adjoining the O. R. & N. Co.'s terminal works, and Gibson Church & Co's flouring mill premises, are on high ground, in full view of Portland. Prices low; terms easy. WHITE & RIGGEN, Real Estate Agents.

FOR SALE.

Lots in Park Addition to Albina, on the installment plan. But very few lots left in this choice location. WHITE & RIGGEN, Real Estate Agents.

FOR SALE.

Lots in White Forest in north end of the city near Watson's Addition on the installment plan, all handsomely improved. Investment guaranteed. WHITE & RIGGEN, Real Estate Agents.

FOR SALE.

Choice Corner Lot on Fourth street, with building $4,000; worth $7,500. WHITE & RIGGEN, Real Estate Agts.

FOR SALE.

Very Choice Ten-Acre Tract, adjoining city on the west—$15,000. WHITE & RIGGEN, Real Estate Agents.

FOR SALE.

Choice Lots in Albina, on high ground and level; no improvement necessary; $500 each. WHITE & RIGGEN, Real Estate Agents.

FOR SALE.

Splendid Quarter Block in East Portland one block from center of business—$4,750. WHITE & RIGGEN, Real Estate Agents.

WANTS.

WANTED—IN A PRIVATE FAMILY BY MAN and wife board with two or three furnished rooms [illegible]

WANTED—[illegible] MYERS & WHITWELL [illegible]

HELP WANTED.

AT CARTWRIGHT & AUBREY'S EMPLOYment office [illegible]

WANTED—[illegible]

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork [illegible]

WANTED—CASH BOY [illegible]

WANTED—A [illegible] WAGON [illegible]

WANTED—A FIRST CLASS GIRL [illegible]

WANTED—EMPLOYMENT.

A YOUNG MAN SEEKS A SITUATION AS [illegible]

WANTED—[illegible]

TO LET—ROOMS.

FURNISHED ROOMS WITH BOARD [illegible]

UNFURNISHED ROOMS TO LET IN SUITE OR single [illegible] McGREW [illegible]

NICE AIRY PLEASANT ROOMS FOR RENT [illegible]

THE ARLINGTON S. W. CORNER SECOND [illegible]

TABLE BOARD [illegible]

FURNISHED ROOMS ON LARGE FRONT [illegible]

Furnished Rooms [illegible]

ELEGANTLY FURNISHED ROOMS [illegible]

DESIRABLE ROOMS WITH BOARD [illegible]

FOR RENT—IN THE LARGE AND ELEGANT residence formerly occupied by P. J. Mann [illegible] North Fourth st.—Single rooms or en-suite with [illegible]

AGENTS WANTED.

WANTED—EIGHT OR 10 SUCCESSFUL BOOK agents of enterprise and pluck to operate as general agents and train others to [illegible] work of remarkable merit and great salability [illegible] worth $1000 to $2,500 per annum. Address giving full particulars of experience, age etc. MR. F. [illegible] WITH A. L. Bancroft & Co., 721 Market st., San Francisco.

3 NEW SUBSCRIPTION BOOKS THAT PAY agents from $10 to $20 per day. Address A. ROMAN 120 Sutter street, San Francisco, Cala.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—ACTIVE, WIDE awake smart men and women to canvass for our rapid selling books. Cut this out and address at once A. L. BANCROFT & CO. San Francisco, Cal.

MEDICAL AND SURGICAL.

EYE AND EAR INFIRMARY AND SANITARIUM—DR. J. R. PILKINGTON. Office [illegible] corner First and Washington sts. Hours [illegible] P. M.

DAIRY PRODUCE.

E. [illegible] & CO. DAIRY PRODUCE AND provisions No. 31 Front, cor Ash, Portland.

HUMAN HAIR GOODS.

CLIFF WASS, NO. 84 MORRISON STREET. Dealer in human hair. All kinds of work in hair done to order. See the new wave.

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW MARKET THEATER.

Fourth Annual Exhibit of the OLYMPIC CLUB,

FRIDAY EVENING, APRIL 13, AND Saturday Matinee.

PROGRAMME.

PART I

1—Statue Pyramids.
2—Double Clog.
3—Horizontal Bar.
4—Bicycle.
5—Double Trapeze.

Intermission.

PART II

1—Tumbling.
2—Indian Clubs.
3—Horse.
4—Parallel Bars.
5—Ladder Pyramids.

Doors open at 7. Performance at 8 o'clock sharp. Reserved seats at Cornelius Drug Store. Tickets to be had of any of the members.

NEW TO-DAY.

O. R. & N. CO.

On and after April 7th, 1883, Tickets will be sold on Ainsworth dock from 7:30 to 8:30 P. M.

JOHN MUIR, Supt. of Traffic.

SELLWOOD TIME TABLE.

Commencing Friday, April 6th.

STEAMERS DOLLY AND BRAZEE.

LEAVE PORTLAND		LEAVE SELLWOOD	
6:15 A. M.	1:00 P. M.	6:[illegible] A. M.	1:30 P. M.
7:00 A. M.	3:00 P. M.	8:20 A. M.	7:00 P. M.
10:00 A. M.	4:00 P. M.	9:30 A. M.	5:00 P. M.
11:00 A. M.	6:15 P. M.	12:00 M.	6:15 P. M.

For Milwaukie and Oswego.—The boats leaving Portland at 11 and 4 P. M. will run to Oswego, touching at Sellwood, Red House and Milwaukie both ways. Returning, will leave Oswego at 9 A. M. and 5:30 P. M. [illegible]

These trips will be continued if the residents of Oswego and Milwaukie give sufficient encouragement.

Passage to or from Oswego, Milwaukie or White House, 25 cents. Passage to Sellwood from either way 15 cents. Round trip, 25 cents.

ON SUNDAY a boat will leave Portland every hour commencing at 9 A. M.

MASON & POLLARD'S ANTI-MALARIA

OR

FEVER & AGUE PILLS.

A

RADICAL AND PERMANENT CURE

FOR

MALARIA, FEVER AND AGUE!

AND ALL BILIOUS DISEASES

MILD, HARMLESS AND SURE.

CREATIVE COATED. AGREEABLE TO TAKE.

[illegible] Druggists. Depot 72 John St. N. Y.

A[illegible] MEN

All those who from indiscretions, excesses or other causes are weak, unnerved, low spirited, physically drained and unable to perform life's duties properly can be certainly and permanently cured, without stomach medicines. Endorsed by doctors, ministers and the press. The Medical Weekly says: "The old plan of treating [illegible] is wholly superseded by [illegible]." Even hopeless cases assured of certain restoration to full and perfect manhood. Simple, effective, cleanly, pleasant. Send for treatise. Consultation with physician free. MARSTON REMEDY CO., 46 W. 14th St., New York.

DIVIDEND No. 21

THE HOME MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY will pay its regular monthly [illegible] April 10 [illegible] GEO. L. STORY, Man'r, Oregon Branch.

JOHN M. PITTINGER & CO.,

REAL ESTATE AGENTS

Albina, Oregon.

HANDSOME PROPERTY ON [illegible] STREET [illegible]

Epicures lunch and dine at Eppinger's car, First and A. Breakfast there.

Artistic job printing at W. H. Schwab's, 122 Front, cor. Washington. Lowest prices.

I. G. Davidson Photographer 1st and Yamhill.

E. C. Hall Architect, over First National Bank.

Stove Repairing by M. Brown, 102 2d St.

J. E. Stuart Artist, Ainsworth Block.

A. B. Williams & Co., General Machinists, 52 Front street.

SHINGLES.

100,000 [illegible] Shingles [illegible] for sale [illegible] Front street.

TO LET—HOUSES AND STORES.

FOR RENT. FOR SALE—HOUSE TO RENT and furniture for sale central location. Address [illegible] Oregonian.

CHANCE FOR HOUSEKEEPING. VERY DEsirable rooms in brick building with [illegible]. Apply to [illegible] & YOUNG [illegible].

TO LET FINE OFFICES IN NEW BRICK building [illegible] McGREW & YOUNG [illegible] Stark street.

OFFICES TO LET IN NEW BRICK BUILDING [illegible] McGREW & YOUNG [illegible] Stark st.

HARNESS AND SADDLERY.

JOHN CLARK MANUFACTURER AND DIRECT importer of fine harness as well as [illegible] horse clothing, turf goods, saddlery, hardware etc. [illegible] 104 and 106 Front st., Portland, Or.

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

MEIER [illegible] & CO. FANCY DRY GOODS [illegible]

M[illegible] CRANE & CO. IMPORTERS OF [illegible] dry goods [illegible]

YOUNG & VALENTINE FANCY DRY goods [illegible]

WHITE, GOLDSMITH & CO., IMPORTERS and jobbers [illegible]

WHOLESALE BOOTS AND SHOES

GEORGE [illegible] & CO. WHOLESALE [illegible]

H[illegible] IMPORTERS AND [illegible]

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

ALLEN & LEWIS WHOLESALE GROCERS, corner N. Front and D sts., Portland, Or.

CORBITT & MACLEAY WHOLESALE GROcers and Commission Merchants [illegible]

[illegible] & CO. GROCERS AND COMmission [illegible] North Front [illegible]

McCRAKEN & MASON WHOLESALE GROcers and Commission Merchants [illegible]

[illegible] WHOLESALE GROCERIES. [illegible] North Front st. Portland.

WADHAMS & ELLIOTT WHOLESALE GROcers, Forwarding and Commission Merchants, Nos [illegible] Front street Portland, Or.

MILL AND FARM MACHINERY.

STAVER & WALKER FRONT ST. FOOT OF Salmon. Importers of [illegible] spring wagons [illegible] and all kinds of farm machinery and implements. Send for illustrated catalogue.

CHAS. H. DODD & CO. SOLE AGENTS BUCKeye Mower and Reaper, Canton [illegible] Thresher, Holbrook Header, Schuttler Wagons, Front, First and Vine sts.

[illegible] MAN & CO., MAKERS OF ENGINES [illegible] Grist and Sawmill [illegible] Brass Castings etc. Front st. bet. Columbia and Clay.

[illegible] WAGNER & CO. FLOURING MILLS EX[illegible] All kinds of flouring mill machinery No. [illegible] Front St. See circular.

KNAPP, BURRELL & CO., WHOLESALE FARM machinery. Agents for Bain wagons, Buffalo Pitts Threshers, McCormick Twine Binders, Champion Mowers and Reapers, portable and stationary engines, saw mills, grist mill machinery, rubber and leather belting, farm implements of every description. Front, Vine and Ash Sts.

HAWLEY BROTHERS, NOS. [illegible] FRONT ST. Importers and dealers in all kinds of farm and mill machinery, Woods mowers, reapers and binders, La Belle wagons, Rock Island Clipper plows, Hatsberry drills and seeders, etc. etc. Send for catalogue.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

ALLEN & LEWIS COMMISSION AND PROduce Merchants, cor N. Front and D Sts., Portland, Or.

C[illegible] & CO. COMMISSION MERCHANTS and dealers in wheat and wool. No. [illegible] North Front street, Portland, Or.

DODD & RIVER COMMISSION MERCHANTS, agents for Nabob Whisky, Dry Monopole Champagne, and Eisen's Vineyard of Fresno, Cal. No. 10 N. Front street, Portland.

HEBREN & HASELL GENERAL COMMISsion Merchants, 16 N. Front St., Portland, Or.

CARRIAGES AND WAGONS.

ROAD CARTS—A NEW PATTERN DIFFERent from those made last year. No shake; easy to get in or out of. Lowest prices. Made of the best material. T. B. FREEMAN, near to [illegible] street depot, East Portland.

W. W. ESPEY, SALMON ST. BETWEEN Front and First—Manufacturer of carriages, buggies, wagons, trucks, drays, road carts, etc. Every vehicle will outlast two of eastern make, every thing warranted and sold cheaper than by anybody.

CARRIAGE AND WAGON MATERIAL.

E. J. NORTHRUP & CO. 28 AND 30 FRONT ST. (established 1856) deal exclusively in Carriage and Wagon Material, Iron, Steel and Coal.

[illegible] & CO. CARRIAGE AND Wagon Material, Coal, Iron, Steel and Hardware, cor. First, Front and Yamhill streets, Portland.

GUNPOWDER.

CHAS. H. DODD & CO. AGENTS CAL. POWDER Works, Front, First and Vine sts. Portland.

CORBITT & [illegible] & CO., AGENTS FOR DUpont's gunpowder, [illegible] Front street, Portland, Oregon.

HARDWARE, IRON AND STEEL.

CHAS. H. DODD & CO., IMPORTERS AND JOBbers [illegible] Front and Vine streets, Portland.

CORBITT [illegible] & CO., IMPORTERS AND [illegible] Front street, Portland, Oregon.

FOSTER & ROBERTSON, IMPORTERS AND jobbers [illegible] Front street, Portland.

SCALES.

FOSTER & ROBERTSON AGENTS FAIRBANKS [illegible] Standard Scales, every scale warranted by us. [illegible] Front street.

MANTELS AND CHANDELIERS.

FOSTER & ROBERTSON—MARBLEIZED IRON mantels [illegible] agents for Mitchell, Vance & Co.'s gas fixtures. [illegible] Front st., Portland.

PAINTS, OILS AND GLASS.

F. E. BEACH & CO.—PAINTS OILS AND GLASS, 101 Front street, Portland, Or.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

BUSINESS CHANCE—FOR SALE [illegible] A well fitted up and old established saloon [illegible] one of the best [illegible] part of the city and paying handsomely. Parties seeking a good paying, respectable business, will do well to see this at once as owner must sell on account of departure. Full particulars of [illegible] & CO., 125½ First street, up-stairs.

WANTED—PARTNER—ANY GENTLEMAN with cash capital of from $300 to $500 can buy interest in one of the best paying business in Portland; no agents. Address direct "IMPORT," this office.

$12,000 WILL BUY TWO WOOL GRIST mills, three dwelling houses, 12 [illegible] acres of land, located in a flourishing village in Southern Oregon. One of the best bargains in the state. Call on, or address, [illegible], Portland, Or.

BUSINESS SPECIALS.

CHIMNEY SWEEPING, STOVE POLISHING, carpet beating and general jobbing. Also take [illegible]. Apply at the [illegible] House [illegible] CHRISTOPHER SALANDUS.

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, VARNISHES AT [illegible] CROFRICUS, First near Main.

BUY—TRY IT—RED CROWN FLOUR—THE best for family use; ask your grocer for it; have no other. The only new process flour manufactured in Oregon. [illegible] LANNING & CO. Albina, Oregon. Wadhams & Elliott Agents, Portland.

WANTED—LADIES HATS TO PRESS, BLEACH and dye in the latest style by MRS. [illegible], 146 C street, corner Seventh.

PERSONAL TO TAILORS—I HAVE A NICE stock of French, English and American suitings, and a large assortment of trimmings, selected by myself, which I offer to the trade at lowest prices. Call and examine these goods. [illegible] cor First and Alder streets.

BEAUTIFUL BISQUE FIGURES AND ORNAments at a discount of over [illegible] description at the NEW YORK NOVELTY CO'S, [illegible] First St.

BURKHART & SPAULDING, Butchers and Packers, cor. Third and Ash sts., offer a full line of best quality of Meats, Hams and Bacon.

COMPOUND OXYGEN—The most powerful Alterative and Vitalizer known. It can entirely prevent [illegible], cures Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Paralysis, and all affections of the nervous system; also completely restores lost vitality. Best of references furnished on application. It is manufactured and scientifically administered at my office. Call and test it for yourself. Office treatment given free. DR. JAMES KECK, No. 133 First street, corner Alder, Portland, O.

NOTICE TO

WOOL GROWERS & SHIPPERS.

WE BEG LEAVE TO INFORM OUR PATRONS that we have established in connection with our Wool Commission business a

Wool Grading and Baling Warehouse,

We have in our employ an experienced Wool Assorter and Grader. Parties sending their Wool to be sorted and graded will do well by giving us a call. We will make liberal cash advances on consignments. Shipping [illegible]. KOSHLAND BROS., Wool Commission Merchants, COR. FRONT AND [illegible] Portland, Or.

THE QUON WO ON COMPANY,

DEALERS IN

SUGAR, RICE AND CHINESE GOODS.

Chinese Labor furnished for contractors. New brick building, 91 Second st., east side, between Oak and Pine, Portland, Oregon.

LEW CHAN [illegible] MAN WAI
LEE [illegible]
AH SAW GANG [illegible]

FOR SALE.

PURE BRED JERSEYS—I HAVE SEVERAL cows and calves and heifers for sale; can be seen for a few days at the livery stable corner Second and Main streets. D. E. THOMPSON.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE—PIANO, FURNITURE and restaurant furniture and fixtures.—Pursuant to an order of the circuit court of the State of Oregon for Multnomah County authorizing and directing me so to do I will sell at public auction at the same time and place the residue of the personal property of the estate of Harry F. Irwin, insolvent, now advertised for sale by the sheriff of Multnomah County, Oregon, at the southwest corner of Taylor and Third streets, Portland, Oregon, on the premises known as the Mallory [illegible], on Tuesday April 10 1883 at 10 o'clock A. M. The property to be sold including household furniture [illegible] stoves, bar and restaurant fixtures, all in good condition. Terms of sale cash. D. P. KENNEDY, Assignee of the Estate of Harry F. Irwin, insolvent.

SALE POSTPONED till April 23d at same time and place.

FOR SALE AND GOOD-PAYING—A WELL ESTablished grocery business; ill health cause for selling. Inquire at 231 Montgomery st.

FOR SALE—ONE HALF INTEREST IN THE best paying hotel in the city. Call at once and satisfy yourself at the office of HANLEY & COLE, [illegible] N. wharf block.

FOR SALE SODA WATER GENERATOR AND two large tanks. Address BERNHEIM & ALTSCHUL, [illegible] First street, Portland, Or.

FOR SALE—THE SALOON ON THE N. W. CORner of First and [illegible] streets is for sale. The bar, bar fixtures, furniture, stock in trade of wines, liquors and cigars are included. For particulars of sale inquire at 1[illegible] First street, room 3, Alisky & Heegele's building. JAMES FRAINEY, Assignee.

FOR SALE—HORSE, BUGGY AND HARNESS. WESTERN CARRIAGE CO., 211 Fourth st.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—5 ACRES OF LAND ON RAILROAD, 2½ miles from Milwaukie on county road; one half is fine beaver dam drained and fenced, will raise a crop this year; the other half is good upland, with two acres in a young orchard; a large new dwelling shed; [illegible] fine location for a dwelling house, with fine spring of pure water. Price $[illegible] half cash. JOHNSON, McCOWN & SUTTING, at Oregon City.

FOR SALE—A LOT ON THE WEST SIDE OF First street, suitable for business houses; we consider it the best and cheapest business lot for sale in the city of Portland; price $7,000. See E. J. HAIGHT & CO., Real Estate Agents, 52 Morrison street.

FOR SALE—VALUABLE PROPERTY, N. W. corner Sixth and Mill and Fourth street, between Mill and Market. Also lots in East Portland, cor. G and Sixth and G and Fifth streets. For particulars apply at No. 70 Oak st.

FARM FOR SALE—$2000. EIGHTY ACRES, 4½ miles from Lafayette, W. T. There is a fine young orchard and small fruit in abundance, good barn and all necessary outbuildings, on very easy terms. For particulars inquire of BURROWS, WILKS & OLIVER, 4 Washington st., Portland, Or.

FOR SALE—TWO LOTS IN THE BUSINESS part of the city are offered cheap for a few days. This property is worth investigating, as it will be found that as good and cheap real estate as this is decidedly scarce. BORTHWICK & BONNASTER, [illegible] street, in rear of old First National Bank.

FOR SALE—160 ACRES, 100 ACRES CULTIvated, good house, barn and orchard, two good wells and a good spring of water; price $[illegible] down, balance in two years. For particulars call at [illegible] Oak street.

HOTEL WHICH PAYS $125 PER DAY AT A bargain.

One lot, 40x100, two houses, Seventeenth and Y streets, Watson's Addition, $[illegible].

7 business lots on Second, in Couch Addition, at a bargain.

55 acres near city, $65 per acre.

3 fine dairy farms.

4 business lots in Watson's Addition.

And numerous small farms.

Apply to SMITHSON & CO., 112½ First street, [illegible] Washington.

$2000 WILL BUY 80 ACRES OF GOOD timber land, [illegible] miles from [illegible] Portland, good county road [illegible] within one and a half miles of a good saw mill. If the timber is removed it will make an excellent farm and be in full view of the city. I will divide [illegible] off in ten-acre parcels. Call on, or address [illegible] CATMAN, Portland, Or.

ROYAL HENSLEE & CO., REAL ESTATE AGENTS, have lands, improved or unimproved, in large or small tracts. Also city property for sale of all kinds. Correspondence solicited. Send for price list with prices. Vancouver, Clarke County, W. T.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTing between Thomas Lett Stahlschmidt and Robert Ward, trading under the firm name of Stahlschmidt & Ward, at Victoria, B. C., as commission merchants, shipping and insurance agents, has been dissolved by mutual consent, as from 31st December 1882. Mr. Robert Ward has assumed the liabilities and assets of the late firm and will continue the business at Victoria for his sole account, under the firm name of Robert Ward & Co. No. 4, Commercial Row, Wharf st., Victoria, B. C., March 15th, 1883.

ROBERT WARD & CO.,

Commission Merchants, Shipping and Insurance Agents,

VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Represented in London by W. J. Gardner & Co., 40 Queen Victoria st., E. C.

ARCHITECTS AND ENGINEERS.

ADAM SCHILLING—CARPENTER. C. F. [illegible]

SCHILLING & [illegible],

ENGINEERS AND BRIDGE BUILDERS,

Room 25, National Bank Building, Portland.

General Engineering, construction of Wood, Combination and Iron Bridge Trusses and Piers a specialty. Attention given to improvement of lands and [illegible] and irrigation.

H. W. & T. M. COLLINS,

CIVIL ENGINEERS AND DRAUGHTSMEN,

Special Attention given to City Work.

Office—Room 10, Ainsworth Block, Third and Oak streets.

C. W. BROWN, CIVIL ENGINEER.

Railroad, Hydraulic, Bridge and General Engineering Work, and Surveying.

Room 11 Ainsworth Block, cor. Third & Oak.

E. B. COOPER. M. A. HAMILTON.

COOPER & HAMILTON,

CIVIL ENGINEERING AND SURVEYING.

Room 14, First National Bank, Portland, Or.

Plans and Estimates furnished for Wharves and Bridging.

A. BRADFORD,

ARCHITECT

Rooms 21 and 22, First National Bank Building, Portland, Oregon.

John Cran & Co.

We direct attention to the fact that we have now received our stock of

CHILDREN'S

CLOAKS AND DRESSES.

PARASOLS,

SUN UMBRELLAS

AND

UMBRELLAS,

With New and Unique Handles.

HOSIERY

SUMMER GLOVES

In New Shades.

LACE CURTAINS,

MADRAS CURTAINS.

Salmon! Salmon!

COLUMBIA RIVER SPRING SALMON [illegible] (two days) right from Astoria. Received 1000 lbs. Last Evening. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL AT THE WASHINGTON MARKET, Cor. Fourth and Washington Sts. [illegible], Prop'r.

MATZOTH. MATZOTH.

THE EMPIRE BAKERY,

[illegible] Washington street.

Is again in the field with Matzoth for the coming Passover [illegible] J. L. Friedman.

VOSS & FUHR.

Big Thing on Wheels!

DIETZ' AXLE OIL!

Wholesale Depot, 170 Front St.

ISAAC B. HUNTOON & CO.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

Arrivals at Port of Discharge.

Albert Bartsch,

FORTY FOUR CHINESE GAMBLERS CAPTURED.—Last night the police successfully raided a Chinese gambling house under the theater at the corner of Second and Alder streets and captured 44 of the devotees of the fascinating game of tan. Policemen Holmberg, James Barry and Turner, armed with an axe and crowbar, acted as advance guard. The door on the Alder street side was guarded, and Holmberg made a rush, supported by James, and taking the doorkeeper by surprise, passed in and in a trice the second door was gained, and the citadel of tan won. Such a scattering as took place, and such a jabbering has seldom been heard since the contractors threw up the job at Babel. Barry and Turner guarded the door and Holmberg, Dobbins, James and others gathered the prisoners in squads or four by their queues and marched them to the city jail. A number of lay-outs and about $22 in coin were captured. Some of the crowd ran up-stairs, so he hid under a staircase, but every last one was run in. They filled two cells at the jail, and that place was crowded up to a late hour by anxious friends, who bailed out many at the rate of $25 per head. It is to be hoped that those fellows won't get off so easily as the last lot captured.

CHEAP WHISKY KILLED HIM.—About two o'clock yesterday morning, Captain Turner, of the steamer Ordway, moored at the Nicolai wharf, was aroused by shrieks for help from a man in the river near the bow of the boat. Assistance was given as quickly as possible, but the unfortunate man was dead before he could be taken from the water. Dr. Burns was summoned and for an hour and a half made futile efforts at resuscitation. Coroner Cooke was then notified and the body taken to the morgue. In one of the drowned man's pockets was found a letter from J. I. Montgomery, certifying that the bearer, M. P. Dunegan, had worked for him on the railroad as foreman of a gang of laborers, performing his duties faithfully and satisfactorily. Other men identified the body as that of M. P. Dunegan, and some testimony taken before the coroner's jury showed that the man was under the influence of liquor at the time of his death. A verdict of accidental drowning was accordingly rendered. Some suspicion of foul play was had at first, but an investigation proved it to be unfounded.

CONTRACT AWARDED.—Bids for supplying the various military posts of Oregon, Washington and Idaho, with wood, hay, oats, barley, etc., for the fiscal year commencing July 1, were opened yesterday at Vancouver by Major A. S. Kimball. The contract for Forts Stevens, Canby and Vancouver, aggregating $30,000, was awarded to Mr. Wm. Burnell of this city. The bids presented averaged for hay $30 per ton, hard wood $5 50 per cord, oats 72 cents per bushel, straw $10 per ton.

ANOTHER STORY.—L. L. Hawkins, agent for Capt. J. C. Ainsworth, let a contract yesterday to F. W. Lewis, for adding a third story to the building occupied by Knapp, Burrell & Co. The contract requires that this work, as well as the rebuilding of the burned store adjoining, be done by June 1.

BRIEF MENTION.

Beef is blue and butchers ditto.

The remains of Archie Clark were taken to Oregon City yesterday, for burial.

C. H. Myers, an old-time plumber of Portland, was in town Monday. He now resides near Oregon City.

Wells, Fargo & Co. have affected arrangements by which they can make telegraph transfers of money on New York.

Two women, Mrs. Margaret McGeary and Mrs. Susanne Kilb, have taken out naturalization papers at Walla Walla.

The Ladies' Aid society of the Baptist church will hold a meeting this afternoon at two o'clock at the church parlors.

Mrs. Elizabeth Lowe has begun suit in the State Circuit court asking for a divorce from her husband, Lewis L. Lowe.

The ladies of the Baptist church will give a literary and musical entertainment and social to-morrow night at the church.

A license to sell liquors in Western precinct for a period of six months has been granted to M. Hausch by the county court.

Regular trips are again being made by the Jefferson street ferry boat Veto, her boilers having been repaired and thoroughly tested.

Much interest now centers in the question, Who will be the first unlicensed saloon-keeper arrested? A day or two more will tell the story.

The Occidental hotel stage lost a front wheel while making a trip up First street yesterday, but the horses behaved well and no one was hurt.

The roaring farce of "Handy Andy" will be produced at the New Market theater to-morrow evening by the Rising Star literary and dramatic society.

An enterprising photographer took a view of the old Central School building yesterday, as it lay across and completely blocking up Harrison street.

There will be a stated conclave of Oregon Commandery No. 1 at their asylum in Masonic Temple this (Tuesday) evening at 7:30 o'clock. Work in the Red Cross degree.

Al. James, sentenced to pay a fine of $100 for assaulting Ida Hodkin, is sick with jail fever. McCoy, his pal, is still quite sick and confined to his bed most of the time.

James Turk, Esq., has just completed a hotel building at the corner of Thirteenth and B streets, containing 24 rooms. He will shortly engage in the hotel business exclusively.

By the steamship State of California there arrived 316 bars of iron for the Transcontinental street railway company. From this it is judged that work on the company's road is to be commenced at once.

One Kenny, who arrived here on the last steamer, was arrested by Chief of Police Lappeus at the St. Charles last evening. He is insane, probably from the effects of drink, and can give no rational account of himself.

The taxpayers of this county have been more than usually prompt with their payments this year. The tax roll amounted to about $748,000, and of this sum only $11,500 figures on the delinquent list returned by the sheriff.

Letters in the business office of THE OREGONIAN for E. F. G. (5), Mrs. Lalor (2), M. E. H. (2), James (2), E. J., Homes (3), F. L. L., A. J., Harry Thompson, A. W. (2), N. S., J. M. J. (2), Manufacturer (1), P. B. (4), H., E. X.

James McNutt, the sailor of the American ship Imperial who is confined in the county jail on a charge of shooting a shipmate through the shoulder while off Cape Horn, has instructed his attorney to enter a plea of guilty.

Several persons, who went out to Dairy creek fishing on Sunday report fine weather and good sport in that section. Ferrie Henshaw proved the champion, he having killed 45 trout, ranging from eight inches to a foot in length.

Dan. Fritzler, convicted of robbing Frank Lawrence and sentenced to the penitentiary, has been taken up to Salem, and Jo. Baker, his partner in the crime who has received a like punishment, will be taken up some time this week.

As will be seen by a notice elsewhere County Treasurer Showers is prepared to pay off all county warrants properly indorsed. He says he is tired of keeping the money on hand, and will be happy to be relieved of it by paying it out.

There is a man in this city who is 65 years old and has never told a lie. Incredulous people may be fully satisfied of the truth of this statement by calling upon the man and examining his credentials. He is deaf and dumb, and was born so.

The Ladies' Foreign Missionary society will meet in the vestry of the First Presbyterian church this afternoon at two o'clock. Matters of interest will be brought up, and incidents given which have not appeared in print. All are cordially invited.

Since the late runaway, the old wagon which Chief of Police Lappeus formerly used in carrying persons and things to and from the smallpox hospital, has been condemned by the city as unfit for repairs and a new one has been bought to replace it.

Ding Win and Ding Son, two celestials who run the turns in a tan game on Second street, were held to await the action of the grand jury to the tune of $100 each in Justice Greene's court yesterday. Not being able to furnish bonds, both were committed to the county jail.

Some property owners of East Portland should pay up their delinquent school taxes and save further costs than those which have already accrued. Sheriff Sears sold several valuable pieces of property the other day, and more will soon be brought under the hammer if the delinquency is not promptly settled.

Three hundred Chinamen, the rear guard of Kallett's army, arrived in the city Sunday night. Work will be given them soon, it is thought, on the Kalama branch. There are now so many of the heathen in the city that their incessant jabbering anywhere in the neighborhood of Chinatown is enough to drive one wild.

A native of sunny Italy called at this office yesterday and protested against the statement that Gianini, convicted at Vancouver of the murder of Geo. Ricco, was an Italian. He is a Swiss by birth, but probably from Canton Ticino, on the southern side of the Alps, the natives of which speak the Italian language, which accounts for the mistake.

AUCTION SALES TO-DAY.

Gilman & Co. hold regular sale at salesroom at 10 A. M., and special sale of saloon fixtures and liquors at 2 P. M., at the N. W. corner of First and E streets.

Handy Andy is chuck full of fun. Don't fail to see him.

WESTERN OREGON FARM LAND.

Farm lands in western Oregon sell, when changing hands, at prices very much lower than land similarly situated to market is worth in any other part of the world. The Willamette valley is destined to be the most densely populated section of the union. Its great productiveness and its delightfully mild climate combine to produce this result. Lands which can now be bought for a few dollars per acre will soon be worth twenty times as much. Many of the old settlers who have accumulated a competency desire to sell out and move into the towns, where they can enjoy the fruits of their success undisturbed by the cares of a farm. Hundreds of these have placed their lands in the hands of E. I. Haight & Co., 52 Morrison street, Portland, the leading farm land agency of the city to be sold. New-comers should examine the list.

If you have the blues Handy Andy will cure them.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Miscellaneous.
County Treasurer's Notice.
A. C. Southmayd—Real Estate.
White & Rigney—Real Estate.
Olds & Summers—Crockery, etc.
Lent, McGrew & Young—Real Estate.
Burrows, Weeks & Oliver—Real Estate.
Parrish, Cornell & Watkins—Real Estate.

Don't fail to see Handy Andy.

If from grief you'd seek relief, come and see poor Handy Andy.

The stars in a grand bill Wednesday evening at New Market.

DEATH OF E. J. NORTHRUP.

His Skull Crushed by a Fall at His Place of Business.

He Dies at His Home at Half-past Five Last Evening—His Life and Character.

At about half-past two o'clock yesterday afternoon, Edward J. Northrup met with an accident which caused death three hours later. A short time ago the stock of E. J. Northrup & Co. was removed to a building recently erected by the firm on the east side of Front street, between Salmon and Main. Yesterday Mr. Northrup caused a hole to be cut in the floor of the store about 2x4 feet, intending to utilize the large space below for the storage of lumber. Some time after he was searching on the shelves on the south side of the store for some article, and not finding it, stepped back to glance over the shelves, and forgetting the trap, to which the cover had not yet been adjusted, fell backward through it to the ground below, a distance of about twenty feet, striking on his head, fracturing his skull and breaking his arm. He was soon afterward found in a state of unconsciousness. Dr. Plummer was on hand in a few minutes and the sufferer was placed on a mattress and conveyed to his residence. Dr. Jones, the family physician, was called, and, assisted by Drs. Plummer, Saylor and Blanry, he made an examination, which showed that the skull was fractured above the right ear, the fracture extending from the right temple to the base of the brain. It was announced at once that there was no chance of recovery. The breathing of the wounded man continued regular, and labored till about half-past four o'clock. Respiration then grew less frequent, and at half-past five the spark of life went out. From the moment of the accident till his death Mr. Northrup was totally unconscious. Intelligence of the accident and its sad result sent a throb of pain throughout the city.

Mr. Northrup was born in Albany, New York, July 4th, 1834. He spent several years of his early life in school, but while still a little lad was put to business, in which he early displayed the cardinal requirements of capacity, diligence and integrity. He soon found an excellent position in a book house of Boston, we believe, and remained there till 1852, when he came to Oregon. Arriving in Portland, he entered the service of Northrup & Symonds, of which firm his father was senior member, and remained with them as a clerk till 1856, when, associating himself with Mr. J. M. Blossom, he succeeded to the business of the firm. From 1856 till about five years ago Mr. Northrup continued the head of this firm through its several changes. Failing health then for a time compelled him to rest, and he sold to Messrs. Thompson, DeHart & Co., the business which for so many years he had directed. A year's rest fully restored his health, and he began business anew, in which he continued alone till about a month ago, when he associated with him Messrs. F. R. Chown and J. Hazeltine. In the business community Mr. Northrup has been a prominent figure for nearly thirty years. Energetic, reliable and public-spirited, he has always been successful and prosperous.

Mr. Northrup was among the active and enterprising men who in the early history of the city organized its institutions and gave character to its government. He organized the first fire company—the old Willamettes—and for many years was a member of its brigade. And in the good works of charity and religion he was tireless. For many years he was a member of the Taylor-street Methodist church, and indeed, a pillar in it.

In 1856 Mr. Northrup was married to Miss Frances McNames who survives him, and to her care he leaves five sons and daughters. In the life and character of Mr. Northrup, there were many points of resemblance with those of Charles Hodge, who only last week was borne to the grave. It may be fitly said of him, as it was of Mr. Hodge last "He was one of the most valuable of our citizens. He was actuated by a high public spirit, was noted for conscientious devotion to duty in all relations of life, and always bore a part in every movement for promotion of the interests of the community, both in a moral and material way. He was one of the men whom the community, which is fortunate enough to possess them, can least afford to spare." The funeral will probably take place to-morrow forenoon from the Taylor-street church.

LIQUOR BONDS FILED.

Bonds for the following named saloons were filed with the city auditor and clerk yesterday. The first four have been approved, and the remainder will likely have the mayor's signature to-day. Mayor Chapman was unexpectedly called from his office in the afternoon and may have signed them last night:

Peter Esser, 87 Second street—Jusetter, M. Doherty and Ad. Burckhardt;
F. Wilhelm & Co., Rose saloon—C. S. Schenck and Geo. A. Pease.
G. W. Sayers, 72 Washington street—John Ewry and Thomas Mann.
J. H. Boyd & Co., Merchant's Exchange—W. W. Spaulding and J. R. Brigham.
L. Broeckle, Sunny Side—Jos. Burkhard and Jas. B. O'Shea.
U. Zeitfuchs, 71 Second street—Chas. Logus and Louis Nicolai.
Buck & Dreyer, 61 First street—I. F. Powers and F. Bornstrom.
L. B. Berlin, 83 First street—Geo. Tuttle and Wm. Young.
Dan. Holton, Holton house—Levi Knott and J. M. Gilman.
F. Zimmerman, 233 First street—G. Kalschan and H. C. Schmidt.
Waterman & Co., 124 First street—S. M. Barr and P. J. Martin.
Sam. McKee, 204 Fourth street—John Cartelow and Mary A. McKee.
J. H. Boyd & Co., Pantheon—A. Lphe and L. P. W. Quimby.
Charles Guyer, 346 B street—John Clark and A. J. Watson.

The time for furnishing bonds expires to-night, and it will then be possible in dealing with the license question to know who are the law-abiding and who the defiant liquor-sellers.

BUSINESS ITEMS.

BURNETT'S COCOAINE
Has Received Universal Endorsement.

No other preparation possesses such remarkable properties for embellishing and strengthening the hair and rendering it dark and glossy. It cures baldness and eradicates dandruff.

Burnett's Flavoring Extracts are the best.

THE NEW WAVE.

Cliff Wam, at 84 Morrison street, is introducing a new style of front piece. Its superiority consists in its naturalness and the ease with which the wave of the hair may be changed to suit the wearer. Ladies will appreciate it on sight. They should also see the new invisible net.

IF YOU WANT YOUR PRESCRIPTION

Carefully compounded from fresh and reliable drugs call on Nelson, Ball & Co. 71 Third street, new Ainsworth block.

KAUCK'S GERMAN BAKERY.

Now open at 207 First street, between Madison and Jefferson, takes the lead for the best bread, cakes and pies. Hot English muffins and tea biscuit, as usual. Lunches at all hours.

CITY BOOK STORE.

Magazines, Periodicals, Illustrated Papers, Seasides and Franklin Square Libraries, Fine Stationery. Geo. H. Hill, 171 First Street, Near Yamhill.

THE VIENNA COFFEE HOUSE.
No. 46, Washington St. leads all. Oysters every style.

HAIR CUTTING.

Three of the finest workmen in the state are at Ferguson's hair cutting headquarters, 80 Stark street.

FULL SET OF TEETH FOR $10.

Best set, $10. Teeth filled at low rates; satisfaction guaranteed. Gas administered. Prettyman Bros., Room 14 Union Block, Stark street entrance. Dental graduates.

CITY NOTICES.

Pfunder's Oregon Blood Purifier.
Be wise and take this great spring medicine now.

Handy Andy at New Market Wednesday evening.

Take Oregon Blood Purifier.

Go to Keith's for oysters.

Eastern oysters every steamer at Keith's.

The best sewing machine is the "New No. 8."

Two eggs and coffee 15c at the Bon Ton Coffee house.

Family concert at Gambrinus Gardens Sunday afternoon.

Singer Sewing machines, the best in the world, 9 Morrison street.

To-day be sure to stop in at Beck & Waldman's for that spring suit.

Treat yourself to a handsome suit—latest style—from Beck & Waldman's.

Finest ornamental gold frames to order; old frames regilt, by Volney, next to Masonic Temple.

The closing out sale of dry goods, millinery and cloaks at Lewis & Strauss' still continues.

The "White House" is selling at actual cost, as their stock must be sold.

Repairing of all kinds of sewing machines a specialty at Gleckson's, 167 Third street.

Broken candy, 20c; mixed, 25c; fancy mixed, 40c; French do., 60c.—P. O. Candy store.

If your cash account is low consult Beck & Waldman for clothing and furnishing goods.

Take your girl to Stone's for candies. Finest variety of sweets in the city. Corner First and Ash Sts.

My wife is happy. Burley, Yamhill st., bet. First and Second, has repaired her sewing machine.

Strangers from the country are cordially invited to call on Uncle Myers, 181 First street. They will not be urged to buy. He will show them bargains in watches, jewelry, musical instruments and guns and pistols. All he asks of them is to tell their neighbors when they go home.

HENRICHSEN & GREENBERG,
148 First St., Portland, Or.
Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry,
SILVER WARE,
CLOCKS, SPECTACLES, ETC.
Nautical instruments and Ship Chronometers rated by transit observations and repaired.

Leading Salt House
Send orders for
Dresser and Dolman
Box 681, Third and Alder.

BOARD OF TRADE.

Last Night's Meeting Given Up to the Discussion of Different Plans of Dredging.

The regular monthly meeting of the board of trade was held at their rooms last evening, President Macleay in the chair and Secretary Arnold and a large membership in attendance.

The minutes of previous meetings were read and approved.

The resignation of P. Selling was referred to the membership committee.

The allowance for assistant secretary was reduced to $50 per month.

C. H. Dodd of the dredger committee gave at length an account of his visit to the city dredge, and furnished a detailed account of its work. This report was supplementary to the one rendered by the majority of the committee a month ago, Mr. Dodd being out of the city at that time. Between February 19 and March 5 the dredge removed 11,000 yards of deposit and solid bottom. He considered the dredge a perfect success as a dredge, but it could not remove snags and sunken logs.

C. P. Church gave at some length his idea concerning the system of hydraulic work. Mr. Church read his letters published in THE OREGONIAN of Nov. 2, 1881, and March 9th, 1882, favoring the plan. He also read a letter from Wm. W. Bates, proposing the placing of the pumps on a vessel provided with screws at each end, and capable of being so ballasted that the screws should be made to work the bottom of the river. Such a vessel could move about without the aid of a tug.

Capt. Powell, U. S. engineer, thought this plan would not work at Swan island bar as the current was not strong. The deposits to be removed were heavy and could not be carried far enough down the river to find a dump, the bar being 4500 feet in length. The plan had been tried elsewhere, but was never any marked success.

D. L. Holgan thought the plan feasible to a certain extent.

Mr. Dodd had no faith in it, but was willing to give it a trial. The board of trade had been largely instrumental in having the dredge constructed; taxes here paid the bulk of taxation in this city, and if the new plan was tried they would pay the larger part of its expense.

Considerable discussion was had for and against the plan, Messrs. Thompson, Dodd, Sibson, McKee, Honeyman and Church taking part. Capt. Powell believed the only true way of permanently deepening the channel was by means of revetments and protection of banks such as recommended by the engineer corps. He also called attention to the practice of making the river a receptacle for all refuse articles, sawdust, snags, etc. A board of harbor commissioners should be appointed to see that the law prohibiting the dumping of refuse into the river was enforced. He also suggested that the city dredge could be used at St. Helens bar and the dirt be forced ashore, doing away with scows. The government dredges could then be used at Swan island bar. Mr. Honeyman said the council was decidedly averse to furthering projects that required the expenditure of public money, as the "mudium papers" were censuring them without cause. Mr. Thompson suggested that when councilmen shirked their duty because of such censure it was time to resign. The board of trade represented the taxpaying portion of the population and they should have a voice in municipal affairs.

On motion of Mr. Dodd a committee of three was appointed to canvass the proposed project and report conclusions at next regular meeting. The chair appointed C. P. Church, D. P. Thompson and C. H. Dodd as such committee.

On motion of E. D. McKee a vote of thanks were tendered Messrs. Church, Powell and McBean for their addresses.

Secretary Arnold reported that the sailing directions, as ordered, had been printed and copies could be had on application.

On motion the board adjourned.

PERSONAL.

J. N. Glover of Spokane Falls is at the Esmond.

Mr. and Mrs. Theo. Wygant have gone to the sound for a short trip.

E. H. Morrison of Walla Walla arrived by the last steamer and leaves for home this morning.

Col. W. T. Prosser arrived from Klickitat county yesterday and leaves for home to-morrow.

Mr. and Mrs. George Woodward and daughters arrived Sunday night from their eastern trip, much improved in health.

Judge Lorenzo Sawyer will leave San Francisco for Portland on the 23d inst. and will sit with Judge Deady in the U. S. circuit court.

Misses Ada and Clara Northrup, daughters of the late E. J. Northrup, are now in San Francisco. They will sail for home by the steamer of Thursday.

J. T. Weisenberger, Wells, Fargo & Co.'s "shotgun" messenger at the N. P. R. R. front and chairman of the vigilantes committee, has returned and will take Webb's place on the O. R. & N. road.

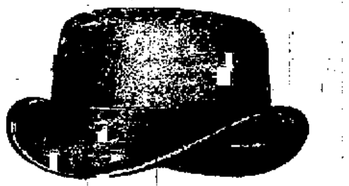
Commander H. D. Campbell of her majesty's navy arrived here by the State of California Sunday night and will leave to-morrow for Victoria to spend a short season. Captain Campbell commanded one of the gunboats in the bombardment of Alexandria, and is now on a leave of absence.

If you want to laugh go and see Handy Andy in his little mistakes.

The Wheeler & Wilson "New No. 8" is the lightest running lockstitch sewing machine manufactured.

Take your toddy at the Cosmopolitan, corner of Alder and First. Finest liquors in the city.

New Music.—"Rose and Robin," Chas. Bray's latest song, which was sung at the New Market by Miss Rosalie Louise King and received with special favor, has been published and is for sale by J. H. Robbins & Son, 223 First street. It is a beautiful song, and the title page is adorned with a fine photo of Miss King. Get a copy, or send for one. Price 50 cents.



OUR LATEST.

WE LEAD!
WE NEVER FOLLOW
SEE OUR NEW STOCK
OF
CLOTHING,
FURNISHING GOODS.
HATS, VALISES,
TRUNKS, ETC.

They are superior to any ever brought to this city. Newer Style, Lower prices.

Selected and made at our manufactory in New York.

A cordial invitation is extended to call and examine the same.

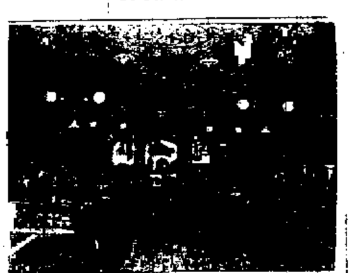
[illegible] THE C[illegible] AND HATTER
Cor. First & Morrison Sts.

WHY SEND EAST?
I SELL A
WALTHAM OR ELGIN WATCH

In 2 ounce Silver Case	...	$11 00
In 3 " " Case	...	17 50
In 4 " " Case	...	19 50

Sent to any part of the State on receipt of coin or money order. A written guarantee for two years with every watch.

W. FRIEDLANDER,
65 First, bet. Oak and Pine



Interior view of the leading Jewelry Establishment in the Pacific Northwest.

B. L. STONE,
First and Morrison.

DIRECT IMPORTER OF AND DEALER IN Diamonds, Watches and Jewelry, Solid Silver and Silver-plated Ware, Clocks and Optical Goods. Sole agent for the Diamond and B. L. S. Eye Glasses, Spectacles, Marine and Field Glasses. Diamonds mounted and Solid Gold Jewelry manufactured to order on short notice. Repairing of Chronometers, English and Swiss Watches a specialty.

HEALTHY, Vigorous, Sound, Hale, Salubrious, Healthful, Wholesome, Salutary.—WEBSTER.

OREGON BLOOD PURIFIER
[illegible]
AND LIVER REGULATOR

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO.,
106 Wall St., New York.
WM. T. COLEMAN & CO.,
Agents, San Francisco.

MILLINERY AND FANCY DRY GOODS

THE
Clearance Sale
AT THE
[illegible]
Will continue until their Entire Stock of
Dry Goods,
Millinery,
Cloaks, etc.,
Are disposed of.
Goods in every department marked down to
ACTUAL COST.
LEWIS & STRAUSS,
123 First St.

DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT
OF
The Leading Dry Goods House.
OPENED THIS DAY:
MOST ATTRACTIVE LINES
None of which will be duplicated.

2 cases 6-4 CASHMERE ....80 cts yd.
(Regular price 50c yd.
COLORED and BLACK.

500 pieces LACE BUNTINGS......12½c yd.

200 pcs All Wool LACE BUNTINGS,
30c a yard......................regular price 50c yd
COLORED and BLACK.
Samples Sent on application.

S. Lipman & Co.

JUST RECEIVED!
A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF
Children's Cloth, Flannel, Pique, Lawn, Linen and Gingham
SUITS in the VERY LATEST Styles.
ALSO A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF
PARASOLS AND SUN UMBRELLAS
For Ladies and Children.
At the Lowest Prices.
P. E. BRIGHAM,
103 FIRST ST.
Next to Ladd & Tilton's Bank.

SPRING MILLINERY

ON ACCOUNT OF THE LATENESS OF THE season and pressure of business, I would respectfully inform my patrons that I shall have no regular opening day this spring, but that after March 21st my Spring Goods will be open both for inspection and sale. I have a large and well selected stock of

Bonnets & Hats of the Very Latest Styles.

My line of
MILLINERY
is large and entirely new, and I would invite the closest inspection as to style, quality and price.

MISS A. S. JORGENSEN,
103 FIRST ST.

Spring Millinery.
MISS H. H. HILDEBRAND
AND
MISS LIZZIE M. ANDERSON,
IMPORTERS OF FINE MILLINERY,
71 Third St. (Ainsworth Building) bet. Oak and Pine, Portland, Or.
Orders from the country solicited.

MRS. J. HANOVER,
Importer of Fine Millinery Goods,
Cor. Third and Washington streets, Portland, Oregon

MRS. G. H. CLARKE,
IMPORTER OF
Fine Millinery,
Cor. Fourth and Columbia Sts.

Special Notice to Merchants.
CHAS. HEGELE & CO.
(Successors to W. JACKSON & CO.)
Wholesale Dealers in Crockery, Glassware, Table Cutlery, Chandeliers, Lamps, Lamp Stock, etc.

We are determined to dispose of the stock recently purchased at extremely low figures. Our intention is to confine ourselves strictly to the jobbing trade; hence many articles of a fine class, adapted especially for Retail Trade, will be sacrificed, if necessary, and attention is called to extra discounts on sale.

CHAS. HEGELE & CO.,
56 Front Street, corner of Pine.

CHEAPEST
Jewelry, Watches, Silverware, Table Cutlery, etc.
AT
B. MILLER'S, 123 First Street.

Farmers and Mechanics.

A FEW VERY PLAIN WORDS
Which we have to address
TO THE PUBLIC
Before we publish our next Price List.
IF
It sets some people thinking,
THEN
Our object is attained.
IF
It chagrins others,
THEN
It must bear the stamp of Truth upon its face.
WE BELIEVE IT WILL DO BOTH.

The main reason for the efficacy of advertisements lies in their truth. When a firm places itself before the public in long-winded sentences, and those sentences lack the main essential, "truth," then that firm may as well save the trouble as well as expense, for the people will surely discover their falsities.

The FARMERS AND MECHANICS' has expended more money among the journals of this State than many storekeepers possess as a working capital. It still continues to add thousands of dollars to its expense account for advertising. Does any one believe that such a thing could be possible unless it proved remunerative?—and what is more, that it would prove remunerative unless these advertisements were simple truths based upon facts?

When we tell the people that our goods are directly imported from the EASTERN MANUFACTORIES, we do not mean that they were imported through the San Francisco merchants.

When we advertise ONE PRICE TO ALL we do so without any mental reservation, for we do not then have in our mind any preferred customer whom we may favor above others.

When we announce a line of STAPLE GROCERIES at a certain price, then we are careful to always have them in stock.

In this manner we could go on interminably, and show the difference between a real, genuine and sincere advertisement and a real, genuine catchpenny ad.

Our last week's price list on Clothing brought us an avalanche of country orders, and it would afford us great pleasure to prove by our sales books to any "doubting Thomas" that within the last eight days we sold over 360 Gents' Suits of Clothing. We venture the assertion that in the purchase of this clothing the people saved at least 33 1-3 per cent. of the prevailing Portland prices.

WE BELIEVE THIS WILL SET THE PEOPLE THINKING.

LOOK OUT FOR OUR PRICE LIST ON DRY GOODS.

PRAGER BROS.

Fine Pocket Cutlery,
Also a full line of GENERAL HARDWARE,
At the Lowest Rates, at
F. R. CHOWN'S - - - - 243 First st.,
NEAR MAIN.

Removal Sale.
ON MONDAY, APRIL 2,
WE WILL OFFER OUR
Entire Stock
—AT—
Importation Prices.
Remnants will be sold Regardless of Cost.
A. SALMON, 165 First St.

THE OPENING
OF
VILLE DE PARIS
129 and 131 Third Street, Portland,
Will take place on Wednesday next, April 11, 1883,
WITH A FULL STOCK OF
STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS.
Collinson & Alpel.

DIPHTHERIA.

REMEMBER THIS!—THAT IT IS POSITIVELY criminal in any mother to allow any case to prove fatal without trying McClellan's Diphtheria and Fever Remedies. They will positively cure even after all else has failed. No preparations on earth can equal these remedies for Throat and Lung troubles or Fever of all kinds.

The Diphtheria remedy alone is a sure preventive and certain to stop its spread. Tincture Elixir magic in croup and whooping cough; will cure any sore throat.

Druggists and dealers in medicines can obtain supplies from Hodge, Davis & Co., Portland, Or. or from Sam'l Pittman, proprietor, 707 Mission street, San Francisco, Cal.

[illegible]
AT SEALY, MASON & CO'S,
107 FIRST ST.,
Between Morrison and Yamhill.

Brown's Bon Ton
For Oysters. Second and Salmon.

NO. 7152

... in our schools a little girl, who [illegible] her papa because he married her mother, and was asked by the teacher if she believed in hero worship, answered: "No, but I do believe in Saint worship, because Saint Jacobs Oil saved my little brother's life when he was sick with sore throat, and it cured mamma's neuralgia."

... cure is DR. WILLIAM HALL'S BALSAM FOR THE LUNGS and may be safely relied on as a speedy and positive cure for coughs, colds, sore throat, etc. Sold by all druggists.

The stars in a grand bill Wednesday evening at New Market.

Redding's Russia Salve [illegible] chapped hands, frost bites, etc. Try it.

"Buchu-Paiba." Quick, complete cure, all annoying Kidney and Urinary Diseases. $1.

"Your Skin Cure is superexcellent. It is fast curing my daughter's ring worm, which had spread all over her body."—Mrs. E. I. D. Merriam, Elm Hill, Mass. Druggists keep it, $1 per package.

WOOD! WOOD! WOOD!
SLAB WOOD—$1 50 PER LOAD—FROM WEIDLER'S MILL. Orders left at mill or in the box at Bowe's saloon will be promptly attended to.
W. S. M. L. & M. CO.

TRERAMORE, KNIGHT & HEGELE.
Office and Sample Room: No. 12 N. First, cor. Pine, Portland, Or.
We manufacture every description of Oil Clothing.

WERDING & FARRELL,
DEALERS IN
Hay, Straw, Bran and All Kinds of Feed.
Alder and Front Streets, Portland.

PATTI WILL NOT SING TO-NIGHT

Put away the gloves and feathers,
Telephone with all your might,
Countermand your coupe order
Patti will not sing to-night

She has wet her little slippers—
That is if Mapleson is right
Or a chill air has frozen her organ
Patti will not sing to-night

Dulcet Diva, Sweet Signora
Tryst as [illegible] though you might
People [illegible] will [illegible] see a blank if
Patti cannot sing to-night

When one pays his good hard dollars
[illegible] [illegible] at [illegible] [illegible]
They say to [illegible] [illegible] wet your slippers
Patti will not sing to-night

What though Mapleson will buy back
[illegible] [illegible] will pay the wight
[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] lace and feathers
If Patti will not sing to-night

IN SANCTUARY

While pale will [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]
Without the harbor bar
The sea [illegible] [illegible] their snowy wings
Beneath the [illegible] star
In this calm haven [illegible] [illegible] to sleep
All nightly swing and sway
[illegible] [illegible] them riding deep
The golden blush of day

Here safe from all the storms of fate
From worldly rage and [illegible]
Thus let me fold my hands and wait
The coming of the morn
While all night long o'er moonlit turf
The wind brings in from far
The moaning of the baffled surf
Athwart the harbor bar

MONSIEUR, MY HUSBAND.

"And you mean to tell me my brother proposes to marry Marie to a Prussian?" Mlle Archambault, the sister of the well known Strasburg banker, was for once roused from her ordinary well bred calm. She spoke shrilly and her dark eyes sparkled with rage.

"I do," said the ugly little abbe, the great friend of the family and confessor to Marie Archambault and that beloved twin brother Alphonse who was killed in the late Franco-German war. The abbe and Mlle Archambault (who kept house for her widowed brother, now absent for the moment in Paris) were seated in the magnificent drawing room of the Hotel Archambault in Strasburg.

"Impossible—preposterous! Marie—the best match in the town—who might marry a vicomte at the very least," and the aunt glanced complacently around at the tapestried walls, the heavy amber satin draperies, the massive gilt furniture and marqueterie cabinets arrayed as primly as the garden outside, where avenues cut straightly as if by some sharp giant knife ended in a statue or a fountain. "Marie to marry a Prussian! My brother must be mad or you"—turning sharply to the abbe—"are jesting."

"I never felt less inclined to do so, mademoiselle." And indeed the abbe's wrinkled leather face was twisted into an expression of grave perplexity as he leaned his elbows on his knees, loosely clasping his thin hands and staring vaguely at the huge rose bouquets on the Aubusson carpet. He understood the letter he had that morning received from his friend the banker well. It was dated Paris and commissioned the abbe to break the news of his consent to the pretensions for Marie's hand of a young German officer, the son of a Berlin millionaire. This the abbe, who had been partially in M Archambault's confidence, took to mean that the recent alarming failure of certain great Parisian bankers had so far imperiled the Strasburg house that failure could only be averted by this marriage. For Marie's *dot* had been a temporary stop-gap, and the young German was more than ready to marry her without it—in fact, to make any arrangements M Archambault pleased.

But the abbe did not understand the banker's postscript, which assumed Marie's consent and announced the arrival of *M le pretendu* as immediate. "He wishes to have his first interview with Marie alone," wrote M Archambault. "Request my sister that it may be."

It was necessary for the abbe to break the ice. The roses on the carpet did not help him. At last he blurted out:

"This gentleman arrives to-day."

"Let him arrive!" Mlle Archambault leaned back in her chair, folded her arms tightly across her bosom, and looked, in the neat black dress she was still wearing as mourning, not only for the young nephew "murdered by the Prussians," but for captured, subdued and enslaved Strasburg—as grim and forbidding as a prison portcullis. "Let him arrive. He will not see me."

"No," said the abbe, quaintly. "Your brother desires that he shall see Marie alone."

No shell thrown into the beautiful city when beleaguered by her victorious foes could have produced a sharper effect. Mlle Archambault gasped, paled, choked, took up her fan, then dropped it, and burst into tears.

"That is all right," thought the abbe cheerfully. "When once they begin to cry, they give in." Then he gave her time to have her cry out, and walking to the window gazed out where the town lay spread out around the proud cathedral, whose lofty spire seemed still stretching skyward—the beloved city now all patches and props like some wounded human being. But mademoiselle wept on and he came back into the stately room thinking how much more unpleasant this was than his usual experiences of the hotel; the evenings spent playing piquet with M. Archambault and teaching the fair beautiful Marie English. Latterly there had been more English and less piquet, for the banker, after losing game after game through inadvertence, would go up and go to his own room; and the abbe, after taking a few thoughtful pinches of snuff, would put away the cards and join Marie where she sat at work in the corner with her aunt. They had nearly finished reading Ivanhoe, and to lay an unknown knight would appear. How little they had dreamed this!

"Do you not think it would be better to think how we shall break the news to Marie, instead of crying about it?" asked the abbe, gently. Then as mademoiselle incoherently murmured something about "the shock" and being totally unnerved, he rung a small silver hand bell.

The yellow satin *portieres* were lifted and as if by magic, a footman in the fawn and crimson Archambault livery, with heavy silver shoulder knot and loops, spotless stockings and freshly powdered hair stood there awaiting his orders.

"Tell Mme. Marie—" began the Abbe, but the footman stepped aside with a respectful obeisance and a young girl came in dressed in white with large bows of black ribbon. She was tall, fair with serene blue eyes under arched brows, and a soft white skin—more like the Belgian mother who had died shortly after the birth of the twins Marie and Alphonse, than like the French father and aunt, dark wiry and determined. Perhaps the beautiful girl's most potent charm was her graceful throat and neck which deserved the epithet of swan like anciently bestowed upon the celebrated Matilda of Flanders. "Good morning," she began pleasantly. Marie was always glad to see the good natured monkey like face of the abbe, with those stray wisps of hair which never would keep in the right place across his bald head. Then her welcoming expression changed to one of consternation. "*Ma tante!*"—and she went quickly to her, kneeling down and exclaiming, "Papa?"

"Is perfectly well," said the abbe dryly; "your aunt has been crying—about you."

"About me?" Marie looked perplexed.

"Yes. You have received a proposal of marriage."

The aunt clasped her niece's hands and averted her eyes. A smile flitted across Marie's face, amused, incredulous, as a stray sunbeam flickers upon a wintry landscape. She had rarely smiled since her twin brother's death.

"But *mon pere*, there is no one," she said. Indeed they had led secluded lives since the war—since their terrible loss—at the Hotel Archambault.

The abbe cleared his throat. "Yes, there is," he began.

"Do not tell her. I cannot bear it. It is an insult!" muttered her aunt.

Marie glanced quickly from one to the other, then she compressed her lips. "Please tell me at once," she said firmly. "Whatever it is I can bear it. I have known grief."

"I have had a letter from your father this morning in which he desires me to inform you that he approves of a proposal made for the honor of an alliance with you by a young German."

The abbe repressed the contemptuous term Prussian out of respect for the approved aspirant. Still so strong was the Strasburgian hatred of the present rulers that he felt ashamed when he [illegible] the intelligence and could not bring himself to look Marie in the face. Then [illegible] [illegible] Mlle Archambault [illegible] who sat [illegible] [illegible] of [illegible] gazing into vacancy, saw the beautiful [illegible] the droop of the eyes, the happy smile that dwelt in them [illegible] [illegible] girl's face.

A moment [illegible] it was [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] the nursery [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] girl to [illegible] [illegible] [illegible].

"You [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] with the intelligence [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] the aunt somewhat [illegible]."

"[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]."

"What! that a German wishes to marry me? Does my father [illegible] [illegible] the [illegible] [illegible]?"

"I am afraid [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]."

"What is this [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]?"

"Well [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] of the natural [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] that [illegible] [illegible] to another [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] tall [illegible] [illegible] up his arms, strong [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] ing his [illegible] eyes [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] relation."

"No [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]," said Marie. Then as her aunt and her confessor [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] with a tinge of [illegible].

"And here [illegible] [illegible]. At least this will arouse her natural animosity toward her brother's slayer," thought the abbe, himself growing almost annoyed by Marie's unnatural demeanor.

Marie was silent.

"And his name," continued the abbe almost sternly, "is Karl Eichmann."

"Cruel! You have killed her," cried the aunt terrified. Marie had risen to her feet and holding her hands to her breast had staggered away. She leaned against the wall, her eyes closed, pale with the ghastly pallor of a corpse.

"What have I done? Mon Dieu, what have I done?" exclaimed the poor little abbe, wringing his hands. "I am a [illegible] [illegible], mademoiselle, my good child! I had no idea—how was I to imagine—"

"You have done nothing," said Marie, suddenly opening her eyes. "How could you know? *Mon [illegible]*, that name was said to me—by my dear brother—the moment before he died."

An instant's silence. Then the abbe murmured, "This is indeed a mystery."

"A most horrible mystery," sobbed Mlle Archambault. "It is the worst day of my life."

"Compose yourself, my child," said the abbe hastily. A servant entered and presented a card to Marie on a gilt salver.

"It is Herr Karl Eichmann," said the young girl. "Ask Herr Eichmann into the ante room," she said calmly to the servant, "and when I ring the bell bring him in."

The footman bowed and retired.

"You, my aunt, and you, *mon pere*, had better await us there," (pointing to an adjoining room) "and when you hear me ring the bell twice you will come to me."

"She is right," said the abbe, consolingly, offering his arm to Mlle Archambault. And feeling half stunned he hardly knew why he led the trembling, weeping woman into the adjoining boudoir.

After Marie had carefully closed the big doors upon them and had arranged the *portiere*, she made a violent effort to compose herself for the coming interview. "*Mon Dieu!* what can it mean?" she first said, wildly pushing back her hair from her burning forehead. How well she remembered the events of that awful day when her twin brother, almost one with herself—her beloved Alphonse—died. He had been brought home to them dying slowly of some injury to the spine, shortly after the capitulation, and they had endured the slow agony of watching him hour by hour, day after day, hour after hour. The time when Strasburg [illegible] [illegible], the enemy's strong foot upon her neck, [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] her children in her slavery! Each man [illegible] [illegible] and child seemed to [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] of her heavy [illegible] around the [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] thorns, while they [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] shunned their conquerors, and [illegible] [illegible] lost nationality in secret. In [illegible] [illegible] they thronged the churches, creeping thither through streets where they would be [illegible] [illegible] fended by the sight of those accursed Prussians. And while the market place was gay, the restaurants full of bright uniforms, the military bands clashed out the latest German waltzes and quick marches, not one citizen of Strasburg could be seen there. They were abasing themselves before the altar, and the little chapel of Our Lady of Sorrows in the cathedral was full of sad kneeling figures from early morning till late night. Here Marie came here she fled in her anguish when the doctor told them Alphonse's life was now an affair of hours. It was evening, and the flickering of the many votive tapers played upon the sad beautiful face of the Mater Dolorosa in the great picture above her altar, casting strange new expressions across the painted features, the kneeling crowd were in shadow. Marie could faintly distinguish the outline of the Pieta in the corner of the chapel—the great image of Mary with the dead Christ in her lap. She wept and prayed, and was rising to return to her watch beside the death bed when she saw a face gazing in upon her through an aperture in the screen that divided the chapel from the cathedral nave. A man's face, soft, tender, the eyes fixed upon her with such pity, such deep yearning over, that instinctively she moved a step forward. Then she remembered, recoiled and the face vanished. Was it a comforting vision? Some strange influence had passed into her soul, a promise of consolation. Calmed, wondering, she went through the darkness and out into the moonlight unaware of a quick step that followed till the door shut behind her a voice [illegible] [illegible], "Mademoiselle!"

She started—turned. Heavens! she was face to face with a tall officer, the moonlight [illegible] on the silver facings of his light blue uniform.

"Monsieur!" she cried with passionate anger. Then drawing herself up she flashed one glance of hatred upon him and fled.

That night Alphonse opened his eyes. He was conscious, he smiled upon them. Bending over him she had heard him say these two words: "Karl Eichmann," then he sank, and his spirit went.

All these things came back to her as she stood irresolute, looking at the card inscribed with that name. At last she [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] and rang the bell.

"Herr Karl Eichmann." Quick, firm steps crossed the floor [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] was this. She stood, her eyes fixed on the floor.

"Mademoiselle!"

"Ah!" A shiver, a shuddering sigh—all color left Marie's cheeks, her lips trembled. This was the man in the pale blue uniform, and his face was the face she saw that night in the cathedral. Bewildered, she shrank back and stammered:

"Sir, there is some mistake. I expected Herr Lieutenant Karl Eichmann."

He smiled. His large blue eyes looked benignant through his huge mustache [illegible] [illegible] ness to his face.

"I am he," he said.

"You—but you—you spoke to me—and my brother."

"Did your brother tell you about me?" he eagerly asked.

"Monsieur, my brother is dead, but he once spoke that name to me."

"Then you do not know that it was I—that saw it—ah! let me tell you, mademoiselle," he said, as Marie turned away, the sight of that hated uniform, the recollection of that night sickened her. "Hear me! It was I that fighting near to your brother saw the fragments of a shell strike his horse, saw it rear and throw him. These arms lifted him and carried him from the field. Yes, mademoiselle, his head rested here (he struck his shoulder) and if it had not been for me you would never have seen him again alive. I was powerless to save his life, but at last I can lay claim to having prolonged it. Now will you still turn away as if you could not bear to look at me?"

"You were my brother's enemy—perhaps even—ah! I cannot bear the thought." She spoke in a hard, choked voice.

"Mademoiselle, I was his friend."

"How could you, a Prussian—be my brother's friend?" She turned upon him in anger, more with herself—for in spite of the fact that this man was a foe, hated with such rooted hatred, the same curious influence affected her as in the cathedral. When she looked at that fine face with the frank, large eyes and the bronzed, aquiline features, she was attracted, pleased, soothed.

"Why did you not tell me this then, before?"

"If you remember, mademoiselle, I tried to speak to you, but you would not hear me."

"That was not the way, that was not the time."

"There I [illegible] take leave to differ from you. I was determined that no one should hear the story of Alphonse's death but [illegible] except you from my lips."

"Why?"

"Because—mademoiselle, I love you." He spoke with passionate earnestness. She flushed violently.

"How could you do that—[illegible] [illegible] when [illegible] [illegible]?"

"If I tell you [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Mademoiselle [illegible] Alphonse [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] the world [illegible]. He [illegible] [illegible] know with his [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] my [illegible]. If [illegible] [illegible] How little we know when we [illegible] talk [illegible] [illegible]. If [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]."

"[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] swelled [illegible]."

"He [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] severity [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] but perhaps you are [illegible] this?"

"My [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Alphonse." She was agitated. "[illegible] [illegible] [illegible]."

"When I carried him into the tent after the fatal moment he opened his eyes [illegible] [illegible] and I clung [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] drew out his gay, young [illegible] [illegible] Marie. It was his last effort," added he, lowering his voice: "[illegible] for he felt [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] from which he now [illegible] [illegible] and I [illegible] that I [illegible] [illegible] this on your [illegible]."

"And your name was the last he said." "What [illegible] he mean? Oh," exclaimed the young girl covering her face with her hands.

"He knew how much I thought of you, how I [illegible] him, how I had [illegible] [illegible] mademoiselle. He was pleased, he would [illegible] me your letters, those sweet innocent [illegible] [illegible] I [illegible] have [illegible] reduced me to you, but then came the fatal news—the declaration of war. Private friends became public foes."

"Does my father know this?" murmured Marie [illegible] [illegible] her hands.

"No, [illegible] [illegible] knew. Alphonse was my friend. And he gave me permission to see you alone. Oh Marie, listen to me. I have thought of you [illegible] [illegible] I followed you at a distance watching over you so long! I knew my only chance was to see you and plead my own cause. A just one [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] laughingly. "If [illegible] arms are [illegible] [illegible] to [illegible] [illegible] them may they be withered, paralyzed, as I stand here."

"Give me a moment to think," murmured Marie, sinking into a chair and resting her head wearily against the back. "Can you not wait—come again."

"No, Mademoiselle." The answer was sudden, fierce, like a shot. "I will either leave you at once, or remain."

There was silence. Marie in miserable perplexity—bound to her prejudices, yet her beating heart, her inclination, helping them—tried to think. She thought of Alphonse. Once more she heard the feeble utterance, "Karl Eichmann." Her father—had he not actually sent him here? Then—a Prussian—that hated uniform! The more she reflected the more uncertain she grew.

Suddenly she sprang up. Decision was in her rallying color, her sparkling eyes, her whole demeanor.

"It is all over," thought the brave young soldier. His heart seemed to sink within him, he trembled like a girl, he turned to go, his head sank upon his breast.

The bell rang shrilly—once, twice.

Before the second peal was fairly over, the doors of the boudoir opened abruptly, the portieres were pushed aside and two scared, anxious faces looked in, the abbe's quaint ugly face above that of Mlle Archambault, who walked into the room, pale, stern, determined to uphold her niece's brave refusal of this hated Prussian, if need be to the death.

"Monsieur!" Karl Eichmann started as Marie spoke gently, tenderly, then a soft hand stole into his. He turned in astonishment to find Marie smiling, almost beaming.

"Ma tante," she said, "and mon bon pere, allow me to introduce to you Monsieur, my husband!"

"[illegible]," cried the abbe, startled into pro[illegible].

"[illegible] [illegible] not," said Mlle Archambault, "[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] against [illegible] [illegible]."

"[illegible] right," exclaimed the young [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] the fair hand [illegible] [illegible] his [illegible], saluting them with a [illegible] military bow. "You, madame, and [illegible] [illegible] may begin wars but [illegible] God who ends them!"—*White* [illegible]

A FASHIONABLE BRITISH MARRIAGE

White Hall Review

Tom [illegible] [illegible]. He thinks it will be easy to economize [illegible] even more when he settles down with that dear little girl in a home of his own. All [illegible] spend such a dance of a [illegible] bachelor as [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] he thinks. "Gertrude's father is giving us the house and furniture, and we shall live quietly for a bit. We've invitations three deep for autumn and winter already, so that will save us a lot of expense. By the end of the [illegible] I shall have paid off those bothering Jews."

Gertrude is not quite so much in love as Tom is. She has accepted him more for the sake of having a home of her own and for release from the thraldom and narrowness of domestic arrangements consequent upon the existence of six sisters and three brothers, the latter as usual being extravagant in proportion to the restricted means of their parents. "It is perfectly awful to be the youngest sister," Gertrude has often said. "I hardly ever got a chance to go out, and as to a really new dress, I seldom even expect it now. Now, Tom has heaps of money. I shall have as many new dresses as I like and a new bonnet for every new dress. We shall give at least two dances every season and a few nice little dinners."

While reading the *Morning Post*, Tom chanced upon an account of the wedding presents given to his bride by Sir Somebody Something—diamonds enough to stock a small shop, with a goodly catalogue of sapphires, emeralds and rubies. He feels a little uneasy. "I must give her some little thing," he thinks, "but it can't be much." A pair of diamond earrings and a lace pin to match accompany him on his usual visit in the afternoon. Gertrude is delighted with them. But alas for poor Tom, he little knows that now he has begun to give her jewelry she will expect a fresh installment every few days up to and inclusive of the wedding morning.

"The girls think they would like bracelets," she tells him one afternoon. "Oh, they do?" he says, a little mystified.

"[illegible] Gold would do, with our united monograms in brilliants. It will have to be seen about at once, for they must, of course, be made to order." Gertrude's six sisters are to be supplemented by two of his cousins and two [illegible] friends of his bride in the bridal train. Tom [illegible] the bracelets the next morning, and on leaving the jeweler's [illegible] jumps into a [illegible] and after a quarter of an hour's ride gets out of it again at the door of a shabby house not a hundred miles from Leicester square. Here [illegible] [illegible] gentleman who negotiates loans for him at ruinous percentage from "his friend in the [illegible]."

The wedding day comes and goes. Tom has looked pale and nervous throughout the ceremony. His male friends seem to think that by calling him "old fellow" an enormous number of times they are doing him a service. The best man knows what's wrong. [illegible] his friend had said to him: "If I had known then what I do now, I [illegible] never [illegible] [illegible] at least I [illegible] have waited a year or two. I'm in no end of a mess. That fellow refused to advance me any more money. The last three hundred was at 70 per cent. It'll be all I can do to get over the wedding trip. Gertrude wants to go on to Rome and stay a few weeks there. Money runs out like water when one is traveling. I can't see my way clear. It's an awful sin to think of marrying." [illegible] [illegible] may be an extreme case and it may be hoped that few end so disastrously as did this, but a few months since. It was as a smile in the nostrils of society for some small part of nine days. We live so fast now for we [illegible] to be remembered so long as they used to be.

Some sensible persons have inaugurated reforms in more than one particular of the wedding ceremony. A high bred [illegible] [illegible] courageous as lovely walked to the altar one sunny morning unattended by a single bridesmaid. On another occasion there was no wedding breakfast, and consequently—delight of humanity—no speeches. Wedding trips that last three days or at most a week are immensely in favor. All these are improvements upon the stereotyped old customs. There still remains much to be done. Not many days ago an ambitious little lady determined that her twelve bridesmaids should evidence in their appearance the possession of both riches and generosity by the bridegroom. They did. Huge bouquets of orchids and other rarest hothouse flowers were carried by the twelve, the blooms outshining in their southern brilliancy the exquisite pendants of diamonds of the first water that formed the bridegroom's more permanent gifts. That lady proved her own selfishness in the same moment that she managed that her husband should display the wealth which is by no means excessive.

SOME QUEER CLIENTS.

How People with Imaginary Grievances Crowd Into Court

SUITS FOR IDEAL CAUSES

"You can't see him [illegible] [illegible]. He's engaged with a client."

"But I must see the judge. He promised me an interview this morning."

"Well, you can't see him. All [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] engaged."

"When can I see him?"

"Next day, I know. In fact [illegible] of the firm wants to see you. You had better take your papers to some other lawyer who has [illegible]. Not [illegible] listen to you. Not one of our firm wants anything to do with you [illegible] [illegible] I am sorry, but [illegible] of the firm [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]."

The man [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] and [illegible] [illegible] at length in convincing the [illegible] [illegible] it would be a waste of time and [illegible] [illegible] leaving her appointment interview and turning to the New York Sun reporter sitting near [illegible] explained:

"[illegible] that woman has a [illegible] full of complaints and answers and orders and what not that [illegible] [illegible] office all [illegible] many of the most prominent lawyers in the city. [illegible] by her gentle manner into bringing suits for grievances that exist only in her crazy brain and some of them have gone to trial, so confident were they of the merits of their cases, but of course they were nonsuited when the defendants showed that they never heard of the woman until they were served with summons and complaint by her attorneys."

"Does she pay a retainer?"

"That's just it. If she didn't lawyers would be [illegible] to make inquiries about her, but when an elegantly dressed woman comes into a law office, behaves in a ladylike and rational manner, states [illegible] case cleverly, and hands over a good substantial retainer in the shape of a certified check, who would look upon her as a crank? The lawyer draws up papers, puts them into the hands of a process server, and in twenty days in comes an answer containing a general denial of any knowledge of the plaintiff's cause of action as well as a denial that any such woman is known to the defendant. That woman has paid the costs in a dozen or more cases to my own knowledge, for I know her well, having met her in other offices where I was clerking. If I hadn't warned my employers they would have been duped by her."

"Are there many such persons?"

"Dear me, yes. They come by the score. It puzzles me how they can conjure up such cases, not being lawyers. That woman who was here a few minutes ago can puzzle the average lawyer with technical questions. You see she has points from the oldest as well as from the youngest members of the bar, and she forgets nothing she hears."

In further conversation with the talkative clerk it was learned that there is a woman who dresses in a snuff colored dress who is known by almost all the down town lawyers and elevator boys. Although the elevator boys have been asked by the lawyers not to take her up in their cars they are warned by the landlord to let her ride through fear that she will bring a suit for damages. Office boys are afraid to lay hands on her when she insists on seeing an ex-governor or ex-judge about her case, for she would not hesitate to sue for assault. As she never gives her address, no one knows where she lives.

"It is a common thing for lawyers to be visited by men with bandaged arms who want suits for damages instituted against corporations that never injured them. A man hobbled on crutches into a young lawyer's office and said that he had come directly from the hospital, having been injured while working on the Brooklyn bridge. He wanted to sue the company for $15,000 damages and to give half of the damages received to any lawyer that would take the case. The lawyer, recently from the country, drew up a complaint, had the plaintiff sworn and ended by lending his client $10 to pay his fare to Boston, where he was to hunt up a man that was a very important witness. The lawyer some days after met a friend in the Law Institute searching authorities on negligence, and on comparing cases realized that they were acting for the same fraudulent plaintiff.

"Women are more impatient and suspicious than men," a lawyer said. "Women get tired while waiting for the trial to come on if they have even a plain case. They want a trial immediately and they cordially detest the attorney on the other side and they will often take their cases away from their own attorneys because the latter will not hate every one opposed to them as they themselves do. These women are not precisely cranks, but they are decidedly disagreeable clients."

The Kiss of History

It was with a kiss that the dark browed Judas gave the pre-ordained sign. It was a kiss by which King Ahasuerus signified to the trembling Esther that her fortunes were no longer at the caprice of the mercurial Haman. A kiss dismissed the hapless Essex to the melancholy death which the whimsical love of the ferocious Eliza[illegible] made a dagger in her life forever after. It was a kiss that lulled the victims of Lucretia Borgia's innumerable intrigues to the noisome dungeons of the Castle d'Estes. A kiss was the sign that the perfidious Queen Catherine de Medici made the token of the weak king's assent to the massacre of St Bartholomew. Brutus made his treachery to his benefactor more odious by a miscreant kiss at the very moment his dagger was uncovered for the slaughter of his adopted father. William the Conqueror saluted his confiding kinsman Harold on both cheeks at the moment he meditated wresting his kingdom from him. The kiss is quite as often the sign of infidelity as it is of the amenities of love. On entering the battle of old the knight graciously saluted the company by a kiss on the blade of the sword. At the battle of Ivry old chroniclers relate that the gallant knights of France deliberately drew up in line, and raising their swords kissed the blades then set impetuously forward with the lance. If Homer is to be taken literally, the honored heroes of the Iliad and the kiss preface nearly every undertaking from the sacrifice of a bird to the delivery of a battle. Achilles actually stopped a combat in order to give Paris time to go and kiss Helen. Men and women have been known to risk life and fortune merely to pledge their troth in the passing ecstasy of a kiss. The more sensual gratification of lip meeting lip is not the inspiration that flows from the touching of the lips. Kisses are the symbols and clefs that mark the perfect melody in the song and sympathy of life.

Kentucky Sarcasm

The Bowling Green (Ky.) *Democrat* thus severely criticises a feminine solicitor who was recently in that place drumming up subscribers for her paper and who upon leaving pronounced the Bowling Green girls the homeliest in the state: "Our readers will remember the old maid who was deaf and [illegible] [illegible], who visited Bowling Green a few months ago in the interest of a little sheet from which we clip the above scintillation and coruscation of wit. [illegible] we [illegible] have the temerity to refer to the subject of homeliness we are talking [illegible]. But we thought at the time that she had a monopoly of the homely business, for on that score we decided that she could be awarded the cake, the bakery and the flour on hand and several future wheat crops. She is 52 years old, six feet high and from her form, we would judge her weight to be 95½ pounds. She wears a long, store complexion, watery light gray eyes, has teeth and a number of other garments that reminded one of ante bellum days. She is bow legged, pigeon toed and uses an ear trumpet, but unfortunately is not dumb. She came to Bowling Green and received numberless courtesies from the ladies, some of whom personally assisted her in taking subscriptions for her paper, several copies of which, by the way, have failed to [illegible] [illegible]. She was here only about two days. She did not attend church nor the theatre and how she so readily made up her little mind that our girls [illegible] is not so readily accounted for, save by the principle that 'to the homely all things are homely,' which some poet ought to have said if he has not. She will need several regiments as a military protection should she dare to visit Bowling Green again."

The Reason Why

From the Chicago Herald

The reason why there is only one lawyer to every 4000 people in Great Britain while in America there is one to every 800 can be explained as follows: In Great Britain law is a science, in America it is a lottery, and humanity is naturally more inclined to indulge in a game where chance wins four times when principle does once.

Two little girls, one 8 years old, the other 5, sleep in the same chamber. In the morning the eldest one said: "Oh I have had such a nice dream!" "What was it?" "I was in a large pastry cook shop and I ate as many rum cakes, strawberry tarts and bonbons as I wanted." "Was I with you?" asked the little one. "No." And the little one began to sob.—[*Exchange*.

AGRICULTURAL NOTES.

Matters Relating to the Management of Farm and Garden

THE VALUE OF WATER

Mr W H De [illegible] has [illegible] [illegible] land [illegible] town. He made a crop [illegible] the other day [illegible] [illegible] he would give him an [illegible] [illegible] the water [illegible] 15 acres [illegible] simply [illegible] [illegible] and [illegible] water. Now we [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] one down the [illegible] land [illegible] [illegible] worth [illegible] [illegible] that all the wells [illegible] could be [illegible]. Winter [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]. The [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] land with the [illegible] [illegible] $250 [illegible] [illegible] that will pay the [illegible] [illegible]. What a [illegible] [illegible] of [illegible] [illegible] with these [illegible].

[illegible]

No person [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] to [illegible] wash every spring [illegible] generally improved. [illegible] [illegible] and it will [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] wash should [illegible] [illegible]. Take [illegible] [illegible] slake it in [illegible] [illegible] with a cloth to preserve the steam. Salt [illegible] [illegible] dissolved in the water used for slaking [illegible] the lime, slowly be applied and the whole mass carefully strained. A few pounds of [illegible] flour mixed [illegible] [illegible] will give greater durability to the mass, especially when applied to the exterior surface of the buildings. With [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] and mixed [illegible] any color [illegible] by the addition of pigments. [illegible] [illegible] and other shades may be mixed and will not [illegible] detriment [illegible] the durability of the wash.

FOR FENCE POSTS

A writer in an exchange says: "I discovered many years ago that wood could be made to last longer than iron in the ground, but thought the process so simple that it was not well to make a stir about it. I would as soon have poplar basswood or ash as any other kind of timber for fence posts. I have taken out ash-wood posts after having been set seven years that were as sound when taken out as when first put in the ground. Time and weather seemed to have no effect on them. The posts can be prepared for less than two cents apiece. This is the recipe: Take boiled linseed oil and stir in pulverized coal to the consistency of paint. Put a coat of this over the timber and there is not a man that will live to see it rot."

QUINCE HEDGE

The Cydonia or Japan quince, as commonly called, makes a very substantial and attractive hedge. The leaves are a deep shining green and for many weeks they present one mass of showy flowers. A beautiful effect is produced by planting both the scarlet and white varieties alternately. If allowed to spring up in many shoots from the ground and are well trimmed they make so close a hedge that in a little while a fence could be dispensed with.

A VALUABLE LEMON

Mrs W H Whitehead, living one and a half miles south of Bronson, Fla., has sent into this office by the hand of Dr J M Jackson a matured lemon and a twig with blooms and young fruit on it of a rare and justly celebrated species of lemon. The specimen is orange shaped and measures 11¼ inches in circumference. The tree is what is called the ever bearer, that is continuing ripe fruit and immatured fruit blossoms at the same time. It is only three years since it was budded and has borne fruit two seasons. The tree from which the specimen sent us was plucked has on it by count 70 matured lemons, besides fruit in all stages from bloom to maturity. Mrs Whitehead will make her first shipment of lemons the coming week. The tree is from the R[illegible] Nursery, Jacksonville, Fla.—*Levy Enterprise*.

A CREAM EXTRACTING MACHINE.

In Berlin there is in operation a novel and curious invention. This consists in the cream extracting machine of Lefeldt & Lentsch, at present at work in the establishment of Herr Bolle, a not inappropriate name for the leading milkman. The principle of these machines rests on the application of centrifugal force. Milk, as it comes from the cow, is put into a species of drum, which is kept rapidly revolving. The milk, as the heavier portion, flies to the outer circumference and is collected by a species of lip; the cream, which is lighter, falls to the inner circumference. The establishment of Herr Bolle is not unlike an English sugar refinery. The milk, lifted into tanks on the tops, falls by gravity into the creaming machine. Two or three qualities of cream are extracted. The thickest quality goes to the confectioners and the second quality to hotels. Butter and cheese are made on the premises and the milk is sold at two pence a quart. What is not used for human consumption is converted into a species of condensed whey, which is useful for feeding horses. One hundred and twenty of these machines are now, I am told, in use in Germany. About 15,000 litres of milk are, when the eight machines in employment in Berlin are in full work, dealt with per diem.—*Gentlemen's Magazine*.

CROSS BREEDING

Mr Richard [illegible] was anxious to see the effect of crossing a first-rate Devon cow with one of his first rate shorthorn bulls. The Devon form being so true, so beautifully symmetrical, and the Devon beef of good quality and of generous abundance and level distribution, there could be little doubt that a thoroughly good and well bred Devon cow would breed to a thoroughly good and well bred shorthorn sire something exceedingly good. The cow was carefully chosen and the cross tried. The offspring is now a grown up cow, and of all the wretched weeds ever produced, hers is about the worst sort of monstrosities and ill-formed animals that ever came from two parents of any pretensions to merit. Each parent seems to have negatived the good properties of the other. A plain head, receding breast, mean bare back, narrow body, fore legs fond of each other's company, hind legs sickle hocked, cat's thighs, narrow and sloping hind quarters, and sharp bare hips are the distinguishing features of this crossbred cow, yet her sire's stock from shorthorn dams have the best properties of their kind, and her dam's antecedents and personal character were unexceptionable. By way of further experiment, a second cross of a shorthorn bull, bred similarly to the sire of the crossbred, was tried with the crossbred heifer. The offspring, a straight and rather pretty heifer, seems likely to make a fairly good animal. This example shows something of the uncertainty attending a violent cross between animals of very distinctly different breeds. The uncertainty of breeding when both parents are mongrels is notorious.—[illegible] *Messenger*.

The church with the somewhat long name of "The Swedish Evangelical Lutheran Emanuel's church of Portland, Oregon," was dedicated at 10 o'clock yesterday. This new church building is located on [illegible] street between North Ninth and North Tenth streets. Rev. P. C[illegible], missionary of this denomination for the North Pacific coast, and his associates have labored long and hard to complete this neat structure. [illegible] J. [illegible] of San Francisco officiated yesterday and the services were enjoyed by a large number of our Scandinavian population.

Injunction against Socialists

CHICAGO, April [illegible]—Judge [illegible] of the circuit court this morning granted a temporary injunction restraining socialists from erecting buildings on the lake front [illegible] under a grant voted by the city council. The injunction was asked by owners of property facing the lake front park on the theory that the city has no authority over the tract. The socialists have laid the foundation for a large assembly building.

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EXTENSION OF PR

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street, by an addition of 35 ft. in depth and 10 w
the fine store, 27 Morrison, next to First street,
both streets. This large increase of room will
double our present space.

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Will be used entirely for Dress and Cloak-m
gantly furnished with fitting r

The Rooms Ab

For manufacturing Suits and Cloaks FOR
department of the business will be under the
supervision of MRS. PILGER, now in San F
engaged additional Cutters, Fitters and

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Will far eclipse any previous one both in q
much to select from. Our increased facili
better handle our trade. Our customers wi
are annoying delays, excusable from want

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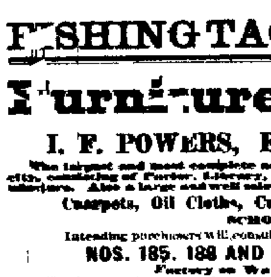

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For [illegible]
N. E. Cor. Oak and Fr
AGENT
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Plumbers', Gas, Steam Fitters' and Tinners' Supplies.
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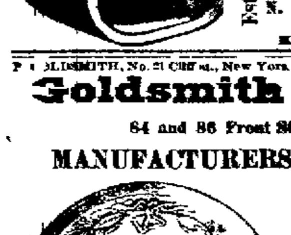

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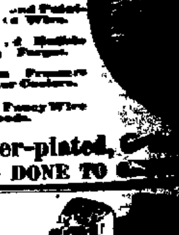

WM. C
MA
And dealer in [illegible]
Madison Street [illegible]

[illegible] She has been an active worker in the cause of Christian education and was greatly beloved by all who knew her. Her remains will be taken to Salem [illegible] [illegible] the [illegible] [illegible]. The funeral will take place [illegible] [illegible].

[illegible] Druggists [illegible] [illegible] packages.

Wells' "Rough on Corns." [illegible]

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

Arrivals at Ports of Discharge

[illegible]—Br ship Wiltshire, San Francisco
[illegible] [illegible] Alden, Astoria
[illegible] [illegible] San Francisco

[illegible] STARCH [illegible]

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[illegible] Portsmouth and Portland
Fare Five Cents Each Way

Buy and sell [illegible] and do [illegible] Travelers and [illegible] issued. Bonds, including [illegible] bought and sold. Deal in the various [illegible]

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First and Taylo
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MANUFACTURER

Wall Paper and Bedding
D 184 SECOND ST.

S. SHERLO
TER AND IMPORTER OF
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ALIFORNIA TREES,
Front Sts., Portland,

S AND RANGES

ed, Granite Iron W
TO ORDER.

J. B. C

VM. COLLIER,
MACHINIST.

APRIL 10, 1883

MOTHER'

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had not a change come, you might have contended almost without contradiction that the spirit of beauty held a charmed life over that home

"Another momentous night spread darkness over the earth and hung a black pall over that house Death entered and Charles Mordaunt grew cold and rigid in its icy clasp and the heart ceased its breathings and gave no response to the wild wailing of Laura's agonized soul The world looked on the dumb stricken woman and at last saw its error and did her justice She heeded not its hate she knew not its voice She shut herself up in her home where every beauty was a mournful pleasure bringing freshly before her the voice which so admiration had invested them with a sacred charm the hand whose touch had hallowed each shrub and tree the foot whose tread had consecrated every spot of the house and grounds nay every beauty brought back the spirit that had embodied all of earth to her Thus you see the loveliness you so much admire was in some kind her grief

"As months upon months slowly wound over her poor aching life upon the never ceasing wheel of time she gradually turned to his boy to watch the re development of the father in this little embryo man Slowly her life took on this new care and slowly her heart learned anew its loving interest, and she grew placidly content Another night came to her out of all the many nights of the world—a night gloriously beautiful in the resplendent light of moon and stars The boy lay sleeping The mother keeping watch over her smiling son filling her heart with bright promises for his future felt that the night of life was once more passing into her soul The shrubs and flowers upon which she gazed out from the window took on a new beauty from the fun and frolic of her boy amid their winding labyrinths through the hours of day, and as the lay sleeping in the smiling light of moon and stars she turned all lovingly from their exquisite beauty to the nobler, living, breathing beauty of the child who was indeed all the world to her now An unseen angel hovered over the boy and smiling, whispered in his ear 'Thou art so like me, surely thou art of me a part, come with me' The boy lay smiling, as if dreaming beautiful dreams, and the lambient light of heaven seemed gathering over his brow in a strange new beauty, and murmuring, he softly whispered 'Take mamma, too' She heard and in a flood of fondness, bent low and kissed her idol

"As the hours waned, the fair boy paled whiter and whiter, and just as the gray dawn came gliding from the east to usher in a new day an angel entered upon the light of heaven, and the mother dropped to earth stricken and broken hearted. In her piteous agony a little voice whispered 'Take mamma, too,' and with it came thoughts of heaven and prostrate she cast helpless wretchedness at the foot of the cross The Saviour whispered peace, and she arose a subdued and comforted woman Since that day her life has been rich in Christian charities and though she cares for her lovely home and keeps the grounds as of yore, their beauties breathe to her of God's love and mercy to the children of men, and seem prototypes of unknown beauties above

"Ah Nellie, fleeting and unsatisfying are the joys of earth, if they be not sanctified by the Spirit of God"

Tears were trembling in Nellie's eyes as Mary closed.

"Cousin Mary, I must know Mrs Mordaunt, such a life must be a treasure in one's experience"

"Yes, darling, it is my wish that you should few can teach you better the true value of life or the vast importance of eternity"

Satisfied Curiosity.

It was a quiet looking man with a frayed mustache, who got on a Cass avenue car the other night, and he had a square wooden box on his arm, with rows of holes punched in the top, which immediately attracted the attention of a corpulent passenger with cotton umbrella, who was sitting near the door

"I suppose you have some wild animal in that box?" said he, tapping it with his umbrella

"Yes" replied the other, shrinking into a corner

"You have a museum somewhere, maybe?"

"No," answered the small man, looking down at his feet

"Well, might I ask what you have in that box?" questioned the fat man, his curiosity increasing

"Certainly," murmured the man with the box, looking like the chief mourner at a funeral.

There was a dead silence for several minutes, when the corpulent man spoke somewhat impatiently

"Well, what is it?"

"It is a mongoose, said the melancholy man

"A mongoose—what's that?" asked the man with the umbrella, leaning over and eyeing the box curiously,

"It is an animal that exterminates snakes," replied the small man pulling his hat over his eyes

"And what do you propose to do with it?" asked the fat man, opening his eyes until they looked like watch dials

"I don't propose to do anything with it," answered the other nervously "It is for a friend of mine who has the delirium tremens, and wants something to kill the snakes he sees

"But they aren't real snakes, you know!" exclaimed the fat man, opening his mouth until the other could see his cork soles

"No, that's true, said the quiet man, getting up and putting the box under his coat, but then this isn't a real mongoose, you see!" And he evaporated out of the door, while the fat man stared thoughtfully out of the window at the flickering gas lamps —New York Chaff

Out of Luck.

Two prospectors owned a mining claim in the Paradise Mountains which they concluded to dispose of to the highest bidder for cash As there were rich croppings on the claim, two miners who had saved up a few hundred dollars bought the claim When the money was paid and the deed signed the sellers bantered to buyers to play a game of draw poker The latter agreed to that proposition and in a few hours had won back every dollar they paid for the claim Next day the buyers went to work on their purchase, and in a short time uncovered a small lead which carries ore that assays very high in silver The sellers came to the conclusion that luck was against them so they left this part of the state —Nevada Silver State

The East Orange N J, Gazette says Mr Wiggins the friend of the tempest a few years ago kept a grocery store at the present location of the postoffice in East Orange in New Jersey His store narrowly escaped destruction by fire on two occasions His business was not successful He was then looked upon as an amateur weather prophet, and his forecasts generally were about as successful as the average guess

ALL SORTS.

A veto thrown from a distance develops into a boomerang

The city auditor must be a big gun His report is loud enough

A California board of supervisors appropriated a sum to give a citizen a wooden leg, and charged the amount to permanent repairs and improvements

A new mining resort in Montana is on Freeze to Death Creek The postoffice just established is called Broncho Th[illegible] and will be organized in a few days

The New Haven Probate court has decided that a will written with a type writer is valid in accordance with the decisions that the statute and word writing also included printing

A Chicago man calculates that the national bank system has cost the government $3,000,000 in all and that it has paid revenues to the amount of over $1[illegible]0 000 000

"Don't pull me around so," said the thief to the policeman "I have a felon upon my finger" "And I have my finger upon a felon" remarked the police man with a sardonic smile

A hotel in Los Angeles California has on its printed rules the following "No combustibles, such as paper, old clothing, bottles or oyster cans to be thrown out of these windows"

General Sheridan's 52d birthday was pleasantly remembered by his friends in Chicago His private office was a bower of beautiful flowers as seen by a writer's eyes and the Loyal Legion gave him a dinner

The late Colonel Gilmore met General Grant in New York and approaching the ex President saluted him and exclaimed "General I suppose you forget me?" "No," replied General Grant "You are one of the hornets who sting us so badly during the unpleasantness"

At the last meeting of the Leeds and West Riding Medico Chirurgical Society Mr Margetson of Dewsbury, exhibited an incandescent lamp designed by him self and used by him since October last in examining the mouth and throat The globe was about half the size of a walnut It can be held in the mouth for two minutes without discomfort from the heat.

Mrs S L Hinton wants to know through the Courier Journal where she can get "a reliable book on silk culture She also wishes "a few silk worms to start with" It is in order for those prepared to meet this last demand to put in an appearance There is a book on silk culture published at New Orleans Crozes is the name of its author It is in cloth, and costs fifty cents

Did it ever occur to you why Solomon made the remark about there being nothing new under the sun? Well the fact was that his numerous wives and witches kept hinting to him about having new bonnets, and he merely murmured that there was nothing new under the sun in hopes to make them believe that the fall styles in hats had not yet been struck on

Rev Mr Good recently attended a masked ball and the next morning he met Mrs Jones and her husband "Ah, Mr Good you was at the bal masque" said the lady "Yes I was there" "In masque?" "Oh, yes of course" "How did you go?" "As a Christian, worn down and weary, and he heaved a sigh "Ahem," said Mr Jones, sotto voce, "the disguise must have been very complete"

Iowa may have lost its prohibitory amendment but its walled lakes remain The lake is in the midst of prairie land and is two or three feet above the earth's surface It is inclosed by a wall of stones in some places 10 feet high, 15 feet wide at the bottom and five feet wide at the top The stones vary in weight from three tons to 100 pounds There are no stones on the surface of the ground within ten miles of the lake

A stylishly dressed young woman entered a restaurant The waiter handed her a bill of fare and said, "Please mark off the dishes you wish to order" Could a woman in a sealskin confess that she could not read Taking the pencil she made a few dashes, and her order read "Dinner 50 cents, "Feb 20, 83," "vegetables" "please pay at the desk," "celery" The waiter brought her beef steak and onions and prune sauce, and she did not dare raise a word in protest

Advice to those about to get married in fashionable London circles Select an occasion when the Vicar is taking a holiday and then if you are content that a humble curate should perform the ceremony, you will save a five pound note at least Why does a clergyman expect a heavy fee when his legal remuneration is about 12s 6d? That he does expect it I gather from the fact that the Vicar of a West End church, to whom the best man at a recent marriage tendered £5 wrote somewhat indignantly to say that his fee was six guineas Of course, the above hint does not refer to those persons who require a bishop to make them man and wife

Trying to Abolish Breach of Promise Cases.

A bill to abolish action for breach of promise of marriage has been issued among the parliamentary papers to day, (February 26) backed by Mr Claine Mr Bryce and Mr Buchanan (Liberals) Col Makins, (Conservative) and Mr Heldon (Home Ruler) It consists simply of the following clause "From and after the passage of this act no person shall be entitled to maintain an action in respect of the breach of promise to marry, provided always that this shall not apply to any action commenced before the passing of this act The bill introduced will if it passes into law, be the shortest statute on our statute book It contains only one clause, which provides that, without prejudice to existing actions after the 1st of January next there shall be no action for breach of promise to marry It must not, however be forgotten that this would still leave a remedy for injury under the ordinary laws of contract—that is damages will be recoverable for any actual momentary loss sustained or incurred by the plaintiff through the promise given by the defendant The object of the bill is to abolish the principle of allowing damages to be awarded for disappointment or grief —St James Gazette

Odd Wagers.

In a shaving match for $200 a side in Chicago the winner's time was 2 minutes 55 seconds

The winner of a corn raising contest near Rome Ga, raised thirty seven bushels on a half acre

A Saint Mo woman won $20 on a wager that she could pile a pair of wood in less time than a certain man could

For a sum of money two packages wrappers at Davenport, Iowa entered into a contest The winner wrapped 3 300 bundles in a single day using 4000 yards of twine

A man in a Berlin beer house wagered four geese that he could stand on one leg for two hours, He fell over in a fit at the end of fifteen minutes, and cut his hands and face on a beer glass

Wealthy Newsboys

That big, tall newsboy over there at the postoffice steps is worth $[illegible]0 000 in his own right

It was another newsboy who gave this rather startling bit of information to the writer

"Yes sir but not that talking newsboy It's Alf—Alf Shattler and he does the biggest trade of any boy in this city Why maybe you don't believe it but it's true he makes more money a [illegible] than many of the court street clerks Alf averages $5 and $7 a day

But he has to work for it?

Well I should say so How long do you suppose he has sold papers on that corner Nineteen years sir Alf began business about war time and he has never given it up No he has the best business of any of the boys

Any regular trade?

"That's it sir You'll see gentlemen come across the street at all hours get a paper from him without a word and walk away not offering to pay Those are his regular customer and he has hundreds of them

Further inquiry developed the fact that Shattler is nearly 40 years old He is married and lives in his own property on Spring Grove avenue Out at Milford he owns a farm for which he was refused $10 000 Besides this farm he has other property real and personal of equal value

Down at the corner of Fourth and Walnut is another newsboy whose familiar face has been a familiar at that point for ten years past Fourth and Walnut is his particular field, and no other newsboy ever attempts to invade it Though not as wealthy as Shattler Johnny can draw his check for $5000 and have it honored He has had his home at Union Bethel for years, where he regularly pays a fixed sum for board and lodging

Edgewood—The Home of Mrs. Kate Chase Sprague

About two and a half miles northeast of the Capitol is Edgewood, a substantial brick villa erected early in the present century by Colonel Berry, who had an only daughter who was the possessor of great personal beauty and rare accomplishments Among her admirers was a young law student in the office of William Wirt, then Attorney General, Salmon P Chase of Ohio and, although he never became a suitor for her hand, he always cherished pleasant memories of her and her home When the estate was offered for sale in 1868, the young law student had become the Chief Justice of the United States, and he purchased it for a homestead Additions were made to the house, and his many art treasures were removed there from the house which he had occupied at the corner of Sixth and D streets and were arranged with great taste

Mrs Kate Chase Sprague is now residing at Edgewood with her three daughters—Ethel, Portia and Katherine—whose respective ages are fourteen eleven and nine years Assisted by private tutors Mrs Sprague has taken the charge of their education, and they are well versed in the preliminary studies in the English French and German tongues She retains her rare beauty tempered by age and trouble, especially the poise of her intellectual head, her charming throat and chin and the classical outlines of her countenance There are but few, if any, silver threads in her dark auburn hair, and her movements have the attractive grace that characterized her when young! Her life has been one of disappointment! Her "great expectations" have not been realized! Her petition for divorce set forth her great wrongs, but now her faithless husband has married another wife, and those wrongs will be avenged —Washington Corr Boston Journal

The Craze for Wagner's Hair.

Wagner's hair is highly prized by his admirers and when it is about to have it cut, enthusiasts are always on the look out to get a lock of it. Recently, at Naples, this led to an amusing incident The hairdresser, who was to perform the operation was solicited by some Wagnerites at the hotel to sell them the shorn locks and the barber profited by the transaction to a considerable extent Unluckily, Madame Wagner had promised a friend some of her husband's hair to enclose in a locket, and the barber was robbed of his perquisites, but, remembering that the butcher who supplied meat to the hotel had hair exactly similar to that of the composer, he persuaded him to have his hair cut gratis, and was thus enabled to send the enthusiasts away rejoicing

Wigginsiana

Uneasy is the head that dips into the future

Tis better to predict and miss than never to predict at all

Wiggins storm will not be seen by the heely motor

The weather prophet frightens fools entertains the credulous and sells his almanac

In anticipation of Wiggins storm the Indians on the Oneida reservation have tied their houses to trees and fences with ropes

It is time that people with brains in their head should regard Wiggins in his true light simply as a man who has almanacs to sell

It was reported recently that the Panama Canal Company had expended $30 - 000 000 and had not moved a shovelful of dirt yet Out of this sum it must be remembered it bought and paid for the Panama Railroad, and the cash for that went to citizens of the United States Contracts have also been made with Americans to construct the machinery to do the excavating with and it is very likely that a large part of the cost of the whole work will be paid out in this country Perhaps it is quite as well to let the Panama scheme get well started before we undertake that of the Nicaragua route If the latter is built by the United States and begun forthwith, we should have doubts if the Panama canal wouldn't fall through yet Experience gained at Panama will be available at Nicaragua Judging by the business done on the Suez canal both of these isthmus cuts would soon be doing a paying business, nor would they seriously interfere with the business of our rail roads

The art critic of the Hawera Star thus describes a portrait of Tawhiao the Maori king, "The first glance at his head forcibly reminds one of an American ax or Maori tomahawk it being broad at the chin and narrow at the crown If his head were iron it would be a valuable acquisition to the bush feller for splitting shingles The tattoo marks with which the face is covered destroy all facial expression, and a simple-minded person could easily be persuaded that for a minute at one period of his life his pate had been in a sausage machine in full operation The picture also represents him as fearfully swivel eyed and it would be a hard thing to tell whether His Highness is represented to be looking at his subjects or sadly contemplating the shadowy prospect of a banquet from the Wanganuites

A VOICE FROM THE PEOPLE

The Greatest Curative Success of the Age

No medicine [illegible] introduced to the public has ever met with the success accorded to Hop Bitters It [illegible] a day to say the best known curative article in the world Its marvelous [illegible] growth is not due to the advertising it has received; it is famous by reason of its inherent virtues. It does all that is claimed for it. It is the most powerful and effective agent known for building up debilitated systems and general family medicine

Winston Forsyth Co N C, March 15 [illegible]

Gents—I desire to express my thanks for your wonderful Hop Bitters I was troubled with Dyspepsia for five years previous to commencing the use of your Hop Bitters some six months ago My cure has been wonderful I am pastor of the First Methodist Church of this place and my whole congregation can testify to the great virtue of your bitters Very respectfully

REV H FEREBEE

Rochester N Y, March 11 1880

Hop Bitters Co I wish to accept our grateful acknowledgment for the Hop Bitters you were so kind to donate and which were such a benefit to us. We can't be without them again.

OUR LADIES OF THE HOME OF THE FRIENDLESS

Lowell [illegible] Sept 24 1880

Gents I have taken [illegible] the [illegible] bottle of the Hop Bitters I was a feeble [illegible] when I got [illegible] but I am now [illegible] and feel as well as [illegible] I see a great many that [illegible] such a medicine

D Boyce

Monroe Mich, Sept 25 1875

Sirs I have been taking Hop Bitters for inflammation of the kidneys and bladder It has done for me what four doctors failed to do—cured me The effect of the Bitters seemed like magic

W L Carter

If you have a sick friend whose life is a burden, one bottle of Hop Bitters will restore that friend to perfect health and happiness

Bradford Pa, May 8 1881

It has cured me of several diseases such as nervousness sickness at the stomach monthly troubles, etc I have not seen a sick day in a year since I took Hop Bitters

MRS FANNIE GREEN

Evansville Wis, June 24 1882

Gentlemen No medicine has had one half the sale here and given such universal satisfaction as your Hop Bitters We take pleasure in speaking for their welfare as every one who tries them is well satisfied with their results Several such remarkable cures have been made with them here that there are a number of earnest workers in the Hop Bitters cause. One person gained eleven pounds from only taking a few bottles

SMITH & IDE.

Bay City Mich Feb 3 1880

Hop Bitters Company—I think it my duty to send you a recommend for the benefit of any person wishing to know whether Hop Bitters are good or not I know they are good for general debility and indigestion strengthen the nervous system and make new life I recommend my patients to use them

DR A PRATT

Treater of Chronic Diseases

Superior Wis Jan 1880

I heard in my neighborhood that your Hop Bitters was doing such a great deal of good among the sick and afflicted with most every kind of disease and as I had been troubled for fifteen years with neuralgia and all kinds of rheumatic complaints and kidney trouble I took one bottle according to directions It at once did me a great deal of good and I used four bottles more I am an old man but am now as well as I can wish There are seven or eight families in our place using Hop Bitters for their family medicine, and are so well satisfied with it they will use no other One lady here has been bedridden for years is well and doing her work from the use of three bottles

LEONARD WHITEBECK

What It Did for an Old Lady

Coshocton Station, N Y Dec 28 1878

Gents—A number of people had been using your Bitters here with marked effect A lady of over seventy years had been sick for the past ten years She had not been able to be around Six months ago she was helpless Her old remedies or physician being of no avail I sent forty five miles and got a bottle of Hop Bitters It had such an effect on her that she was able to dress herself and walk about the house After taking two bottles more she was able to take care of her own room and walk out to her neighbor's, and has improved all the time since My wife and children have also derived great benefit from their use

W B HATHAWAY Agt U S Ex Co

Honest Old Tim.

Gorham N H July 14 1879

Gents—Whoever you are, I don't know but I feel grateful to you to know that in this world of adulterated medicines there is one compound that proves and does all it advertises to do and more Four years ago I had a slight shock of palsy which unnerved me to such an extent that the least excitement would make me shake like the ague. Last May I was induced to try Hop Bitters used one bottle but did not see any change another did so change my nerves that they are now as steady as they ever were It used to take both hands to write but now my good right hand writes this Now if you continue to manufacture as honest and good an article as you do you will accumulate an honest fortune and confer the greatest blessing on your fellow-men that was ever conferred on mankind

TIM BURCH

Anna Maria Krider, Wife of Tobias K

Chambersburg July 25 1875

This is to all the people that I Anna Maria Krider wife of Tobias Krider am now past seventy four years of age My health has been very bad for many years past I was troubled with weakness bad cough Dyspepsia great debility and constipation of the bowels I was so miserable I could eat nothing I heard of Hop Bitters and was resolved to try them. I have only used three bottles, and I feel wonderful good well and strong again My bowels are regular my appetite good, and cough gone I think it my duty to let the people know how bad I was and what the medicine has done for me so they can cure themselves with it

My wife was troubled for years with blotches moth patches freckles and pimples on her face which nearly annoyed the life out of her She spent many dollars on the thousand infallible cures with nothing but injurious effects A lady friend of Syracuse N Y who had had similar experience and had been cured with Hop Bitters, induced her to try it One bottle has made her face as smooth fair and soft as a child's, and and given her such health that it seems almost a miracle

A MEMBER OF CANADIAN PARLIAMENT

A Rich Lady's Experience,

I traveled all over Europe and other foreign countries at a cost of thousands of dollars in search of health and found it not I returned discouraged and disheartened and was restored to real youthful health and spirits with less than two bottles of Hop Bitters. I hope others may profit by my experience and stay at home

A LADY Augusta, Me

I had been sick and miserable so long causing my husband so much trouble and expense no one knowing what ailed me I was so completely disheartened and discouraged that I got a bottle of Hop Bitters and used them unknown to my family I soon began to improve and gained so fast that my husband and family thought it unnatural but when I told them what had helped me they said Hurrah for Hop Bitters long may they prosper, for they have made mother well and happy

THE MOTHER.

Luddington Mich Feb 2 1880

I have sold Hop Bitters for four years and there is no medicine that surpasses them for bilious attacks kidney complaints and many diseases incident to this malarial climate

H T ALEXANDER

TUTT'S

PILLS

SYMPTOMS OF A

TORPID LIVER.

Loss of Appetite, Bowels costive Pain in the Head with a dull sensation in the back part Pain under the Shoulder blade fullness after eating, with a disinclination to exertion of body or mind, Irritability of temper Low spirits, with a feeling of having neglected some duty, Weariness, Dizziness Fluttering at the Heart Dots before the eyes, Yellow Skin, Headache generally over the right eye, Restlessness, with fitful dreams, highly colored Urine, and

CONSTIPATION.

TUTT'S PILLS are especially adapted to such cases one dose effects such a change of feeling as to astonish the sufferer

They Increase the Appetite, and cause the body to Take on Flesh, thus the system is nourished and by their Tonic Action on the Digestive Organs, Regular Stools are produced. Price 25 cents. 35 Murray St., N Y

TUTT'S HAIR DYE

GRAY HAIR OR WHISKERS changed to a GLOSSY BLACK by a single application of this DYE. It imparts a natural color acts instantaneously Sold by Druggists or sent by express on receipt of $1

OFFICE, 35 MURRAY ST NEW YORK.

(Dr. TUTT'S MANUAL of Valuable Information and Useful Receipts will be mailed FREE on application.)

School District No. 1, Portland

To Builders and Contractors

SEALED BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE [illegible] Saturday April 14 1883 at [illegible] P M for the supply of [illegible] of a [illegible] school building [illegible] with the specifications [illegible] bond or pending [illegible] with satisfactory sureties in the sum of $000 The work to be completed [illegible] 1st day of June [illegible] ing the 20th day of August next [illegible] plans and specifications [illegible] office of Justus Kr[illegible] Payments will be made in three installments to each [illegible] 75 per cent on each [illegible] work

The Board of Directors reserve the right to reject any or all bids

All bids must be sealed and addressed to the Board of Directors of Public Schools District No 1

W M WADHAMS,
JOHN WILSON,
L WASSERMAN
N VERSTEEG

RIVER STEAMERS.

ILWACO STEAM NAVIGATION CO'S REGULAR PACKET LINE

For Gray's Harbor, Shoalwater Bay, Tillamook and Oregon Coast Ports.

Steamer GEN. MILES

Will leave [illegible] dock Astoria

For Tillamook on or about April 16.

[illegible]

FOR GRAY'S HARBOR

FRIDAY APRIL 20.

[illegible]

J H D GRAY Agt [illegible] Co

For Astoria—Fast Line.

THE STEAMER

FLEETWOOD,

Will [illegible] Monday [illegible] and [illegible] every week at 6 A M and [illegible] at Astoria at 1 [illegible] at P M [illegible] Monday Wednesday and Friday [illegible]

[illegible] President

STR. MANZANILLO.

[illegible] every alternate morning at 6 o'clock. [illegible] for Skamokawa [illegible] Cathlamet [illegible] days

FOR COWLITZ RIVER.

Steamer JOS. KELLOGG from foot of Gambling [illegible] Tuesday Thursday and Saturday, at [illegible] A M [illegible] at St. Helens, Columbia City Kalama [illegible] Rainier Cedar Landing [illegible] and way points. From Freeport Monday Wednesday and Friday

VANCOUVER TRANSPORTATION CO.

STR. LURLINE or VANCOUVER CAPT JAS T GRAY leave Portland at [illegible] and Vancouver at [illegible] A M daily Sundays excepted For freight or passage apply on board at foot of Gambling street Northrup & Thompson's dock

TOWING [illegible] 10 A M [illegible] P M

SHIPPING.

FOR HONOLULU

DIRECT

THE BARK ELSINORE, CAPT George W JENKS will be ready to sail from Astoria for Honolulu on or about the 12th inst A few cabin passengers can be accommodated. Apply to McCRAKEN & MASON or the Captain on board

Portland April 5, 1883.

NEW YORK TO PORTLAND, OR.

AMERICAN SHIP

Minnie M Watts,

Of Van Vleck & Co's line will sail from New York

THURSDAY MAY 24.

For this port consigned to C H PRESCOTT

Sutton & Co's Dispatch Line

From New York,

For Portland, Oregon. Direct,

The A1 FIRST CLASS CLIPPER SHIP

Sovereign of the Seas

Master

Will be on the berth and ready for cargo April 20. Shippers will please send their orders and make their engagements as early as possible She will sail May 20th

SUTTON & CO. 82 South St New York

ALLEN & LEWIS Agents Portland Or

OCEAN STEAMERS.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN PACKET Co.

THE MAGNIFICENT CLYDE-BUILT steamships of this line—Cimbria, Bellert, Lessing, Suevia, Westphalia, and Wieland—leave New York for Plymouth London, Cherbourg and Hamburg every THURSDAY. C B RICHARD & Co, General Agents 6 Broadway New York. C J F MARVEK & Co 401 California street San Francisco.

Steamship and Railroad Tickets, Money Orders and Drafts. Issue Letters of Credit and forward Freight and Express Parcels to all cities and interior towns in Germany, Austria, Hungary, Belgium, France, Great Britain, Ireland, Holland, Italy, Roumania, Russia, Poland, Scandinavia, Sweden, Norway, Spain, Switzerland and the Orient. OLDENDORFF HARVEY & CO Agents Portland Or

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STRAW BEDS,

$10 50 PER DOZ.

GEO. A. PLEASANCE,

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Portland, Oregon

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MANUFACTURED BY THE

Baltimore Twine and Net Company.

WM. J. HOOPER & SON,

No. 6 South Calvert St., Baltimore, Md.

Send for price list naming your county and state

PLEASE MENTION THIS PAPER.

DR CHEEVERS
ELECTRIC BELT
MEN ONLY

DR CHEEVER'S ELECTRIC BELT or Regenerator is made expressly for the cure of derangement of the generative organs Whenever any debility of the generative organs occurs, from whatever cause the continuous stream of ELECTRICITY permeating through the parts must restore them to healthy action. There is no mistake about this instrument. Years of use have tested it, and thousands of cures are testified to. Weakness from Indiscretion Incapacity Lack of Vigor Sterility and all troubles of these organs is cured. Do not confound this with electric belts advertised to cure all ills from head to toe. It is for the ONE specific purpose. For circulars giving full information address CHEEVER ELECTRIC BELT CO. 103 Washington St., Chicago, Ill.

W. A. S.

WOLFE'S

Schiedam Aromatic Schnapps.

As a general beverage necessary corrective of water rendered impure by vegetable decomposition or other causes as limestone sulphate of copper etc the AROMATIC SCHNAPPS is superior to every other alcoholic preparation A public trial of over thirty years duration in every section of our country of UDOLPHO WOLFE'S SCHNAPPS, its unsolicited indorsement by the medical faculty and a sale unequaled by any other alcoholic distillation have secured for it the reputation of salubrity claimed for it. For sale by all druggists and grocers.

UDOLPHO WOLFE'S SON & CO.,

18 Beaver St., New York.

MOORE'S REMEDY

FOR

POISON OAK

And other Skin Diseases.

The Only PREVENTIVE and Certain Cure

Sold by all Druggists. 25c a box.

[illegible] N [illegible] & CO

San Francisco

E. F. McLARE,

DEALER IN

ALL KINDS OF LUMBER,

Dressed and Undressed Pickets,

Laths, Shingles, etc.

Office and Yard—E. cor. Yamhill and Front streets, Portland, Or.

Spruce, Cedar and Moldings always on hand.

WOOD, WOOD! WOOD!

SLAB WOOD—$1 50 PER LOAD—FROM WEIDLER'S MILL. Orders left at [illegible] or in the box at Gem saloon will be promptly attended to.

W [illegible] & CO,

RAILWAYS AND STEAMBOATS.

Oregon Railway and Navigation Company.

OCEAN DIVISION

FROM SAN FRANCISCO AT 10 A M			FROM PORTLAND AT [illegible]		
[illegible]	Tuesday	April [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	April 2
State	Friday	April [illegible]	Queen	Thursday	April 5
Columbia	Monday	April 9	Oregon	Sunday	April 8
Queen	Thursday	April 12	State	Wednesday	April 11
Oregon	Sunday	April 15	Columbia	Saturday	April 14
State,	Wednesday	April 18	Queen	Tuesday	April 17
Columbia	Saturday	April [illegible]	Oregon	Friday	April 20
Queen,	Tuesday	April [illegible]	State	Monday	April 23
Oregon	Friday	April [illegible]	Columbia	Thursday	April 26
State	Monday	April 30	Queen	Sunday	April 29

RAIL DIVISION

On and after March 18, 1883, transfer steamer leaves Ainsworth dock Portland at [illegible] A M connecting with train at Albina at 8:00 A. M. Arrive at Walla Walla Junction at [illegible] P M. Walla Walla at 9 35 P M [illegible] Dayton [illegible] A M Returning arrive at Albina [illegible] and Portland at [illegible] P M

Trains daily except Sunday connect at Wallula Junction for points on Northern Pacific Railroad.

Through Sleeping Cars from Portland to [illegible] on [illegible] Northern Pacific Railroad.

Pullman Palace Cars running between Portland Walla Walla and Dayton

MIDDLE COLUMBIA RIVER DIVISION

[illegible]

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY

PORTLAND AND ASTORIA FAST LINE.

Steamer [illegible] leaves Portland at 6 A M returning leaves Astoria at [illegible] M

DAILY EXCEPT WEDNESDAY

[illegible] board after 9:30

ALSO

Leave Portland [illegible] For	Mo	Tu	Wed	Th	Fri	Sat
Astoria & Lower Columbia	6 A M	6 A M	6 A M	6 A M	6 A M	6 A M
Dayton Or	7 A M		7 A M		7 A M	
Salem, Corvallis		6 A M		6 A M		[illegible]
Vic[illegible]	6 A M		6 A M		6 A M	

NARROW GAUGE DIVISION

EAST SIDE.

BETWEEN PORTLAND AND COBURG via O & C R R to Woodburn

On and after Monday, Sept. 24, 1882

Trains for Coburg leave Portland at 7.30 A. M on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

WEST SIDE.

BET PORTLAND SHERIDAN AND AIRLIE via O & C R R to Whites

Leave Portland at 9 A M. Returning leave Airlie for Portland at 6 05 A M

Freight for all points on Narrow Gauge Division will be received and forwarded by the O. & C. R. R. East and West Side Divisions, respectively

General Offices—Cor. Front and D Streets.

C. H. PRESCOTT Manager.

JOHN MUIR,
Superintendent of Traffic.

A L MAXWELL, Ticket Agent.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

WESTERN DIVISIONS.

PACIFIC DIVISION

Leave Kalama at 10:25 A. M., Arrive at New Tacoma at 2:30 P M

Leave New Tacoma at 7 A. M. Arrive at Kalama 12,15 P M.

Connections,

At Tacoma with P C S S Co. steamships for San Francisco and with sound steamers for Victoria, Seattle, Olympia and all points on Puget Sound.

At Lakeview with stage for Steilacoom.

At Tenino with the Olympia and Tenino railroad for Olympia.

At Kalama with O. R. & N Co.'s boats for Portland and all railroad and steamship lines centering at Portland,

PEND D'OREILLE DIVISION

Leave Wallula Junction at 8 P M. Arrive at Cheney at 6 [illegible] A M. Spokane Falls at 6:05 A.M., and Sand Point at 9.55 A.M.

Returning, leave Sand Point at 5.5 P M.. Arrive at Spokane Falls at 9 19 P.M. Cheney at 10:05 P M. and Wallula Junction at 7 40 A.M.

Connection

At Wallula Junction with O. R. & N Co. for all rail, river, ocean and sound points

Sleeping Cars to and from Portland

J M BUCKLEY Assistant General Manager

JOHN MUIR, Sup't of Traffic.

F F GRIFFIN, Sup't Pend d'Oreille Division.

Oregon & California R.R. Co.

On and after April 22, 1883, trains will run as follows

(DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAYS)

Eastside Division.

Between PORTLAND and RIDDLE'S.

Mail Train

LEAVE		ARRIVE	
Portland	[illegible]0 A.M.	Riddle's	8:30 P.M
Riddle's	[illegible]0 A.M.	Portland	4:25 P.M

Albany Express Train

LEAVE		ARRIVE	
Portland	4:00 P M	Lebanon	9:30 P.M
Lebanon	[illegible] A.M.	Portland	10:05 A.M

Freight Trains

LEAVE		ARRIVE	
Portland	[illegible] A.M.	Junction	4:00 P.M
Junction	[illegible]30 A.M.	Riddle's	8:10 P.M
Riddle's	[illegible]0 A.M.	Junction	5:00 P.M
Junction	[illegible] A.M.	Portland	3:25 P.M

The Oregon and California Railroad Ferry makes connection with all regular trains on Eastside Division.

Westside Division.

BETWEEN PORTLAND and CORVALLIS.

Mail Train

LEAVE		ARRIVE	
Portland	[illegible]0 A.M.	Corvallis	4:30 P.M
Corvallis	[illegible]0 A.M.	Portland	3:25 P.M

Express Train.

LEAVE		ARRIVE	
Portland	[illegible] P M	McMinnville	8:00 P.M
McMinnville	[illegible]45 A.M.	Portland	8:30 A.M

Close connections made at Riddle's with stages of the California and Oregon Stage Company

Tickets for sale to all the principal points in California and the East at Company's office

Corner F and Front Sts., Portland, Or.

Freight will not be received for shipment after five o'clock P M on either the East or Westside Division

P KRAMER Gen'l Supt.

E. P ROGERS, Gen'l Fr't & Pass'r Ag't.

[illegible] KOEHLER, Vice President and Manager.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL STOCKHOLDERS MEETING.

To the Stockholders of the Oregon and California Railroad company

YOU ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED THAT THE annual meeting of the stockholders of the Oregon and California Railroad company will be held at the office of the company at the city of Portland, county of Multnomah, and State of Oregon, on Tuesday, the 10th day of April 1883, at 11 o'clock A. M. of said day for the purpose of electing directors of said company to serve for the ensuing year, and transacting such other business as may come before the meeting

And you are further notified that in pursuance of a resolution duly passed at a meeting of the board of directors of said company, held at the office of the company March 5 1883 the following resolution, authorizing the filing of supplementary articles of incorporation of said company will be submitted to said annual stockholders meeting for consideration and adoption, viz

Resolved, That the directors of this corporation be, and they are hereby instructed and directed to file, as soon as the same can be reasonably prepared and executed, supplementary articles of incorporation, amending Article III of the present articles of this company as amended by the supplementary articles heretofore filed, by inserting after the seventh subdivision of said Article III, substantially the following subdivisions:

Eighth—With the consent of the holders of an absolute majority in amount of the preferred stock of the company at the time actually issued and outstanding, to sell and dispose of its railroad and property or any part thereof to lease, devise and let to any other company or corporation incorporated under the laws of Oregon authorized to operate railroads and transact business in the state of Oregon all and singular its railroad and telegraph line then constructed, or to be constructed or any portion thereof with said tracks, depots, warehouses, stockyards locomotives, cars, and other rolling stock machinery and fixtures and appurtenances ferries and ferry boats and all lands easements right of way and property used in connection therewith to enter into any operating or traffic contract or any contract in the nature of a lease with any such other company or corporation transferring to such company or corporation the management and operation of its roads or any part thereof to consolidate with any other corporation to lease and operate the railroad or railroads of any corporation and to guarantee the payment of and assume the liability of any other corporation for bonds coupons dividends or otherwise to file supplementary articles of incorporation authorizing the corporation to engage in new enterprises to increase its preferred or common capital stock or both and to construct and equip a railroad and telegraph line with all necessary branches from a point at or near Forest Grove in Washington county Oregon to Astoria in Clatsop county Oregon, to connect with its existing railroad, and to operate and maintain the same and carry freight and passengers thereon and receive tolls therefor

Ninth—To construct and equip a railroad and telegraph line with all necessary branches, from the city of Portland in Multnomah county Oregon via Hillsboro and McMinnville to Corvallis in Benton county, Oregon and a railroad and telegraph line, with all necessary branches, from Corvallis, in Benton county, Oregon to Junction City in Lane county Oregon and to maintain and operate the same and transport freight and passengers thereon and to receive tolls therefor

Tenth—To construct operate and maintain a railroad bridge or railroad and wagon road bridge, or both across the Willamette river between the cities of Portland and East Portland or above or below said cities, a connection its present railroads, and to collect and receive tolls for the passage of railroad trains and cars goods wares and merchandise teams wagons and other vehicles live stock and foot passengers over the same

GEO H ANDREWS,
Sec'y O & C. R. R Co

Portland Or March 10 1883.

RISDON

IRON & LOCOMOTIVE WORKS,

Corner Beale and Howard Streets

San Francisco, Cal.

W H TAYLOR, Pres't JOS. MOORE, Supt

I H MEAD Sec'y

ARE PREPARED TO FURNISH THE FOLLOWING described machinery on short notice and at the lowest rates and any orders large or small will receive prompt attention Workmanship and material guaranteed.

STEAM BOILERS of every description and size suitable for vessels or land work

SHEET IRON PIPE of all sizes, to stand any required pressure

IRON TANKS of any description

Our establishment being fitted with hydraulic riveting machinery, we are able to furnish first-class work of this kind at lowest rates.

HYDRAULIC MACHINERY and PUMPS for mines and city service HYDRAULIC ELEVATORS and CRANES for warehouses WATER GATES of any size MACHINERY FOR TRANSMISSION OF POWER BY WIRE ROPE, STREET RAILROAD MACHINERY, QUARTZ MILLS, FLOUR MILLS SAW MILLS, SAW MILL ENGINES and BOILERS, HIGH SPEED CORLISS ENGINES, POPPET VALVE ENGINES, COMPOUND and COMPOUND CONDENSING ENGINES, STEAMBOAT, TUGBOAT and MARINE ENGINES of any kind.

We are prepared to build any kind of machinery to drawings and specifications that may be furnished

PRAMMOND, RIDING & REDELL.

Office and Sample Room No. [illegible] N First cor Flln.

Portland, Or

We manufacture every description of Oil Clothing

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THE OREGON

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OF LIVERPOOL

EALAND

COMPANY

FIRE AND MARINE

Paid Up Capital

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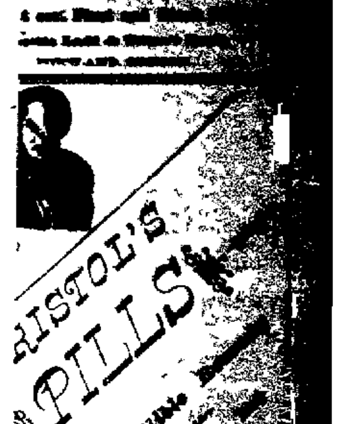

Celebrated and Favorite Brands

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Agency, office of

SIBSON, CHURCH & Co.

C. H. BACON,

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Lehigh, Cannel & Domestic

COAL, CHARCOAL

AND FOUNDRY COKE.

Portland, Or

Specific Mixture

VERDING & FARRELL,

DEALERS IN

Hay, Straw, Bran and All Kinds of Feed.

Alder and Front Streets, Portland.

Foreign Exchange
ding Government State and

or four Skin Cure is simply excellent It is just the thing my daughter's [illegible] which had spread all over her body —Mrs. E. L. D Merriam Blue Hill Mass Druggists keep it $1 per package

asked by the teacher if she believed in [illegible] worship answered "No, but I do believe in Saint worship because Saint Jacobs Oil saved my little brother's life when he was sick with sore throat, and it cured mamma's neuralgia

DR WILLIAM HALL'S BALSAM FOR THE LUNGS [illegible] sold by all druggists

The stars [illegible] grand ball Wednesday [illegible] Market

Redding's Russia Salve [illegible] chapped hands, [illegible]

"Buchu-Paiba" Quick complete cure all annoying Kidney and Urinary Diseases $1

The Daily Oregonian

TUESDAY MORNING APRIL 10 1883.

TILLAMOOK VALLEY.

The Gem of the Coast and the Hunters Paradise—A Tempting Field for Settlers

[CORRESPONDENCE OF THE OREGONIAN.] TILLAMOOK April

Eight hours run by the staunch little steamer General Miles takes us out from Astoria over the Columbia bar and down the coast by the smooth beach of Clatsop plains under the huge shadows of Tillamook head past the light house on bold Tillamook rock and into the bay which reaches up a silvery [illegible] back and walks beside the rough old Pacific ocean like a smiling child. Two or three miles in width and [illegible] eighteen length its deep still waters have a white pebbly beach [illegible] graceful lines [illegible] tall tree forests [illegible] of foliage [illegible] by the [illegible] air and the [illegible] sun [illegible] coast climate.

Tillamook valley is the choicest nook of the whole Oregon coast so far as mildness of climate, productiveness of soil, wealth of timber, abundance and variety of game and fish can make it. It is sheltered from the northwest winds by the mountains which terminate at the ocean in Tillamook head. The ocean itself is tempered by a range of high hills which rise between it and the bay. The east winds of winter which sometimes come down so icily upon the Willamette valley cannot reach over the coast range which lies between it and the Tillamook Mountains also around it to south ward inclosing it so completely that no weather, however rough outside can more than cast a shadow over the sheltered valley.

Back of the fringe of timber a mile or two deep around the bay the valley opens in a fine variety of prairie, woodland, knoll and ravine stretching away for miles to climb at last the easy and wooded slopes of the coast range. Three or four rivers a hundred yards wide and boiling deep at their entrance to the bay come down from the mountains through narrow, long arms of the valley, each bearing the bright pure waters of hundreds of mountain rivulets and brooks. The waters of the bay are sweet and pure as a spring, and seem to be the pleasure resort of the best and finest families of every fish and living thing in the ocean, for almost every fish that swims and all things that live in shells are caught in greatest numbers. The trout of Trask river are the largest and finest of the coast. Bear, elk, deer, pheasants, grouse and quail multiply almost unmolested in the dells and on the open woods of mountain and valley. Their number is so great that the needs of the people are supplied long before their increase is taken. For those who would walk with nature in her brightest garb and talk with her children in their most careless mood should visit Tillamook valley. The entire population of the county is less than a thousand souls. Prolific nature is so kind and their simple wants so few that they hardly deign to scratch the soil though millions of the wealth of which other people toil lie unbid in its black and waxen mold. Though barley, oats, potatoes and all the fruits and vegetables grow and mature with prodigal abundance even for the Pacific coast the only thing of them we have a taste is the rich golden butter made by the housewives more industrious perhaps than the lady of Tillamook.

The means of transportation are now provided, and sure, at low rates and the soil of this beautiful valley should be made to add its quota to the state's annual export. Its best and surest crop is barley, the cereal of which is surest also of an even and eager market. The benefits to the country which would follow cultivation of the soil and the export of produce from the country would be greater in indirect ways than the immediate wealth which would be created. The exports of a country extend its fame and attract all sorts of business investments. Tillamook butter is known as the best product of the northern coast and its barley will be as famous whenever the people have exported it. There is no reason but indifference why this county should not send out half a million dollars worth of produce per annum at once and it only needs settlement and cultivation to make its exports ten or twenty times as great. There is plenty of land which can be easily and cheaply put in cultivation. The Ilwaco steam navigation company is ready to bring out the produce at a fair rate for freight and there is a good and growing market but a few hours from its harbor. There are thousands of industrious people coming to the state who would gladly settle in the county and add to the aggregate of its productions thereby assisting to cheapen transportation and increasing all values if the people would take the trouble of letting the truth be known concerning the extent and value of unoccupied land in the mountain locked valleys of Tillamook county.

The best of the valley land (meaning that which is prairie and most easily cleared) is of course occupied by settlers already there. But there is room for thousands of homesteads on government land which can be put in cultivation at an expense of a few dollars per acre which, if a first more encumbered and troublesome to subdue than the prairies of eastern Oregon, is when once in cultivation far more valuable on account of its proximity to market and a delightfully even and temperate climate. At the slowest it is only a question of time when Tillamook valley will be the garden of Oregon, the most enchanting valley on the Pacific coast, not excepting Santa Clara county of California. It is now to the huntsman and the angler and the seeker after rest in the sweeter walks of nature's wilds and only needs people and industry and time to become its counterpart under cultivation.

Practically, Tillamook is to be waked up this season. The puff of the steam engine and the whir of the circular saw will be echoed through its stillness before many weeks, as a lumberman is putting up a mill of immense capacity where one of the rivers enters the bay. It is the pioneer of scores as certain to follow as the world is to go on. The coast range mountains in which its rivers rise carry growths of timber unequaled in the coast. Every tree known in our forests except the two varieties of redwood of California grow with the greatest vigor and straightest grain to enormous height. Firs and cedars rival in size the famous big trees of Calaveras. The cedar groves are described as standing for miles with every tree perfect and straight a hundred feet without a limb. The rivers are large enough and every way suitable for floating logs. The bay affords safe and ample place for booms and its shores are excellently adapted for mill sites and towns. There is water enough at the entrance to the harbor to make shipments tolerably easy and safe. The demand for lumber is constantly on the increase. With all these conditions in its favor Tillamook bay must soon be the scene of great business activity and the valley become the home of a large and prosperous number of people. The erection of this first mill is a beginning of which the end cannot be seen. It is within reasonable probability that railroad communication will be established between Portland and Tillamook bay in a very few years. Tillamook county has and can produce ten fold more freight than the county of Santa Cruz California, yet a railroad has been in operation from San Francisco to the latter for several years. It was built over and through mountains fully as formidable as the Coast Range. There are two tunnels on the route over a mile each in length. Ten years before it was built the Santa Cruz road would have seemed far more improbable than a railroad to Tillamook.

New comers can do worse in this country than go to the Tillamook valley. The labor of making a living is certainly lighter there than in any other corner of Oregon for the woods, rivers and ocean supply so much that man so content has little to do but gather and eat. The first development of the country is as certain to make the owner of 160 acres of land unincumbered a comparatively rich man. The government gives [illegible] and to whoever will take it. To reach it from Portland the easiest and quickest route is via Astoria.

D H S

COREGONUS WILLIAMSONII

The Strange Fish Found in Mill Creek, Marion Co Identified

Several items have appeared in THE OREGONIAN at different times concerning a fish found in Mill creek Marion county. As will be seen by the subjoined correspondence its name has at last been discovered. The only thing to be regretted in the matter is that it did not have an easier one. But Coregonus is better than no name at all.

PORTLAND Oregon Feb 27 1883

Hon Spencer F Baird, U S Fish Commissioner Washington D C—*Dear Sir* —I take the liberty of forwarding to you to-day by express a glass case containing two fish in alcohol for the purpose of having you examine them and let me know the result and name of the fish. We have tried by every means accessible here to find out what they are and without success, as we cannot find them described in any book we have seen.

They are a very fine pan fish—by some claimed to be equal if not superior to our mountain trout—very solid with white flesh, and are found in Mill creek a tributary of the Willamette river at Salem one hundred and seventy five miles from the ocean in immense quantities with the first fall rains in October and November hundreds and thousands being taken by seines along the creek and in ponds caused by the overflow. They are very nearly of one size—average length probably ten inches—and when alive having no slime on them whatever. As far as we can learn reliably these fish are only found in Mill creek, and there only since the construction of the locks at the falls of the Willamette ten years ago. Several of us who have given the subject some attention are of opinion that they are a salt water or estuary fish, coming through the locks in their fall migrations for spawning in Mill creek. For myself and others who are interested in the subject, we will be much obliged if you will give me what information you can in relation to these fish. I inclose a clipping from the DAILY OREGONIAN February 21 which is substantially correct; also inclose drawings of fish from life. Very respectfully yours

I R MOORES

Reply.]

U S COMMISSION OF FISH AND FISHERIES

WASHINGTON D C March 28 1883

I R Moores Esq Portland Or —*Dear Sir* —I am in receipt of your letter of the 27th of February and the accompanying specimens arrived shortly after. I submitted them to Dr Bean and am informed by him that they are the *Coregonus Williamsonii*, a species described in the report of the Pacific railroad survey. They are very closely related to the white fish of the great lakes of the United States, and I shall be glad to know more about their habits and characteristics.

Yours truly SPENCER F BAIRD

PRUSSIA BLAMES DENMARK

COPENHAGEN, April 9 —It is feared the fact that the socialist congress was held here will add to the difficulties already existing between Prussia and Denmark. The Prussian government blames the Danish ministry for their want of vigor in suppressing the gathering.

THE EAST SIDE.

HE [illegible]

A well known east side real estate dealer recently repaired to Walla Walla at request of the owner of [illegible] in East Portland who [illegible] understood [illegible] and there [illegible] the [illegible] possible [illegible] the property and rate [illegible] there was a chance to realize handsomely on the transaction. Arriving at his destination [illegible] from whom [illegible] could [illegible] not [illegible] desire. After propounding the inquiry as to the whereabouts of the party he desired [illegible] the agent [illegible] or in his relation [illegible] Hebrew evidently [illegible] serve him [illegible] the [illegible] agent to [illegible] went [illegible] breakfast [illegible] company him [illegible] return. After [illegible] turned in a seeming great hurry as though having been unavoidably detained which he stated to be the fact [illegible] selling him how he [illegible] should [illegible] agent [illegible] usual length of time [illegible] regularity by his friends taking [illegible] himself presentable [illegible] was a lady. Finally he [illegible] himself [illegible] Arriving in view of the desired [illegible] obliging guide directed the agent [illegible] him. He called [illegible] and with great expectations of soon obtaining [illegible] object of his expedition he evidently [illegible] the subject and [illegible] his proposition [illegible] his chagrin when the owner of the lots after [illegible] in [illegible] great astonishment stated that they had been sold but a few minutes previously by telegraph to Mr Barman of East Portland. The [illegible] this a friend a great interest and unavoidable detention flashed upon him instantly and he [illegible] despairingly evidently impressed with the conviction that his knowledge of real estate business was not so profound as it might be.

THE BASE LINE ROAD

At the adjourned meeting of citizens on Saturday the committee on subscription reported progress. They had obtained signatures and promises for several thousand dollars but asked for two week further time [illegible] to the subscription paper [illegible] being put in their hands till a late day. The time was granted and Mr C W Gay of Mount Tabor was added to the committee. Mr Rumsey road supervisor stated that the funds under his control would be sufficient to grade the road. The meeting adjourned to reassemble Saturday April [illegible] at 2 P M.

[illegible]

The building of the stone foundation for the business brick on the corner of Fourth and J streets was commenced yesterday.

Francis K Jones of Clarke county W T, and Matilda F Carder of Multnomah were married by Justice Bullock Saturday evening.

A horse attached to an express wagon containing two boys named Powell and Slaggers ran away Sunday afternoon from the Home hotel on Fourth street to the Pioneer restaurant on L street, where it stopped and dumped the boys out on the sidewalk without injuring them severely. There appeared to be no cause for the freak except a possible favoritism of the horse for a rival house.

NEWS OF THE NORTHWEST

Southern Oregon

Hay is worth $10 per ton at Jacksonville

The railroad company is erecting a fine station house at West Fork.

Wild geese were numerous on Bear creek and Rogue river last week.

A much larger area of grain has been sown in Josephine county this season than usual.

The Ashland meat market has been closed for several days past owing to the scarcity of beef cattle.

There has been some frost in this section but little damage has resulted. Fruit never promised better.

Dates Willard son of Thomas Willard of Beaver slough accidently shot and killed himself while drawing a load from a shotgun.

C Magruder of Central Point has purchased quite a number of cattle recently which will soon be driven east of the mountains where he has a good sized band already.

John Miller of Jacksonville has sold the well known Chappel place on Applegate to W H Bostwick of that Rose Cal for the neat sum of $8000. It is one of the best farms in southern Oregon.

One of the employees at the Grave Creek tunnel met with a severe and nearly fatal accident on Monday of last week. The facing of the tunnel caved in upon the workmen and buried this man [illegible] He was terribly bruised and mangled.

The following is the business of the Roseburg land office for March: 6046 acres sold for cash 19 homestead entries embracing 960 acres [illegible] tion filings [illegible] mineral entries 1 warrant location and 4 timber entries embracing 733 acres.

Plaindealer The great number of Chinamen who have been employed on the railroad would soon be all gone were it not for the new recruits daily arriving. It is presumed that the spirits of a very great number have gone to their celestial future, when it is known that near one camp no less than 24 graves may be counted. If this showing is repeated at every camp the mortality must be great.

Coast Mail The coal now being extracted from the new openings at the Newport mine is of a quality better than any hitherto taken from the mine and is in all respects fully equal if not superior to the Seattle coal. The force of miners has dwindled down to about 20, the bunker is full and at present little work is being done in the mine, but there is plenty of work on the new road for all the old employes who prefer it.

Washington Territory

A six foot vein of coal has been discovered just north of Cathlamet.

Miss Zoe Wade and a Mr Harrison left the steamer General Miles in Gray's harbor for St John's river in a small boat. Mistaking their way the boat was headed toward the bar and must have been carried away had not Captain Whitcomb overtaken them with the steamer.

THE BOZEMAN AND MULLAN TUNNELS.

Work in the Former Interrupted by a Slide—Progress of 54 feet in one Week

The progress of the Bozeman and Mullan tunnels is notwithstanding their great distance a subject of interest to the people of this region as through them we are to find the long wished for connection with the east. From a letter written by a gentleman connected with the work in the Bozeman tunnel THE OREGONIAN is permitted to make the following extract:

We were in hopes of getting through here by the 1st of November next but a cave from the top at the west end of the Bozeman tunnel occurred on the 18th of March, which delayed the progress of the work at that end for we had to go very carefully about it in order to secure the ground which we have accomplished after a months delay and now in a few days we will go ahead again. We are doing big work on the east end of the tunnel. Last week we made 54 feet, the biggest work ever known in tunneling. We expect to accomplish more yet.

At Mullan tunnel they made 31½ feet in one week in August last which was the greatest number of feet known then. They made a great blow over the feat and dared us to beat it. So we got mad and did. Now they don't blow any more. We have now completed 1,300 feet of tunnel here. We have everything in good working order and unless something unforeseen [illegible] us we intend to make good headway this year.

On the 21st ult a banquet was given by the citizens of Bozeman in honor of the entrance of the North Pacific railroad into that town. There were many guests invited and champagne flowed freely.

We have had one of the finest winters here ever known. Although there were a few cold days last January when the thermometer went down 44 below zero, yet since the 6th of February the grass [illegible] weather has been very pleasant indeed and the frost is now nearly out of the ground.

INCOMING PASSENGERS

The Columbia sailed from San Francisco yesterday with the following passengers:

E L G Steele
R Klampe
Wm George
J Y Westfall
John Sherman
R Westwater
H McElroy
J M Loitz
Hon Joseph W Trutch
G Woodworth wf & child
Mrs C A Morris & fam
A W Babbidge
R M Davis
Mrs L Lavis
Margaret Smith & sister
L S Mayer
C H Stutruck
Mr Lowist
J M Rosenberg
H C Hayes
H Callen
Max Wood
Sol Hirsch wife & son
Jas Ness
M J Greenberg
I Weber & wife
Mrs Stephens & children
Mrs Hagger
H K [illegible]
Mrs L Warren
J Gallup & wife
Val Daswell
Mrs Black
Miss Nelson
A Wood & wife
L F Rodgers & wife
Lizzie Heldeman
Jas Bales & wife
Wm Ogelvie
H Jackerman
M Stout
Geo Howell wf & daughter
G A Ryleah
A H Benson
C J Baylas
B F O Hare
Mrs W D Weeles
G D Willis
John Dugal
Charles Godfrey
B Lewis
Thos O Shea
G K Kreap
H M Gillig
E Wineberg
H E Brooke
R H Hoob
Wm Joy
O W White
D W J Gams
T H Bakewell
Mrs K Morosten and fam
Wm Lewthwaite wf & chd
W M Morris
C C Babbidge
Mrs B R Babbidge
D Smith wife and child
L W Bowlie
S Fouchimong
Dr Provost
T Lang
Geo C Russell
W J Williams
S D Ives
L Kawstadte
Miss Mayer
L Porter
Wm G Torler
F Kendall
Mrs J Green
J W Dr[illegible]
Morks Walzlasky
G W Miller & wife
J W Osborne
Mrs N V dal
Mrs Fell
N Dien and wife
J O Lowrance & wife
D Smith & wife
J M [illegible]ldeman
J Fitzgerald & wife
R Wilcox
A A Keddn[illegible]
W W Brack
C M Long
A H Taylor
A N Dennison
W J Emmerson
B W Dankin
C W Willis
Miss J Willis
J G Lewis
A Morison
D C Nichols
A J M Far and wf
Geo E Lemond

Mind and body alike suffer from the effects of a torpid liver which results in dyspepsia, sick headache, bilious fevers, etc. By a gentle method Dr Wood's Liver Regulator keeps the liver active, cleanses and strengthens the entire system. Druggists.

ALBANY NOTES

FROM THE OREGONIAN'S LOCAL CORRESPONDENT.]

ALBANY April

Wm Stein [illegible] was in the city last week.

[illegible] has [illegible] for [illegible] to-morrow [illegible]

[illegible] are [illegible] to say in this [illegible] of the 10th [illegible]

[illegible] the village [illegible]

J M N[illegible] will this week [illegible] his [illegible] of [illegible] on First street.

[illegible] Miller [illegible]

[illegible] Monday April [illegible] at [illegible] P M

Dr [illegible] walk [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

Capt [illegible] went last week to British Columbia [illegible]

Mrs W B [illegible] will [illegible] is rapidly recovering.

The Albany musical society will give a concert Wednesday evening April [illegible] The best local talent [illegible] city will participate.

[illegible] reports [illegible] fishing was never [illegible] at this season of the year [illegible] Santiam river.

[illegible] a moonlight excursion [illegible] correspondent, they will be given a hearty welcome by their comrades here.

Last Thursday evening a valuable hunting dog belonging to Walter Monteith was shot by some miscreant in the lower part of the city. The dog was a very valuable one and highly prized by the owner.

C G Cherry of the firm of Cherry & Parkes went to Eugene last Wednesday and secured the contract for furnishing the iron work for the brick built [illegible] to be erected at that place during the coming summer.

J R [illegible] & Son send to Oakland Calif [illegible] last [illegible] of [illegible] in the manufacture of their [illegible] Mr Best went to California last summer and instated several agencies for the sale of their [illegible]

At the last meeting of Albany Engine Co No 1 a committee was appointed with instructions to open a stock book for the purpose of raising funds to purchase a steam engine. It is intended by the boys to have their new steamer in time to participate in the coming tournament at Salem.

Last Monday Marshal Burkhart received a telegram from Independence to keep a sharp look out for one E L Grayson. [illegible] was offered for his arrest, also giving his description. The marshal remembered having seen the man in the city the Saturday previous and after a little inquiry learned that he was stopping at the farm of Henry Watson six miles from town where he arrested him. Grayson is wanted first for stealing a suit of clothes from Mr Lawrence of Independence and also is wanted in Kansas to answer the charge of murder and for which crime the above reward is offered.

Last Tuesday a large crowd was attracted to the court house, the occasion being the law suit in which Wm Westfall was to answer the charge of stealing a pocket handkerchief valued at 40 cents from the person of another young man. A large number of witnesses were examined and able counsel prosecuted and defended. After hearing the evidence and arguments of the counsel Justice Skipworth deemed the evidence insufficient to hold the prisoner and ordered him discharged. The justice however gave him and a number of other young men some timely advice in regard to swiping pocket handkerchiefs. Cause a 40-cent handkerchief, effect several hundred dollars expense to the county.

POMONA GRANGE.

Matters Discussed at the Recent Meeting—Various Topics of Interest to Farmers

SALEM April 9

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN

Pomona Grange of Marion county met at the hall of Salem Grange on Apr 1 [illegible] Among other subjects discussed was the question of best breeds of cattle for the farmers use. G G Glen whose subject for the day it was took the position that for general purposes in the Willamette valley the grade short horn was the best cow for the farmer, for grazing for beef [illegible] in Eastern Oregon, the Devon and for rough range [illegible] coast and Cascade mountains the latter or the Scotch polled cattle he thought would prove the best, but as the speaker had no personal knowledge of the Scotch breeds he could only judge of their probable adaptation by their being the product of a climate even more austere than that of those mountain ranges. Mr G conceded that the Jersey was the best rich man's cow where the quality of the cream was the first consideration.

Other speakers indorsed Mr Glen's view as to the grade short horn as [illegible] some of them while conceding that the Channel island cattle were best not [illegible] city [illegible] but any man who kept but one cow for family use in a town or city and that some dairymen near a city might find them profitable for butter and cream dairies as a specialty thought it injury is like to result to the beef producing interests of this country by the fashion setting toward the Jerseys as it is at present.

The question of self culture was the subject of one of the lady members who took the position that the greatest obstacle to self culture by a farmer's wife exists in the fact that education of farmers daughters is not such as to enable them to manage their household affairs after they become wives and mothers so as to leave them time for reading and study for self improvement, that instead of having a preparation in youth for the business of managing a household securing the greatest amount of comfort for the family with the least labor and time the young farmer's wife generally is only a part of the machinery of her husband's farming operations and it also runs generally occupies this position until her family is grown and the children have gone out on their own account by which time the wife and mother has usually lost her interest in most things of this life except the welfare of her children.

This view was contested by one sister who thought she had found a method of washing which left her time for music or reading, which so far as it went only proved that the sister had found an improved method of washing, while the first speaker took the ground that the girl during her school days should be instructed in all the best methods of household management before marriage.

The subject of drainage of soils was discussed. Bro J Voorhies leading on the question who took the ground that with drain tile, at the prices sold by manufacturers in Oregon, is the best and cheapest material to use in constructing drains and that draining now would be profitable on many farms in the Willamette valley if the farmer could get tile at those prices.

Resolutions of respect for the late Mrs Cynthia Ann La Follet, a member of Round Prairie Grange, were adopted and the grange closed to meet with the last mentioned grange on the 1st Saturday in May.

On the 7th the county convention of granges met also in Salem Grange hall and elected J Downing and wife and J Voorhies and wife as representatives to the approaching state grange.

J MINTO

MONTANA

Track laying on the Missoula Division

THIRD CROSSING Mont April 9 — Special.]— Track laying on Missoula division commenced this morning. Carpenters are busy in framing the Howe truss across the river. There is considerable activity in railroad work. The weather is pleasant and the snow is fast disappearing.

HOTEL ARRIVALS

ST CHARLES.

J Wharton Columbia City
W E Lane Carrollton
J Shea Red Bluff
T Dunn do
Dr Waterhouse Monmouth
N J C[illegible]well Gardner
J A [illegible]
D R Morton Dayton
E O Hegren Lone Rock
H A Barber Humboldt
L Wynn Cottage Grove
C H Dunker Independence
J M Osborne Corvallis
J I Fallansby Stayton
C W Miller Hood River
W Campbell [illegible]
H J Monthorn Forest Gr
Moses Price [illegible]
Miss E W[illegible]
Mrs Withman & fy Vancr
O L Erving Oswego
A F Bratt Hongkong
L Longbary Lafayette
R H T[illegible] Middleton
J W Butler Dalles
F F McNealy St Helens
Jas Mackle do
Jas M[illegible] [illegible]
J S M[illegible] Chicago
G Williams Goldendale
S D [illegible] Dalles
Sol Smith Goldendale
J Lutz St Stephens
C L Hobart Dalles
Jack Hicks Hood River
J Clark Corvallis
D H Clark do
F Miller Vancouver
L Rogers McMinnville
W Wallace do
Mrs Weller W W
Mrs I O Weller do
G Muncer Corvallis
J C J[illegible] Scio
F H Ashley do
Chas & wf Jacksonville
D P Hattis Yreka
W Thorpe Yakima City
Mrs McBean & dr Salem
Lee Laughlin N Yamhill
Lee Smith do
Mrs Huren Astoria
L C Stephens Lafayette
P C [illegible] N P R R
H P Statton Farmington
E Joseph Salem
H F Plaster Coburg
J S Plaster do
H F Brock Oak Point
Miss L McAdams do
Miss S E McTry Columbia City
W H Forbell W W
J M Glover Spokane
Miss M Helm Shomonka y
Miss A Helm do
Ira Dodson Warrendale
J Boyd Bialock
H Greasley Forest Grove
J Miller Cathlamet

THE ESMOND

H G Stewart Walla Walla
Mrs W H Moody Dalles
Mrs French do
R M Steel Roseburg
J W [illegible] Spokane
Matt P Watson S F
John Jones Cheney
E H Dowd Mills City
F G Kern Dalles
J R [illegible] Olympia
Capt J H DeGray Astoria
H G Merriam U S A So [illegible]
H Madden Chicago
R Wellmun Oak Point
A J Hous[illegible] & wf [illegible]
Gov Z F Moody and wife Salem
Mrs Munroe Roseburg
Miss C Starr Junction
H Schultz S F
L A Loomis Astoria
Jacob Straley Salem
J W Campbell St Louis
Z A Moody Dalles
Dr H Rane N P R R
H W Williams Spokane
W F Crosser Seattle
J Smouut Cheney
Jas Fulton Fultonville
P A Charlton San S Point
H F Sharpe do
G Howe Montesano
H E Skinner S F
J J Madden Liverpool
E G Adams & fa 8th Inft
F I Winton Astoria
O F Wood & wf Roseburg
I C Wheeler do
F M Futravish do
Miss Lizzie Smith, city
Mr Chas [illegible] wf Jacksonville
W A Howe Yamhill
A H Longley S F
H Stader New York
T J Yankum Eugene
H West Scappoose

An old telegraph pole which has been standing for a long time unused at the corner of Second and Oak streets was pulled up the other day and carried off to be put to use in some other part of the city.

A LONG HAUL

More [illegible] Enterprise in Securing [illegible] Honest Dispatches

[By [illegible] from the East

[illegible]

[illegible] the News

PITTSBURGH April [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible]

They [illegible] the [illegible] the Amalgamated association [illegible] the arrangements has been so thoroughly perfected that to-morrow if the word was given 10,000 puddlers would ask for cards of withdrawal from the Amalgamated association. The meetings have been held in this city and also on Sundays. I will not give the dates for there are some things that must be made public yet. At the last meeting [illegible] puddlers of Pennsylvania, Ohio, West Virginia, Illinois, Kentucky, Missouri and New York were present. We proposed to reorganize the old [illegible] of [illegible] If it had not been for the western strike we would have withdrawn from the Amalgamated [illegible] a month ago. As it is we will wait now till the 1st of June that is unless the finishers insist upon an advance. We want the wages paid this year to be continued but we will not join any movement for an advance that will result in a strike. Therefore at the scale convention to be held in this city on the [illegible] of April if the convention is completed [illegible] faith [illegible] the finishers [illegible] may be expected to withdraw at once.

What will be the effect of this?

It will end the life of the Amalgamated association as a matter of course but [illegible] after the bitterness dies out we will all be better off. I know the association has been a losing game to the puddlers anyhow.

This statement is indignantly denied by the secretary of the Amalgamated association, but it is to his interest to try to suppress anything that would injure the organization much [illegible] which strength is due to this ten years hard work. That the puddlers intend to withdraw however can be relied upon.

[illegible] March [illegible] [illegible] different [illegible] with [illegible] from the [illegible] A puddler [illegible] Amalgamated association [illegible] in [illegible] at the last [illegible] Pennsylvania, Ohio, West Virginia [illegible] and New York. The policy of the leading lights of the Amalgamated association in admitting persons without a trade into the organization and the action of the finishers last summer in withdrawing from the strike, thus sending its failure, are given as the reasons for the contemplated action. No line will be drawn until after the signing of the scale next June unless the finishers insist on an advance at the [illegible] convention to be held in this city April 17 when the puddlers will withdraw from the association and [illegible] the puddlers would not ask for an increase but would not submit to a reduction. Secretary Martin of the Amalgamated association when spoken to on the matter asserted strongly that he did not believe there was any truth in the statement. Assistant Superintendent Griffith of the Springfield (Ill) Iron Company has left the city having engaged 85 non union men to fill the places of the strikers.

ST LOUIS PIONEER PRESS

MARCH 7

PITTSBURGH March [illegible] — A movement is said to be on foot among the puddlers to reorganize the order of the Sons of Vulcan and withdraw from the Amalgamated association. Three thousand puddlers are said to be ready and willing to do this. They will neither ask for an increase nor submit to a reduction.

A meeting was to have been held this afternoon but was not, there being no quorum. The only power they have is to fix a convention when makers will decide upon the action they are to take. No meeting has yet taken place between manufacturers and employes as the situation [illegible] merely that the men asked for an advance in wages with no result as yet.

A Short Haul"—"Enterprise Nearer Home

NORTHWEST NEWS APRIL 9

[Special to The News.]

NEW YORK April 8 —Jay Gould has been interviewed a number of times since his return from Florida where he went to recuperate his health and yesterday he was approached by a representative of the St Louis *Post Dispatch* [illegible] Speaking of Wall street affairs Mr Gould said that from all he had seen and heard of to date *Wall street is the only live spot in the country.* He did not see why it should be blue. The balance of trade he said is in our favor. Railroad earnings are large and constantly increasing and everything points toward prosperity. *I do not want to make any predictions but I believe that the country is in a much better condition than it was a year ago.*

DAILY OREGONIAN MARCH 3

NEW YORK March 30 — Gould's health is much improved by the use of his journey to the south. He said to a reporter: *Wall street is the only live spot in the whole country. I do not care to venture a prophecy but I believe the country is in a much better condition than a year ago.* Money appears to have been very tight since I have been away but that condition cannot last long. Europe has been buying our securities very steadily I think and certainly the balance of trade is largely in our favor. I see evidences of prosperity everywhere.

SALEM NOTES

[FROM THE OREGONIAN'S LOCAL CORRESPONDENT.]

SALEM April 9

The barometer is rising and the weather is simply magnificent.

The Jubilee singers are billed to appear here to-morrow (Tuesday) evening.

The camp fire of Sedgwick Post No 10 G A R to be held to-morrow evening, promises to be a very pleasant affair.

J K Emmett a prominent citizen of Tillamook county is in the city on business connected with the Nestucca wagon road.

George Good formerly editor of the Dallas *Itemizer* is now officiating as salesman in one of the leading dry goods stores in that city.

The remains of the late Frank Maddon have been taken charge of by the Masonic fraternity of this city to await the arrival of relatives and friends from Umatilla county.

Hon Rockey P Earhart 33d degree has just received a very handsome certificate from San Francisco announcing his election as an honorary member of the Masonic Veteran association of the Pacific coast, an honor conferred upon him for distinguished services rendered to Freemasonry. It is of elegant design and embodies a complete record of his Masonic history from his initiation in 18[illegible] to the present time.

A GOOD SUGGESTION

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN

Your East Portland correspondent to-day says that a proposition to widen Fifth street and make an eighty foot avenue is being agitated. His reasons [illegible] [illegible] I would suggest that such avenue might be most appropriately named Hawthorne avenue in memory of the late Dr J C Hawthorne, the friend of the poor and unfortunate and East Portland's most [illegible] citizen.

F H WEST

EAST PORTLAND April 9 1883

METEOROLOGICAL REPORT

Signal service United States army Division of telegrams and reports for the benefit of commerce and agriculture. Report for the last 24 hours. The following observations are taken at the same moment at all the stations named:

PORTLAND April 9 7 6 P M

Place of Observation	Height of Barom	Change last 8 Hours	Ther	Wind Direction	Rainfall inches	State of weath
Portland	29 96	—11	49	S	[illegible]	LRain
Olympia	29 9[illegible]	—12	45	S	[illegible]	Cloudy
Roseburg	30 0[illegible]	—06	60	W	00	Thrup
Red Bluff	30 07	—06	51	S	00	Clear
Sacramento	30 0[illegible]	—04	68	NW	00	Clear

Maximum temperature 5[illegible] Minimum 44 8

River 8 feet 11 inches above low water mark

KALAMAZOO Mich Feb [illegible] 1880

[illegible] J J BARON S K M D

THE COURTS.

U S CIRCUIT COURT—DEAD [illegible]

MONDAY April 9

Report of clerk of money in register presented and ordered to be filed.

Hannah vs Nowadhiemer—Defendant allowed to file amended answer.

Manning vs Harden—Decree entering mandate and dismissing bill and for [illegible]

Ordered that 40 jurors be drawn to appear Tuesday May 8.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET

New York April 9

Northwestern	133¾	Western Union	8[illegible]
North Pacific	51[illegible]	Lake Shore	11[illegible]
Erie	36¾	North Pacific pfd	81[illegible]
Transcontinental	8[illegible]¾	N Y Central	121
Or Imp bonds	90¾	Or Imp stock	80¾

BABY'S PETITION

Life is restless days are fleetin
Children bloom but die in teething
Warning take all friends and mothers
Watch the precious girls and brothers
Read the home life of Victoria
Children nine all had Castoria
No sleepless nights, by baby squalling
Like larks they rise in early morning.

A Rat on the Washington Monument

Are there any fine views in Washington? asked a stranger yesterday.

"One of the finest views in the civilized world is to look down from the top of Washington Monument upon the [illegible] of the [illegible] of magnificent distances, disappointed hopes, boarding houses and hackmen, the majestic proportions of the grand building off to the north west."

"Can I get up there to day?"

"Oh yes, all you have got to do is to wait your chance."

The stranger started for the monument and in a few minutes he reached the spot. He gazed with astonishment for a few moments upon the huge majestic pile of marble and granite towering for 300 feet towards the heavens, then walked inside the structure. Finding a stairway winding up towards the top the stranger proceeded to mount it the course of an hour, more or less [illegible] reached the top. After resting for a few moments he began to look about to see what was to be seen. Looking down the Potomac he could see Mount Vernon, the home of him in whose honor and to whose memory the lofty pile of granite and marble upon which he stood is being erected. In fact looking in whichever direction he might, his eyes failed for want of power to see all that was beneath and around him. Tired and weary of gazing upon the mysteries of nature, he sat down to rest. While sitting and wondering he fell asleep but was soon awakened by something nibbling at his fingers which proved to be nothing more or less than a regular full grown, old fashioned wharf rat. This settled it. He descended, and when he reached his hotel he said he had supposed there was some place where rats could not get until now, but he firmly believes that there are rats in heaven, and that that rat came down from there, because he never could get up that stairway in the world.—Washington Critic.

Climatic Variations.

Dr Croll attributes the great fluctuations of terrestrial climate, as displayed by the former extension of the glaciers on one hand and the existence of coal seams and corals in the now ice bound shore of Greenland on the other, to variations of the earth's orbit and calculates the periods of three of these cycles extending respectively over 170,000, 260,000, and 160,000 years. I am unable either to confirm or refute these calculations, which may or may not be correct, but quite outside or rather within these there have been numerous fluctuations of terrestrial climate hitherto unexplained.

The name "Grönland," which we literally translate "Greenland," is itself a record of this. It was given to that country when colonized by the Scandinavians about one thousand years ago. It was then fairly described by its name, and the remains of human settlements discovered by our arctic explorers in regions now uninhabitable confirm the old Norse sagas which describe these colonies. When Ingolf with his retainers and followers settled in Iceland, A D 874, that island must have enjoyed a very different climate from what it now endures, or it could not have become so popular a colony as to alarm King Harold the Fair haired so greatly as to induce him to check the emigration by imposing a fine of four ounces of silver on all intending emigrants.

The growth of its population until it became in the eleventh and twelfth centuries the focus of European poetic literature when its great poet, Snorro Sturleson, attended the meetings of the "Thingvalla, or Island Parliament," with a splendid retinue of eight hundred armed men," when houses and ships were built with native timber, of which remains are now to be found, all indicate a curious change of climate. I could quote many other evidences of this if space permitted.

Ex-Empress Eugenie Hopeless.

During the short visit of Prince Napoleon to ex-Empress Eugenie at Farnborough more than one enterprising press correspondent tried hard to discover exactly what was going on, and how long the Prince would remain there. But strict orders had been given to the servants, and not only was not one admitted within the house, but no questions of any kind were answered. Nothing can be more quiet and unostentatious than the manner in which Her Majesty lives. She only leaves her apartments to hear mass in her private chapel every morning, and to join in the meals which she takes twice a day with the members of her household. She intends to build a new chapel close to her house, and when it is finished the remains of the late Emperor and of the Prince Imperial will be removed there from Chiselhurst. To several of those who have visited her the ex-Empress has expressed her conviction that the cause of imperialism in France cannot be revived with any hope of success for a long time to come.

A lady was visiting one of her married friends who had recently presented her husband with pledge of affection No. 1. "What are you going to name the baby?" inquired the visitor. "We are going to call her Mary Penelope Thanatopsis Ellen—not going to leave are you?" "Yes I must go home in time for tea. I'll call in again early to-morrow morning and hear the rest of it."

Illinois, it is said, has a greater number of judges than Great Britain.

The wonderful remedy known as Mrs Lydia E Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has given this lady a world wide reputation for doing good. It is like the spring [illegible] constitution. Her Blood Purifier will [illegible] cleanse the channels of the circulation [illegible] of the body than all the sanitary [illegible] of the Board of Health.

South Portland

IS BOOMING!

AND ANY ONE WHO WISHES TO PROFIT BY this boom should call early and save money before [illegible] We have the following property, at very reasonable rates on hand:

Half block five minutes from the city limits	$1,300
1 block, best lock [illegible]	2,000
[illegible] lots [illegible] the cricket ground	1,800
5 lots with two-story house on cricket ground	6,000
[illegible] with the train on the cricket ground	1,750
1 A [illegible] best locality	3500

CURT VON OTTERSTEDT & CO

[illegible] 106 First street Portland.

[illegible], D[illegible] E & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES,

GLASS, BRUSHES, ETC.

42 Front St., Portland.

Send for a New Price List.

Albert Bartsch,

STEINWAY & YAMHILL ST.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

MONDAY April 9

There has been a good shipping movement to-day the bulk of shipments going up the Columbia [illegible] is steadily brisk in most lines. Imports continue very large.

The [illegible] barque [illegible] will load flour and wheat for Queenstown for orders. She was chartered about the middle of February but the [illegible] At the rate would be no [illegible] rates of freight and the charter [illegible] within [illegible] Immediately [illegible] and spot business will be [illegible] business [illegible] but it is [illegible] To-day we are [illegible] by high asking rates. To-day we [illegible] for September and October [illegible] more brisk three freights at San Francisco [illegible] Late reports from [illegible] state that a large number of vessels [illegible] Valparaiso awaiting business but [illegible]

[illegible] thing doing.

Wheat [illegible] of a quiet character foreign market [illegible] as is usual on Monday.

Oats [illegible] somewhat increased offer [illegible] lower pretensions.

[illegible] shipments are [illegible] market. Fifty [illegible] go to a well stocked market [illegible] extreme to-day.

Fruit [illegible] quality wanted. Oranges firmer and higher [illegible] having [illegible] largely reduced. Sales [illegible] to-day at $3 50 per box.

Butter firmly steady. California being in increased supply [illegible] No Oregon in market [illegible] 5 cents is had [illegible] Eggs [illegible] under light receipts and [illegible] to-day.

The [illegible] of California brought 2090 mats rice to Hop Chung & Co in bond.

Receipts of produce past 48 hours include 6 ctls wheat [illegible] bbls flour 482 ctls oats 40,200 lbs bran, [illegible] middlings 750 sks potatoes 137 bales hay, [illegible] 18 bxs butter 4580 doz eggs, 75 bxs [illegible] Also 350 bbls flour from the [illegible] eastern section.

The [illegible] of California brought 846 cs canned goods [illegible] 65 cs pickles, 279 qr raisins, 14 hf [illegible] mackerel [illegible] matches 12 bbls currants, 40 cs [illegible] 48 cs baking powder 20 cs [illegible] oysters, [illegible] honey 21 cs 250 sks coffee 77 sks 2980 mats rice 6 kgs 10 sks 68 bxs 24 hf 173 bbls sugar [illegible] butter 61 sks 65 bls 6 bbls meals 53 kgs [illegible] 4 bbls 100 cs syrup 3 sks 26 cs dried fruit 80 bxs soap 49 cs lye 15 bbls vinegar 80 bxs [illegible] candles 40 bxs soda 60 [illegible] 14 bx crackers 60 sks beans 240 sks ground barley 13 sk seed 3 bbls 5 cs 1 csk hams 3 cs [illegible] 29 bbls oil 20 bxs grapes 1 bx figs, 80 [illegible] 10 doz brooms 11 cs cigars 168 pkgs tobacco 127 cls rope, 16 bxs 265 kgs [illegible] 4 bls wool bag 21 bls unspecified bags. For Astoria she had 13 hf [illegible] bbls sugar, 97 cs canned goods 25 kgs lead 2 sks oats 20 kgs syrup 3 pkgs tea 1 sk coffee 14 cs lard, 18 cs candles, 2 cs honey 2 cs butter 114 sks bran 64 slabs 35 bxs 45 pigs tin, 26 pigs lead.

The Oregon took out 644 hf, 816 qr sks flour 46 dry hides 1 bl furs 360 sheep pelts 1 bl deer skins 9 cs cassimeres, 5 bls flannels 1 bl clothing, 2 bls blankets 97 sks onions 105 bxs apples 95 cds wood, 2000 feet maple lumber $7000 treasure.

Receipts of domestic produce for last calendar week included 1038 ctls wheat, 10 542 bbls flour, 146[illegible] ctls oats 2060 ctls bran 2026 ctls millstuff, 1340 sks potatoes 30 400 doz eggs.

English Grain Review

LONDON April 9 —The *Mark Lane Express* in a review of the British grain trade for the past week, says: The supply was restricted although it exceeded the demand, prices everywhere falling. Foreign wheat was stagnant and prices lower, off coast [illegible] there were 28 arrivals and two [illegible] sales. Flour declined 1s. Foreign flour is depressed, [illegible] Maize is cheaper [illegible] American 6d lower. Barley is in good demand and prices are nominally unchanged, foreign barley slow, sales steady. Oats generally are unaltered, foreign oats are dull throughout. Sales of English wheat during the week, 367 734 qrs at 43s against 343,635 qrs at 46s[illegible] for corresponding period last year.

SAN FRANCISCO MARKETS

San Francisco April 9

Produce receipts—Wheat 2750 centals flour, 16 500 qr s[illegible] oats 300 centals potatoes, 2000 sks, eggs, 13 500 doz.

Weather foggy wind northwest barometer 30 10, bar [illegible] Throughout the interior weather generally clear. Los Angeles cloudy. Rainfall Saturday at Los Angeles, 1 inch. Red Bluff .46.

FREIGHTS

The market is steady and firm. Chartered to Cork, U K, Ir ship Agnes Muir, iron 851 tons, 45s [illegible] direct, 12 5d. Br bk Wyo (wood), 789, 45s 6d Cork, U K, via direct. Am ship St. Marks, 1596 tons, 36s. All short lay days.

Wheat—Fair demand but there are more sellers than buyers. Choice to extra choice shipping, $1 75 @1 77½ extra choice milling $1 80.

Flour—Dull quotably nominally unchanged.

Barley—Feed spot jobbing, $1 30@1 32. Futures quiet with prices against sellers. No 1 feed May $1 16½@1 16¼; buyer the season, $1 16⅜@1 17⅛, seller the year $1 06@1 07¼.

Oats—Very quiet price list ranges from $1 75@2, the latter probably an extreme.

Potatoes—Very little demand prices unchanged.

Onions—Best qualities, sales reported $4 62½@$5, offerings very small.

Grain Bags—Firm at unchanged quotations and quiet.

Salmon—The general features of the market are unchanged. The str City of Sydney for Australia took 600 cases.

Wool—Dull and nominal.

Eggs—Fresh California 24c. Eastern, good, 23½c. Market steady and quiet.

Butter—There was a fair supply on the market today but trade was slow 24c@26c.

CHICAGO MARKETS.

CHICAGO April 9

Wheat—Lower, $1 04¾ May
Pork—Lower $18 13 May
Lard—Lower $11 30 May
Ribs—Lower $9 55 May
Short Ribs—Steady $10

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, April 9

Wheat—Irregular $1 03@1 12
Flour—Dull
Wool—Dull fall 18c@21c fall burry, 12@16c, spring 24c@31c spring burry 16c@20c pulled, 18c @40c.
Hides—Dull 22@22½c.

BEERBOHM'S FOREIGN BREADSTUFF REPORT

LONDON, April 9

Floating cargoes—Quiet
Cargoes on passage for shipment—Quiet
Country markets, English—Generally cheaper
Farmers deliveries of wheat during the week, 55,000 qrs
Cargoes off coast—Dull
Mark Lane—Quiet.

QUOTATIONS GOOD CARGOES AMERICAN WHEAT

Red winter, per 492 lbs off coast—45s, prompt shipment, 45s 6d

Red winter No 2, per 490 lbs, off coast—43s prompt shipment, 44s

California average cargoes per 500 lbs, off coast—44s; just shipped 44s 6d nearly due 44s

California standard No 1, per 500 lbs, just shipped or promptly to be shipped—46s 6d, nearly due, 46s 6d

California standard No. 2 per 500 lbs just shipped or promptly to be shipped—45s 6d, nearly due, 45s 6d

No 2 spring, off coast 43s

LIVERPOOL MARKETS

LIVERPOOL April 9

Spot market—Steady
Fair average red winter per ctl—8s 11d
California No 1 standard per ctl—9s 3d
No 2 red American spring per ctl—8s 1d
Weather—England and continent fine

PARIS MARKETS

PARIS, April 9

Spot market—Quiet

INCIDENTAL REMARKS

To-day, a nearest sale value in Liverpool of Oregon wheat prompt shipment to U K per iron vessel per quarter of 500 lbs C I F 47s 6d

MONEY MARKETS

San Francisco April 9 —Sterling exchange on London banks 60 days, $4 83 documentary, $4 82.

Transfers—5

Bank of England rate of interest 3 per cent.

New York April 9 —Silver bullion 1 000 fine, per fine ounce 110¼, sterling exchange prime banks, long $4 83@4 83½ short $4 86½@4 86

Good commercial from 1 to ½c lower, documentary 2 to 1½c lower

U S Bonds—3s 103 3½s, 102¾ 4½s, 113¼ 4s, 119¾

LONDON April 9 —Consols 102 7 16 money, 102 11 16 account

Silver bullion 935 fine per fine ounce 50⅞

LONDON April 9 —Consols 102 7-8 money, 102 11-16 account

Silver bullion English standard, 935 fine per fine ounce 50

U S Bonds—3½s 106¾, 4½s 117 4s 123

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

SHIPPING NOTES

The steamship Umatilla will sail from San Francisco Wednesday for this city with general freight.

The Oregon sailed at 4 05 A M with 441 tons of freight.

The North Bend sailed from San Francisco last Thursday for this port with freight.

The str Geo S Homer is now 72 days out from New York and should be along soon.

The Saranac will soon begin to take in flour and wheat.

The Highland light at Astoria has dropped down to Kinney's dock. Her captain is now in this city.

The Columbia sailed from San Francisco at 10:30 A M with freight and passengers.

To-day the Oregon made the run down to Astoria in 6 hours 55 minutes and the Wide West in 5 hours 50 minutes.

The Young America is now advertised to leave San Francisco for New York the 30th inst but she will doubtless get away sooner.

The Eureka sailed from San Francisco to-day for Astoria Portland and Alaskan ports.

The *Nautical Gazette* says the Oregon Southern Railway and Transportation company of Coos bay is about contracting with Goss & Sawyer for two 1300-ton steamers, the machinery to be built at the Goss Marine Iron works at Bath.

The Queen [illegible] at 11:30 A M

The Garnet [illegible]

The Br bk [illegible] arrived at Qu[illegible]

SAN FRANCISCO [illegible] the Pacific [illegible] April 9—[illegible] belina, Honolulu [illegible] Cleared—[illegible] Germania C[illegible] Sailed—[illegible] Astoria str [illegible] Gamble bk [illegible] Griffith Seal[illegible] Four Towns [illegible] and str Empire [illegible] UTSALADY [illegible]

LIVERPOOL [illegible] FALMOUTH, [illegible] Ministere [illegible] QUEENSTOWN [illegible] Lehmkuhl, [illegible] Spohen—L[illegible] F tor Cork

ASTORIA [illegible] 1 P M —Cl[illegible] Oregon str [illegible] P M Wide West [illegible] Tug Pioneer [illegible] ing [illegible] Ship High[illegible] ASTORIA [illegible] chored at F[illegible] island The Moun[illegible] Weather [illegible]

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE

Arrivals at Astoria [illegible]

Albert Bartsch.

Fare Five Cents Each Way